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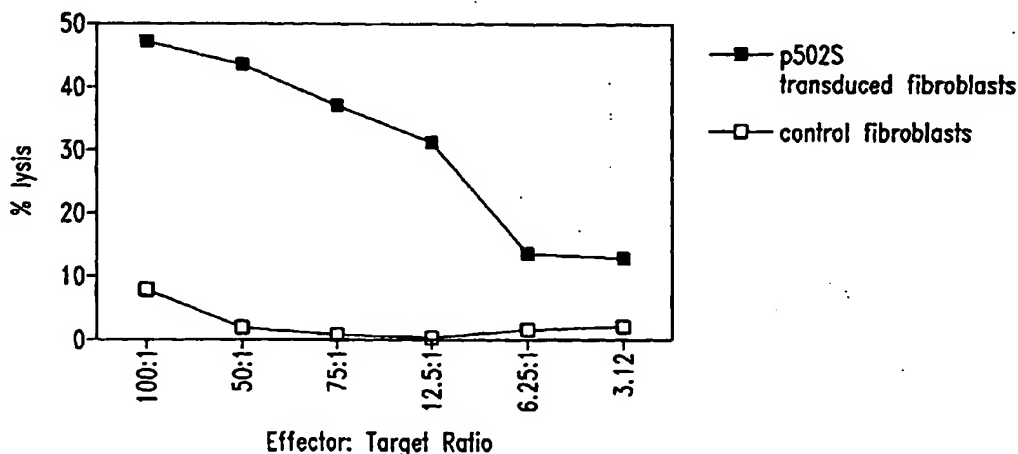
(43) International Publication Date
12 April 2001 (12.04.2001)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number
WO 01/25272 A2

- (51) International Patent Classification⁷: **C07K 14/00**
- (21) International Application Number: **PCT/US00/27464**
- (22) International Filing Date: **4 October 2000 (04.10.2000)**
- (25) Filing Language: **English**
- (26) Publication Language: **English**
- (30) Priority Data:
60/157,455 **4 October 1999 (04.10.1999)** **US**
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- (81) Designated States (*national*): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.
- (84) Designated States (*regional*): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).
- Published:**
— *Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report.*
- For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.*

(54) Title: **COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER**



(57) Abstract: Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer, are disclosed. Compositions may comprise one or more prostate tumor proteins, immunogenic portions thereof, or polynucleotides that encode such portions. Alternatively, a therapeutic composition may comprise an antigen presenting cell that expresses a prostate tumor protein, or a T cell that is specific for cells expressing such a protein. Such compositions may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of diseases such as prostate cancer. Diagnostic methods based on detecting a prostate tumor protein, or mRNA encoding such a protein, in a sample are also provided.

COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates generally to therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The invention is more specifically related to polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein, and to polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides. Such polypeptides and polynucleotides may be used in vaccines and pharmaceutical compositions for prevention and treatment of prostate cancer, and for the diagnosis and monitoring of such cancers.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Prostate cancer is the most common form of cancer among males, with an estimated incidence of 30% in men over the age of 50. Overwhelming clinical evidence shows that human prostate cancer has the propensity to metastasize to bone, and the disease appears to progress inevitably from androgen dependent to androgen refractory status, leading to increased patient mortality. This prevalent disease is currently the second leading cause of cancer death among men in the U.S.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for the disease, prostate cancer remains difficult to treat. Commonly, treatment is based on surgery and/or radiation therapy, but these methods are ineffective in a significant percentage of cases. Two previously identified prostate specific proteins - prostate specific antigen (PSA) and prostatic acid phosphatase (PAP) - have limited therapeutic and diagnostic potential. For example, PSA levels do not always correlate well with the presence of prostate cancer, being positive in a percentage of non-prostate cancer cases, including benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH). Furthermore, PSA measurements correlate with prostate volume, and do not indicate the level of metastasis.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for these and other cancers, prostate cancer remains difficult to diagnose and treat effectively. Accordingly, there is a need in the art for improved methods for detecting and treating

such cancers. The present invention fulfills these needs and further provides other related advantages.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Briefly stated, the present invention provides compositions and methods for the diagnosis and therapy of cancer, such as prostate cancer. In one aspect, the present invention provides polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof. Certain portions and other variants are immunogenic, such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished. Within certain embodiments, the polypeptide comprises at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: (a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; (b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and (c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b). In certain specific embodiments, such a polypeptide comprises at least a portion, or variant thereof, of a tumor protein that includes an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380 and 383.

The present invention further provides polynucleotides that encode a polypeptide as described above, or a portion thereof (such as a portion encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein), expression vectors comprising such polynucleotides and host cells transformed or transfected with such expression vectors.

Within other aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within a related aspect of the present invention, vaccines are provided. Such vaccines comprise a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

The present invention further provides pharmaceutical compositions that comprise: (a) an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein; and (b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B cells.

Within related aspects, vaccines are provided that comprise: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a non-specific immune response enhancer.

The present invention further provides, in other aspects, fusion proteins that comprise at least one polypeptide as described above, as well as polynucleotides encoding such fusion proteins.

Within related aspects, pharmaceutical compositions comprising a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier are provided.

Vaccines are further provided, within other aspects, that comprise a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition or vaccine as recited above.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein, wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the protein from the sample.

Within related aspects, methods are provided for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated as described above.

Methods are further provided, within other aspects, for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide as described above; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and/or (iii) an antigen presenting cell that expresses such a polypeptide; under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells. Isolated T cell populations comprising T cells prepared as described above are also provided.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population as described above.

The present invention further provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and (iii) an antigen-presenting cell that expressed such a polypeptide; and (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient. Proliferated cells may, but need not, be cloned prior to administration to the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the amount of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within preferred embodiments, the binding agent is an antibody, more preferably a monoclonal antibody. The cancer may be prostate cancer.

The present invention also provides, within other aspects, methods for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient. Such methods comprise the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample a level of a polynucleotide, preferably mRNA, that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and (c) comparing the level of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within certain embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected via polymerase chain reaction using, for example, at least one oligonucleotide primer that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide. Within other embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected using a hybridization technique, employing an oligonucleotide probe that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide.

In related aspects, methods are provided for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) with the amount

detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides antibodies, such as monoclonal antibodies, that bind to a polypeptide as described above, as well as diagnostic kits comprising such antibodies. Diagnostic kits comprising one or more oligonucleotide probes or primers as described above are also provided.

These and other aspects of the present invention will become apparent upon reference to the following detailed description and attached drawings. All references disclosed herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety as if each was incorporated individually.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS AND SEQUENCE IDENTIFIERS

Figure 1 illustrates the ability of T cells to kill fibroblasts expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P502S, as compared to control fibroblasts. The percentage lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated.

Figures 2A and 2B illustrate the ability of T cells to recognize cells expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P502S. In each case, the number of γ -interferon spots is shown for different numbers of responders. In Figure 2A, data is presented for fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide, as compared to fibroblasts pulsed with a control E75 peptide. In Figure 2B, data is presented for fibroblasts expressing P502S, as compared to fibroblasts expressing HER-2/*neu*.

Figure 3 represents a peptide competition binding assay showing that the P1S#10 peptide, derived from P501S, binds HLA-A2. Peptide P1S#10 inhibits HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58 peptide to CTL clone D150M58 in TNF release bioassay. D150M58 CTL is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58.

Figure 4 illustrates the ability of T cell lines generated from P1S#10 immunized mice to specifically lyse P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets, as compared to EGFP-transduced Jurkat A2Kb. The percent lysis is shown as a series of effector to target ratios, as indicated.

Figure 5 illustrates the ability of a T cell clone to recognize and specifically lyse Jurkat A2Kb cells expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P501S, thereby demonstrating that the P1S#10 peptide may be a naturally processed epitope of the P501S polypeptide.

Figures 6A and 6B are graphs illustrating the specificity of a CD8⁺ cell line (3A-1) for a representative prostate tumor antigen (P501S). Figure 6A shows the results of a ⁵¹Cr release assay. The percent specific lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated. Figure 6B shows the production of interferon-gamma by 3A-1 cells stimulated with autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S, at varying effector:target ratios as indicated.

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SEQ ID NO: 7 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-4
SEQ ID NO: 8 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-17
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SEQ ID NO: 108 is the predicted amino acid sequence for F1-12
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SEQ ID NO: 250 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN76
SEQ ID NO: 251 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN84
SEQ ID NO: 252 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN85
SEQ ID NO: 253 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN86
SEQ ID NO: 254 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN87
SEQ ID NO: 255 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN88
SEQ ID NO: 256 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F1
SEQ ID NO: 257 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F2
SEQ ID NO: 258 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C2

SEQ ID NO: 259 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B1
SEQ ID NO: 260 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B2
SEQ ID NO: 261 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D3
SEQ ID NO: 262 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A4
SEQ ID NO: 263 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F5
SEQ ID NO: 264 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E6
SEQ ID NO: 265 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D6
SEQ ID NO: 266 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B5
SEQ ID NO: 267 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A6
SEQ ID NO: 268 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E8
SEQ ID NO: 269 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D7
SEQ ID NO: 270 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D9
SEQ ID NO: 271 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C10
SEQ ID NO: 272 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A9
SEQ ID NO: 273 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F12
SEQ ID NO: 274 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E12
SEQ ID NO: 275 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D11
SEQ ID NO: 276 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C11
SEQ ID NO: 277 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C12
SEQ ID NO: 278 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B12
SEQ ID NO: 279 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A12
SEQ ID NO: 280 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G2
SEQ ID NO: 281 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H1
SEQ ID NO: 282 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H2
SEQ ID NO: 283 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A3
SEQ ID NO: 284 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A4
SEQ ID NO: 285 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C3
SEQ ID NO: 286 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G4
SEQ ID NO: 287 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B6
SEQ ID NO: 288 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D6

SEQ ID NO: 289 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F5
SEQ ID NO: 290 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A8
SEQ ID NO: 291 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C7
SEQ ID NO: 292 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D7
SEQ ID NO: 293 is the determined cDNA sequence for P8D8
SEQ ID NO: 294 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E7
SEQ ID NO: 295 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F8
SEQ ID NO: 296 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G8
SEQ ID NO: 297 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B10
SEQ ID NO: 298 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C10
SEQ ID NO: 299 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E9
SEQ ID NO: 300 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E10
SEQ ID NO: 301 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F9
SEQ ID NO: 302 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H9
SEQ ID NO: 303 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C12
SEQ ID NO: 304 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E11
SEQ ID NO: 305 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E12
SEQ ID NO: 306 is the amino acid sequence for the peptide PS2#12
SEQ ID NO: 307 is the determined cDNA sequence for P711P
SEQ ID NO: 308 is the determined cDNA sequence for P712P
SEQ ID NO: 309 is the determined cDNA sequence for CLONE23
SEQ ID NO: 310 is the determined cDNA sequence for P774P
SEQ ID NO: 311 is the determined cDNA sequence for P775P
SEQ ID NO: 312 is the determined cDNA sequence for P715P
SEQ ID NO: 313 is the determined cDNA sequence for P710P
SEQ ID NO: 314 is the determined cDNA sequence for P767P
SEQ ID NO: 315 is the determined cDNA sequence for P768P
SEQ ID NO: 316-325 are the determined cDNA sequences of previously isolated genes
SEQ ID NO: 326 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PDE5
SEQ ID NO: 327 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PDE5

SEQ ID NO: 328 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P6.26

SEQ ID NO: 329 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703P6.26

SEQ ID NO: 330 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PX-23

SEQ ID NO: 331 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PX-23

SEQ ID NO: 332 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for P509S

SEQ ID NO: 333 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for P707P (also referred to as 11-C9)

SEQ ID NO: 334 is the determined cDNA sequence for P714P

SEQ ID NO: 335 is the determined cDNA sequence for P705P (also referred to as 9-F3)

SEQ ID NO: 336 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P705P

SEQ ID NO: 337 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide P1S#10

SEQ ID NO: 338 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide p5

SEQ ID NO: 339 is the predicted amino acid sequence of P509S

SEQ ID NO: 340 is the determined cDNA sequence for P778P

SEQ ID NO: 341 is the determined cDNA sequence for P786P

SEQ ID NO: 342 is the determined cDNA sequence for P789P

SEQ ID NO: 343 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens MM46 mRNA

SEQ ID NO: 344 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens TNF-alpha stimulated ABC protein (ABC50) mRNA

SEQ ID NO: 345 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens mRNA for E-cadherin

SEQ ID NO: 346 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Human nuclear-encoded mitochondrial serine hydroxymethyltransferase (SHMT)

SEQ ID NO: 347 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens natural resistance-associated macrophage protein2 (NRAMP2)

SEQ ID NO: 348 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens phosphoglucomutase-related protein (PGMRP)

SEQ ID NO: 349 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Human mRNA for proteosome subunit p40

SEQ ID NO: 350 is the determined cDNA sequence for P777P

SEQ ID NO: 351 is the determined cDNA sequence for P779P

SEQ ID NO: 352 is the determined cDNA sequence for P790P

SEQ ID NO: 353 is the determined cDNA sequence for P784P

SEQ ID NO: 354 is the determined cDNA sequence for P776P

SEQ ID NO: 355 is the determined cDNA sequence for P780P

SEQ ID NO: 356 is the determined cDNA sequence for P544S

SEQ ID NO: 357 is the determined cDNA sequence for P745S

SEQ ID NO: 358 is the determined cDNA sequence for P782P

SEQ ID NO: 359 is the determined cDNA sequence for P783P

SEQ ID NO: 360 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17984

SEQ ID NO: 361 is the determined cDNA sequence for P787P

SEQ ID NO: 362 is the determined cDNA sequence for P788P

SEQ ID NO: 363 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17994

SEQ ID NO: 364 is the determined cDNA sequence for P781P

SEQ ID NO: 365 is the determined cDNA sequence for P785P

SEQ ID NO: 366-375 are the determined cDNA sequences for splice variants of B305D.

SEQ ID NO: 376 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 366.

SEQ ID NO: 377 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 372.

SEQ ID NO: 378 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 373.

SEQ ID NO: 379 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 374.

SEQ ID NO: 380 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 375.

SEQ ID NO: 381 is the determined cDNA sequence for B716P.
SEQ ID NO: 382 is the determined full-length cDNA sequence for P711P.
SEQ ID NO: 383 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P711P.
SEQ ID NO: 384 is the cDNA sequence for P1000C.
SEQ ID NO: 385 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-82.
SEQ ID NO:386 is the cDNA sequence for 23320.
SEQ ID NO:387 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-69.
SEQ ID NO:388 is the cDNA sequence for L-iditol-2-dehydrogenase.
SEQ ID NO:389 is the cDNA sequence for 23379.
SEQ ID NO:390 is the cDNA sequence for 23381.
SEQ ID NO:391 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0122.
SEQ ID NO:392 is the cDNA sequence for 23399.
SEQ ID NO:393 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.
SEQ ID NO:394 is the cDNA sequence for HCLBP.
SEQ ID NO:395 is the cDNA sequence for transglutaminase.
SEQ ID NO:396 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.
SEQ ID NO:397 is the cDNA sequence for PAP.
SEQ ID NO:398 is the cDNA sequence for Ets transcription factor PDEF.
SEQ ID NO:399 is the cDNA sequence for hTGR.
SEQ ID NO:400 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0295.
SEQ ID NO:401 is the cDNA sequence for 22545.
SEQ ID NO:402 is the cDNA sequence for 22547.
SEQ ID NO:403 is the cDNA sequence for 22548.
SEQ ID NO:404 is the cDNA sequence for 22550.
SEQ ID NO:405 is the cDNA sequence for 22551.
SEQ ID NO:406 is the cDNA sequence for 22552.
SEQ ID NO:407 is the cDNA sequence for 22553.
SEQ ID NO:408 is the cDNA sequence for 22558.
SEQ ID NO:409 is the cDNA sequence for 22562.
SEQ ID NO:410 is the cDNA sequence for 22565.

SEQ ID NO:411 is the cDNA sequence for 22567.
SEQ ID NO:412 is the cDNA sequence for 22568.
SEQ ID NO:413 is the cDNA sequence for 22570.
SEQ ID NO:414 is the cDNA sequence for 22571.
SEQ ID NO:415 is the cDNA sequence for 22572.
SEQ ID NO:416 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.
SEQ ID NO:417 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.
SEQ ID NO:418 is the cDNA sequence for 22575.
SEQ ID NO:419 is the cDNA sequence for 22580.
SEQ ID NO:420 is the cDNA sequence for 22581.
SEQ ID NO:421 is the cDNA sequence for 22582.
SEQ ID NO:422 is the cDNA sequence for 22583.
SEQ ID NO:423 is the cDNA sequence for 22584.
SEQ ID NO:424 is the cDNA sequence for 22585.
SEQ ID NO:425 is the cDNA sequence for 22586.
SEQ ID NO:426 is the cDNA sequence for 22587.
SEQ ID NO:427 is the cDNA sequence for 22588.
SEQ ID NO:428 is the cDNA sequence for 22589.
SEQ ID NO:429 is the cDNA sequence for 22590.
SEQ ID NO:430 is the cDNA sequence for 22591.
SEQ ID NO:431 is the cDNA sequence for 22592.
SEQ ID NO:432 is the cDNA sequence for 22593.
SEQ ID NO:433 is the cDNA sequence for 22594.
SEQ ID NO:434 is the cDNA sequence for 22595.
SEQ ID NO:435 is the cDNA sequence for 22596.
SEQ ID NO:436 is the cDNA sequence for 22847.
SEQ ID NO:437 is the cDNA sequence for 22848.
SEQ ID NO:438 is the cDNA sequence for 22849.
SEQ ID NO:439 is the cDNA sequence for 22851.
SEQ ID NO:440 is the cDNA sequence for 22852.

SEQ ID NO:441 is the cDNA sequence for 22853.
SEQ ID NO:442 is the cDNA sequence for 22854.
SEQ ID NO:443 is the cDNA sequence for 22855.
SEQ ID NO:444 is the cDNA sequence for 22856.
SEQ ID NO:445 is the cDNA sequence for 22857.
SEQ ID NO:446 is the cDNA sequence for 23601.
SEQ ID NO:447 is the cDNA sequence for 23602.
SEQ ID NO:448 is the cDNA sequence for 23605.
SEQ ID NO:449 is the cDNA sequence for 23606.
SEQ ID NO:450 is the cDNA sequence for 23612.
SEQ ID NO:451 is the cDNA sequence for 23614.
SEQ ID NO:452 is the cDNA sequence for 23618.
SEQ ID NO:453 is the cDNA sequence for 23622.
SEQ ID NO:454 is the cDNA sequence for folate hydrolase.
SEQ ID NO:455 is the cDNA sequence for LIM protein.
SEQ ID NO:456 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.
SEQ ID NO:457 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.
SEQ ID NO:458 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.
SEQ ID NO:459 is the cDNA sequence for 23045.
SEQ ID NO:460 is the cDNA sequence for 23032.
SEQ ID NO:461 is the cDNA sequence for 23054.
SEQ ID NOS:462-467 are cDNA sequences for known genes.
SEQ ID NOS:468-471 are cDNA sequences for P710P.
SEQ ID NO:472 is a cDNA sequence for P1001C.
SEQ ID NO:473 is the amino acid sequence for PSMA.
SEQ ID NO:474 is the amino acid sequence for PAP.
SEQ ID NO:475 is the amino acid sequence for PSA.
SEQ ID NO:476 is the amino acid sequence for a fusion protein containing PSA, P703P and P501S.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

As noted above, the present invention is generally directed to compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The compositions described herein may include prostate tumor polypeptides, polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides, binding agents such as antibodies, antigen presenting cells (APCs) and/or immune system cells (*e.g.*, T cells). Polypeptides of the present invention generally comprise at least a portion (such as an immunogenic portion) of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof. A "prostate tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed in prostate tumor cells at a level that is at least two fold, and preferably at least five fold, greater than the level of expression in a normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein. Certain prostate tumor proteins are tumor proteins that react detectably (within an immunoassay, such as an ELISA or Western blot) with antisera of a patient afflicted with prostate cancer. Polynucleotides of the subject invention generally comprise a DNA or RNA sequence that encodes all or a portion of such a polypeptide, or that is complementary to such a sequence. Antibodies are generally immune system proteins, or antigen-binding fragments thereof, that are capable of binding to a polypeptide as described above. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B-cells that express a polypeptide as described above. T cells that may be employed within such compositions are generally T cells that are specific for a polypeptide as described above.

The present invention is based on the discovery of human prostate tumor proteins. Sequences of polynucleotides encoding certain tumor proteins, or portions thereof, are provided in SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472. Sequences of polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a tumor protein are provided in SEQ ID NOs:112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380 and 383.

PROSTATE TUMOR PROTEIN POLYNUCLEOTIDES

Any polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein or a portion or other variant thereof as described herein is encompassed by the present invention. Preferred polynucleotides comprise at least 15 consecutive nucleotides, preferably at least 30 consecutive nucleotides and more preferably at least 45 consecutive nucleotides, that encode a portion of a prostate tumor protein. More preferably, a polynucleotide encodes an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein. Polynucleotides complementary to any such sequences are also encompassed by the present invention. Polynucleotides may be single-stranded (coding or antisense) or double-stranded, and may be DNA (genomic, cDNA or synthetic) or RNA molecules. RNA molecules include HnRNA molecules, which contain introns and correspond to a DNA molecule in a one-to-one manner, and mRNA molecules, which do not contain introns. Additional coding or non-coding sequences may, but need not, be present within a polynucleotide of the present invention, and a polynucleotide may, but need not, be linked to other molecules and/or support materials.

Polynucleotides may comprise a native sequence (*i.e.*, an endogenous sequence that encodes a prostate tumor protein or a portion thereof) or may comprise a variant of such a sequence. Polynucleotide variants may contain one or more substitutions, additions, deletions and/or insertions such that the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide is not diminished, relative to a native tumor protein. The effect on the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide may generally be assessed as described herein. Variants preferably exhibit at least about 70% identity, more preferably at least about 80% identity and most preferably at least about 90% identity to a polynucleotide sequence that encodes a native prostate tumor protein or a portion thereof.

Two polynucleotide or polypeptide sequences are said to be "identical" if the sequence of nucleotides or amino acids in the two sequences is the same when aligned for maximum correspondence as described below. Comparisons between two sequences are typically performed by comparing the sequences over a comparison window to identify and compare local regions of sequence similarity. A "comparison window" as used herein, refers to a segment of at least about 20 contiguous positions,

usually 30 to about 75, 40 to about 50, in which a sequence may be compared to a reference sequence of the same number of contiguous positions after the two sequences are optimally aligned.

Optimal alignment of sequences for comparison may be conducted using the Megalign program in the Lasergene suite of bioinformatics software (DNASTAR, Inc., Madison, WI), using default parameters. This program embodies several alignment schemes described in the following references: Dayhoff, M.O. (1978) A model of evolutionary change in proteins – Matrices for detecting distant relationships. In Dayhoff, M.O. (ed.) *Atlas of Protein Sequence and Structure*, National Biomedical Research Foundation, Washington DC Vol. 5, Suppl. 3, pp. 345-358; Hein J. (1990) Unified Approach to Alignment and Phylogenies pp. 626-645 *Methods in Enzymology* vol. 183, Academic Press, Inc., San Diego, CA; Higgins, D.G. and Sharp, P.M. (1989) *CABIOS* 5:151-153; Myers, E.W. and Muller W. (1988) *CABIOS* 4:11-17; Robinson, E.D. (1971) *Comb. Theor* 11:105; Santou, N. Nes, M. (1987) *Mol. Biol. Evol.* 4:406-425; Sneath, P.H.A. and Sokal, R.R. (1973) *Numerical Taxonomy – the Principles and Practice of Numerical Taxonomy*, Freeman Press, San Francisco, CA; Wilbur, W.J. and Lipman, D.J. (1983) *Proc. Natl. Acad., Sci. USA* 80:726-730.

Preferably, the “percentage of sequence identity” is determined by comparing two optimally aligned sequences over a window of comparison of at least 20 positions, wherein the portion of the polynucleotide or polypeptide sequence in the comparison window may comprise additions or deletions (*i.e.*, gaps) of 20 percent or less, usually 5 to 15 percent, or 10 to 12 percent, as compared to the reference sequences (which does not comprise additions or deletions) for optimal alignment of the two sequences. The percentage is calculated by determining the number of positions at which the identical nucleic acid bases or amino acid residue occurs in both sequences to yield the number of matched positions, dividing the number of matched positions by the total number of positions in the reference sequence (*i.e.*, the window size) and multiplying the results by 100 to yield the percentage of sequence identity.

Variants may also, or alternatively, be substantially homologous to a native gene, or a portion or complement thereof. Such polynucleotide variants are

capable of hybridizing under moderately stringent conditions to a naturally occurring DNA sequence encoding a native prostate tumor protein (or a complementary sequence). Suitable moderately stringent conditions include prewashing in a solution of 5 X SSC, 0.5% SDS, 1.0 mM EDTA (pH 8.0); hybridizing at 50°C-65°C, 5 X SSC, overnight; followed by washing twice at 65°C for 20 minutes with each of 2X, 0.5X and 0.2X SSC containing 0.1% SDS.

It will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art that, as a result of the degeneracy of the genetic code, there are many nucleotide sequences that encode a polypeptide as described herein. Some of these polynucleotides bear minimal homology to the nucleotide sequence of any native gene. Nonetheless, polynucleotides that vary due to differences in codon usage are specifically contemplated by the present invention. Further, alleles of the genes comprising the polynucleotide sequences provided herein are within the scope of the present invention. Alleles are endogenous genes that are altered as a result of one or more mutations, such as deletions, additions and/or substitutions of nucleotides. The resulting mRNA and protein may, but need not, have an altered structure or function. Alleles may be identified using standard techniques (such as hybridization, amplification and/or database sequence comparison).

Polynucleotides may be prepared using any of a variety of techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be identified, as described in more detail below, by screening a microarray of cDNAs for tumor-associated expression (*i.e.*, expression that is at least five fold greater in a prostate tumor than in normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein). Such screens may be performed using a Synteni microarray (Palo Alto, CA) according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Alternatively, polypeptides may be amplified from cDNA prepared from cells expressing the proteins described herein, such as prostate tumor cells. Such polynucleotides may be amplified via polymerase chain reaction (PCR). For this approach, sequence-specific primers may be designed based on the sequences provided herein, and may be purchased or synthesized.

An amplified portion may be used to isolate a full length gene from a suitable library (e.g., a prostate tumor cDNA library) using well known techniques. Within such techniques, a library (cDNA or genomic) is screened using one or more polynucleotide probes or primers suitable for amplification. Preferably, a library is size-selected to include larger molecules. Random primed libraries may also be preferred for identifying 5' and upstream regions of genes. Genomic libraries are preferred for obtaining introns and extending 5' sequences.

For hybridization techniques, a partial sequence may be labeled (e.g., by nick-translation or end-labeling with ^{32}P) using well known techniques. A bacterial or bacteriophage library is then screened by hybridizing filters containing denatured bacterial colonies (or lawns containing phage plaques) with the labeled probe (see Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989). Hybridizing colonies or plaques are selected and expanded, and the DNA is isolated for further analysis. cDNA clones may be analyzed to determine the amount of additional sequence by, for example, PCR using a primer from the partial sequence and a primer from the vector. Restriction maps and partial sequences may be generated to identify one or more overlapping clones. The complete sequence may then be determined using standard techniques, which may involve generating a series of deletion clones. The resulting overlapping sequences are then assembled into a single contiguous sequence. A full length cDNA molecule can be generated by ligating suitable fragments, using well known techniques.

Alternatively, there are numerous amplification techniques for obtaining a full length coding sequence from a partial cDNA sequence. Within such techniques, amplification is generally performed via PCR. Any of a variety of commercially available kits may be used to perform the amplification step. Primers may be designed using, for example, software well known in the art. Primers are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length, have a GC content of at least 50% and anneal to the target sequence at temperatures of about 68°C to 72°C. The amplified region may be sequenced as described above, and overlapping sequences assembled into a contiguous sequence.

One such amplification technique is inverse PCR (*see* Triglia et al., *Nucl. Acids Res.* 16:8186, 1988), which uses restriction enzymes to generate a fragment in the known region of the gene. The fragment is then circularized by intramolecular ligation and used as a template for PCR with divergent primers derived from the known region. Within an alternative approach, sequences adjacent to a partial sequence may be retrieved by amplification with a primer to a linker sequence and a primer specific to a known region. The amplified sequences are typically subjected to a second round of amplification with the same linker primer and a second primer specific to the known region. A variation on this procedure, which employs two primers that initiate extension in opposite directions from the known sequence, is described in WO 96/38591. Another such technique is known as "rapid amplification of cDNA ends" or RACE. This technique involves the use of an internal primer and an external primer, which hybridizes to a polyA region or vector sequence, to identify sequences that are 5' and 3' of a known sequence. Additional techniques include capture PCR (Lagerstrom et al., *PCR Methods Applic.* 1:111-19, 1991) and walking PCR (Parker et al., *Nucl. Acids Res.* 19:3055-60, 1991). Other methods employing amplification may also be employed to obtain a full length cDNA sequence.

In certain instances, it is possible to obtain a full length cDNA sequence by analysis of sequences provided in an expressed sequence tag (EST) database, such as that available from GenBank. Searches for overlapping ESTs may generally be performed using well known programs (*e.g.*, NCBI BLAST searches), and such ESTs may be used to generate a contiguous full length sequence.

Certain nucleic acid sequences of cDNA molecules encoding at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein are provided in SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472. Isolation of these polynucleotides is described below. Each of these prostate tumor proteins was overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue.

Polynucleotide variants may generally be prepared by any method known in the art, including chemical synthesis by, for example, solid phase phosphoramidite chemical synthesis. Modifications in a polynucleotide sequence may

also be introduced using standard mutagenesis techniques, such as oligonucleotide-directed site-specific mutagenesis (*see* Adelman et al., *DNA* 2:183, 1983). Alternatively, RNA molecules may be generated by *in vitro* or *in vivo* transcription of DNA sequences encoding a prostate tumor protein, or portion thereof, provided that the DNA is incorporated into a vector with a suitable RNA polymerase promoter (such as T7 or SP6). Certain portions may be used to prepare an encoded polypeptide, as described herein. In addition, or alternatively, a portion may be administered to a patient such that the encoded polypeptide is generated *in vivo* (*e.g.*, by transfecting antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic cells, with a cDNA construct encoding a prostate tumor polypeptide, and administering the transfected cells to the patient).

A portion of a sequence complementary to a coding sequence (*i.e.*, an antisense polynucleotide) may also be used as a probe or to modulate gene expression. cDNA constructs that can be transcribed into antisense RNA may also be introduced into cells of tissues to facilitate the production of antisense RNA. An antisense polynucleotide may be used, as described herein, to inhibit expression of a tumor protein. Antisense technology can be used to control gene expression through triple-helix formation, which compromises the ability of the double helix to open sufficiently for the binding of polymerases, transcription factors or regulatory molecules (*see* Gee et al., *In* Huber and Carr, *Molecular and Immunologic Approaches*, Futura Publishing Co. (Mt. Kisco, NY; 1994)). Alternatively, an antisense molecule may be designed to hybridize with a control region of a gene (*e.g.*, promoter, enhancer or transcription initiation site), and block transcription of the gene; or to block translation by inhibiting binding of a transcript to ribosomes.

A portion of a coding sequence, or of a complementary sequence, may also be designed as a probe or primer to detect gene expression. Probes may be labeled with a variety of reporter groups, such as radionuclides and enzymes, and are preferably at least 10 nucleotides in length, more preferably at least 20 nucleotides in length and still more preferably at least 30 nucleotides in length. Primers, as noted above, are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length.

Any polynucleotide may be further modified to increase stability *in vivo*. Possible modifications include, but are not limited to, the addition of flanking sequences at the 5' and/or 3' ends; the use of phosphorothioate or 2' O-methyl rather than phosphodiesterase linkages in the backbone; and/or the inclusion of nontraditional bases such as inosine, queosine and wybutosine, as well as acetyl-, methyl-, thio- and other modified forms of adenine, cytidine, guanine, thymine and uridine.

Nucleotide sequences as described herein may be joined to a variety of other nucleotide sequences using established recombinant DNA techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be cloned into any of a variety of cloning vectors, including plasmids, phagemids, lambda phage derivatives and cosmids. Vectors of particular interest include expression vectors, replication vectors, probe generation vectors and sequencing vectors. In general, a vector will contain an origin of replication functional in at least one organism, convenient restriction endonuclease sites and one or more selectable markers. Other elements will depend upon the desired use, and will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Within certain embodiments, polynucleotides may be formulated so as to permit entry into a cell of a mammal, and expression therein. Such formulations are particularly useful for therapeutic purposes, as described below. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that there are many ways to achieve expression of a polynucleotide in a target cell, and any suitable method may be employed. For example, a polynucleotide may be incorporated into a viral vector such as, but not limited to, adenovirus, adeno-associated virus, retrovirus, or vaccinia or other pox virus (*e.g.*, avian pox virus). Techniques for incorporating DNA into such vectors are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. A retroviral vector may additionally transfer or incorporate a gene for a selectable marker (to aid in the identification or selection of transduced cells) and/or a targeting moiety, such as a gene that encodes a ligand for a receptor on a specific target cell, to render the vector target specific. Targeting may also be accomplished using an antibody, by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Other formulations for therapeutic purposes include colloidal dispersion systems, such as macromolecule complexes, nanocapsules, microspheres, beads, and lipid-based systems including oil-in-water emulsions, micelles, mixed micelles, and liposomes. A preferred colloidal system for use as a delivery vehicle *in vitro* and *in vivo* is a liposome (*i.e.*, an artificial membrane vesicle). The preparation and use of such systems is well known in the art.

PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Within the context of the present invention, polypeptides may comprise at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof, as described herein. As noted above, a "prostate tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed by prostate tumor cells. Proteins that are prostate tumor proteins also react detectably within an immunoassay (such as an ELISA) with antisera from a patient with prostate cancer. Polypeptides as described herein may be of any length. Additional sequences derived from the native protein and/or heterologous sequences may be present, and such sequences may (but need not) possess further immunogenic or antigenic properties.

An "immunogenic portion," as used herein is a portion of a protein that is recognized (*i.e.*, specifically bound) by a B-cell and/or T-cell surface antigen receptor. Such immunogenic portions generally comprise at least 5 amino acid residues, more preferably at least 10, and still more preferably at least 20 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof. Certain preferred immunogenic portions include peptides in which an N-terminal leader sequence and/or transmembrane domain have been deleted. Other preferred immunogenic portions may contain a small N- and/or C-terminal deletion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids), relative to the mature protein.

Immunogenic portions may generally be identified using well known techniques, such as those summarized in Paul, *Fundamental Immunology*, 3rd ed., 243-247 (Raven Press, 1993) and references cited therein. Such techniques include screening polypeptides for the ability to react with antigen-specific antibodies, antisera

and/or T-cell lines or clones. As used herein, antisera and antibodies are "antigen-specific" if they specifically bind to an antigen (*i.e.*, they react with the protein in an ELISA or other immunoassay, and do not react detectably with unrelated proteins). Such antisera and antibodies may be prepared as described herein, and using well known techniques. An immunogenic portion of a native prostate tumor protein is a portion that reacts with such antisera and/or T-cells at a level that is not substantially less than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide (*e.g.*, in an ELISA and/or T-cell reactivity assay). Such immunogenic portions may react within such assays at a level that is similar to or greater than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide. Such screens may generally be performed using methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as those described in Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. For example, a polypeptide may be immobilized on a solid support and contacted with patient sera to allow binding of antibodies within the sera to the immobilized polypeptide. Unbound sera may then be removed and bound antibodies detected using, for example, ¹²⁵I-labeled Protein A.

As noted above, a composition may comprise a variant of a native prostate tumor protein. A polypeptide "variant," as used herein, is a polypeptide that differs from a native prostate tumor protein in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions, such that the immunogenicity of the polypeptide is not substantially diminished. In other words, the ability of a variant to react with antigen-specific antisera may be enhanced or unchanged, relative to the native protein, or may be diminished by less than 50%, and preferably less than 20%, relative to the native protein. Such variants may generally be identified by modifying one of the above polypeptide sequences and evaluating the reactivity of the modified polypeptide with antigen-specific antibodies or antisera as described herein. Preferred variants include those in which one or more portions, such as an N-terminal leader sequence or transmembrane domain, have been removed. Other preferred variants include variants in which a small portion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids) has been removed from the N- and/or C-terminal of the mature protein. Polypeptide variants preferably exhibit at least about 70%, more preferably at least about 90% and most

preferably at least about 95% identity (determined as described above) to the identified polypeptides.

Preferably, a variant contains conservative substitutions. A "conservative substitution" is one in which an amino acid is substituted for another amino acid that has similar properties, such that one skilled in the art of peptide chemistry would expect the secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide to be substantially unchanged. Amino acid substitutions may generally be made on the basis of similarity in polarity, charge, solubility, hydrophobicity, hydrophilicity and/or the amphipathic nature of the residues. For example, negatively charged amino acids include aspartic acid and glutamic acid; positively charged amino acids include lysine and arginine; and amino acids with uncharged polar head groups having similar hydrophilicity values include leucine, isoleucine and valine; glycine and alanine; asparagine and glutamine; and serine, threonine, phenylalanine and tyrosine. Other groups of amino acids that may represent conservative changes include: (1) ala, pro, gly, glu, asp, gln, asn, ser, thr; (2) cys, ser, tyr, thr; (3) val, ile, leu, met, ala, phe; (4) lys, arg, his; and (5) phe, tyr, trp, his. A variant may also, or alternatively, contain nonconservative changes. In a preferred embodiment, variant polypeptides differ from a native sequence by substitution, deletion or addition of five amino acids or fewer. Variants may also (or alternatively) be modified by, for example, the deletion or addition of amino acids that have minimal influence on the immunogenicity, secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide.

As noted above, polypeptides may comprise a signal (or leader) sequence at the N-terminal end of the protein which co-translationally or post-translationally directs transfer of the protein. The polypeptide may also be conjugated to a linker or other sequence for ease of synthesis, purification or identification of the polypeptide (*e.g.*, poly-His), or to enhance binding of the polypeptide to a solid support. For example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to an immunoglobulin Fc region.

Polypeptides may be prepared using any of a variety of well known techniques. Recombinant polypeptides encoded by DNA sequences as described above may be readily prepared from the DNA sequences using any of a variety of expression

vectors known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Expression may be achieved in any appropriate host cell that has been transformed or transfected with an expression vector containing a DNA molecule that encodes a recombinant polypeptide. Suitable host cells include prokaryotes, yeast and higher eukaryotic cells. Preferably, the host cells employed are *E. coli*, yeast or a mammalian cell line such as COS or CHO. Supernatants from suitable host/vector systems which secrete recombinant protein or polypeptide into culture media may be first concentrated using a commercially available filter. Following concentration, the concentrate may be applied to a suitable purification matrix such as an affinity matrix or an ion exchange resin. Finally, one or more reverse phase HPLC steps can be employed to further purify a recombinant polypeptide.

Portions and other variants having fewer than about 100 amino acids, and generally fewer than about 50 amino acids, may also be generated by synthetic means, using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, such polypeptides may be synthesized using any of the commercially available solid-phase techniques, such as the Merrifield solid-phase synthesis method, where amino acids are sequentially added to a growing amino acid chain. *See Merrifield, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 85:2149-2146, 1963.* Equipment for automated synthesis of polypeptides is commercially available from suppliers such as Perkin Elmer/Applied BioSystems Division (Foster City, CA), and may be operated according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Within certain specific embodiments, a polypeptide may be a fusion protein that comprises multiple polypeptides as described herein, or that comprises at least one polypeptide as described herein and an unrelated sequence, such as a known tumor protein. A fusion partner may, for example, assist in providing T helper epitopes (an immunological fusion partner), preferably T helper epitopes recognized by humans, or may assist in expressing the protein (an expression enhancer) at higher yields than the native recombinant protein. Certain preferred fusion partners are both immunological and expression enhancing fusion partners. Other fusion partners may be selected so as to increase the solubility of the protein or to enable the protein to be

targeted to desired intracellular compartments. Still further fusion partners include affinity tags, which facilitate purification of the protein.

In certain embodiments, the present invention provides fusion proteins comprising a polypeptide disclosed herein together with at least one of the following known prostate antigens: prostate specific antigen (PSA); prostatic acid phosphatase (PAP); and prostate specific membrane antigen (PSMA). The protein sequences for PSMA, PAP and PSA are provided in SEQ ID NO: 473-475, respectively. In certain embodiments, the fusion proteins of the present invention comprise PSA, PAP and/or PSMA in combination with one or more of the following the inventive antigens: P501S (amino acid sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 113); P703P (amino acid sequences provided in SEQ ID NO: 327, 329, 331); P704P (cDNA sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 67); P712P (cDNA sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 308); P775P (cDNA sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 311); P776P (cDNA sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 354); P790P (cDNA sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 352). The amino acid sequence of a fusion protein of PSA, P703P and P501S is provided in SEQ ID NO: 476. In preferred embodiments, the inventive fusion proteins comprise one of the following combinations of antigens: PSA and P703P; PSA and P501S; PAP and P703P; PAP and P501S; PSMA and P703P; PSMA and P501S; PSA, PAP and P703P; PSA, PAP and P501S; PSA, PAP, PSMA and P703P, PSA, PAP, PSMA and P501S. One of skill in the art will appreciate that the order of polypeptides within a fusion protein can be altered without substantially changing the therapeutic, prophylactic or diagnostic properties of the fusion protein.

The fusion proteins described above are more immunogenic and will be effective in a greater number of prostate cancer patients than any of the individual components alone. The use of multiple antigens in the form of a fusion protein also lessens the likelihood of immunologic escape.

Fusion proteins may generally be prepared using standard techniques, including chemical conjugation. Preferably, a fusion protein is expressed as a recombinant protein, allowing the production of increased levels, relative to a non-fused protein, in an expression system. Briefly, DNA sequences encoding the polypeptide

components may be assembled separately, and ligated into an appropriate expression vector. The 3' end of the DNA sequence encoding one polypeptide component is ligated, with or without a peptide linker, to the 5' end of a DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide component so that the reading frames of the sequences are in phase. This permits translation into a single fusion protein that retains the biological activity of both component polypeptides.

A peptide linker sequence may be employed to separate the first and the second polypeptide components by a distance sufficient to ensure that each polypeptide folds into its secondary and tertiary structures. Such a peptide linker sequence is incorporated into the fusion protein using standard techniques well known in the art. Suitable peptide linker sequences may be chosen based on the following factors: (1) their ability to adopt a flexible extended conformation; (2) their inability to adopt a secondary structure that could interact with functional epitopes on the first and second polypeptides; and (3) the lack of hydrophobic or charged residues that might react with the polypeptide functional epitopes. Preferred peptide linker sequences contain Gly, Asn and Ser residues. Other near neutral amino acids, such as Thr and Ala may also be used in the linker sequence. Amino acid sequences which may be usefully employed as linkers include those disclosed in Maratea et al., *Gene* 40:39-46, 1985; Murphy et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 83:8258-8262, 1986; U.S. Patent No. 4,935,233 and U.S. Patent No. 4,751,180. The linker sequence may generally be from 1 to about 50 amino acids in length. Linker sequences are not required when the first and second polypeptides have non-essential N-terminal amino acid regions that can be used to separate the functional domains and prevent steric interference.

The ligated DNA sequences are operably linked to suitable transcriptional or translational regulatory elements. The regulatory elements responsible for expression of DNA are located only 5' to the DNA sequence encoding the first polypeptides. Similarly, stop codons required to end translation and transcription termination signals are only present 3' to the DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide.

Fusion proteins are also provided that comprise a polypeptide of the present invention together with an unrelated immunogenic protein. Preferably the immunogenic protein is capable of eliciting a recall response. Examples of such proteins include tetanus, tuberculosis and hepatitis proteins (*see*, for example, Stoute et al. *New Engl. J. Med.*, 336:86-91, 1997).

Within preferred embodiments, an immunological fusion partner is derived from protein D, a surface protein of the gram-negative bacterium *Haemophilus influenza B* (WO 91/18926). Preferably, a protein D derivative comprises approximately the first third of the protein (*e.g.*, the first N-terminal 100-110 amino acids), and a protein D derivative may be lipidated. Within certain preferred embodiments, the first 109 residues of a Lipoprotein D fusion partner is included on the N-terminus to provide the polypeptide with additional exogenous T-cell epitopes and to increase the expression level in *E. coli* (thus functioning as an expression enhancer). The lipid tail ensures optimal presentation of the antigen to antigen presenting cells. Other fusion partners include the non-structural protein from influenzae virus, NS1 (hemagglutinin). Typically, the N-terminal 81 amino acids are used, although different fragments that include T-helper epitopes may be used.

In another embodiment, the immunological fusion partner is the protein known as LYTA, or a portion thereof (preferably a C-terminal portion). LYTA is derived from *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, which synthesizes an N-acetyl-L-alanine amidase known as amidase LYTA (encoded by the *LytA* gene; *Gene* 43:265-292, 1986). LYTA is an autolysin that specifically degrades certain bonds in the peptidoglycan backbone. The C-terminal domain of the LYTA protein is responsible for the affinity to the choline or to some choline analogues such as DEAE. This property has been exploited for the development of *E. coli* C-LYTA expressing plasmids useful for expression of fusion proteins. Purification of hybrid proteins containing the C-LYTA fragment at the amino terminus has been described (*see Biotechnology* 10:795-798, 1992). Within a preferred embodiment, a repeat portion of LYTA may be incorporated into a fusion protein. A repeat portion is found in the C-

terminal region starting at residue 178. A particularly preferred repeat portion incorporates residues 188-305.

In general, polypeptides (including fusion proteins) and polynucleotides as described herein are isolated. An "isolated" polypeptide or polynucleotide is one that is removed from its original environment. For example, a naturally-occurring protein is isolated if it is separated from some or all of the coexisting materials in the natural system. Preferably, such polypeptides are at least about 90% pure, more preferably at least about 95% pure and most preferably at least about 99% pure. A polynucleotide is considered to be isolated if, for example, it is cloned into a vector that is not a part of the natural environment.

BINDING AGENTS

The present invention further provides agents, such as antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof, that specifically bind to a prostate tumor protein. As used herein, an antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, is said to "specifically bind" to a prostate tumor protein if it reacts at a detectable level (within, for example, an ELISA) with a prostate tumor protein, and does not react detectably with unrelated proteins under similar conditions. As used herein, "binding" refers to a noncovalent association between two separate molecules such that a complex is formed. The ability to bind may be evaluated by, for example, determining a binding constant for the formation of the complex. The binding constant is the value obtained when the concentration of the complex is divided by the product of the component concentrations. In general, two compounds are said to "bind," in the context of the present invention, when the binding constant for complex formation exceeds about 10^3 L/mol. The binding constant may be determined using methods well known in the art.

Binding agents may be further capable of differentiating between patients with and without a cancer, such as prostate cancer, using the representative assays provided herein. In other words, antibodies or other binding agents that bind to a prostate tumor protein will generate a signal indicating the presence of a cancer in at least about 20% of patients with the disease, and will generate a negative signal

indicating the absence of the disease in at least about 90% of individuals without the cancer. To determine whether a binding agent satisfies this requirement, biological samples (e.g., blood, sera, urine and/or tumor biopsies) from patients with and without a cancer (as determined using standard clinical tests) may be assayed as described herein for the presence of polypeptides that bind to the binding agent. It will be apparent that a statistically significant number of samples with and without the disease should be assayed. Each binding agent should satisfy the above criteria; however, those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that binding agents may be used in combination to improve sensitivity.

Any agent that satisfies the above requirements may be a binding agent. For example, a binding agent may be a ribosome, with or without a peptide component, an RNA molecule or a polypeptide. In a preferred embodiment, a binding agent is an antibody or an antigen-binding fragment thereof. Antibodies may be prepared by any of a variety of techniques known to those of ordinary skill in the art. *See, e.g.,* Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, antibodies can be produced by cell culture techniques, including the generation of monoclonal antibodies as described herein, or via transfection of antibody genes into suitable bacterial or mammalian cell hosts, in order to allow for the production of recombinant antibodies. In one technique, an immunogen comprising the polypeptide is initially injected into any of a wide variety of mammals (e.g., mice, rats, rabbits, sheep or goats). In this step, the polypeptides of this invention may serve as the immunogen without modification. Alternatively, particularly for relatively short polypeptides, a superior immune response may be elicited if the polypeptide is joined to a carrier protein, such as bovine serum albumin or keyhole limpet hemocyanin. The immunogen is injected into the animal host, preferably according to a predetermined schedule incorporating one or more booster immunizations, and the animals are bled periodically. Polyclonal antibodies specific for the polypeptide may then be purified from such antisera by, for example, affinity chromatography using the polypeptide coupled to a suitable solid support.

Monoclonal antibodies specific for an antigenic polypeptide of interest may be prepared, for example, using the technique of Kohler and Milstein, *Eur. J. Immunol.* 6:511-519, 1976, and improvements thereto. Briefly, these methods involve the preparation of immortal cell lines capable of producing antibodies having the desired specificity (*i.e.*, reactivity with the polypeptide of interest). Such cell lines may be produced, for example, from spleen cells obtained from an animal immunized as described above. The spleen cells are then immortalized by, for example, fusion with a myeloma cell fusion partner, preferably one that is syngeneic with the immunized animal. A variety of fusion techniques may be employed. For example, the spleen cells and myeloma cells may be combined with a nonionic detergent for a few minutes and then plated at low density on a selective medium that supports the growth of hybrid cells, but not myeloma cells. A preferred selection technique uses HAT (hypoxanthine, aminopterin, thymidine) selection. After a sufficient time, usually about 1 to 2 weeks, colonies of hybrids are observed. Single colonies are selected and their culture supernatants tested for binding activity against the polypeptide. Hybridomas having high reactivity and specificity are preferred.

Monoclonal antibodies may be isolated from the supernatants of growing hybridoma colonies. In addition, various techniques may be employed to enhance the yield, such as injection of the hybridoma cell line into the peritoneal cavity of a suitable vertebrate host, such as a mouse. Monoclonal antibodies may then be harvested from the ascites fluid or the blood. Contaminants may be removed from the antibodies by conventional techniques, such as chromatography, gel filtration, precipitation, and extraction. The polypeptides of this invention may be used in the purification process in, for example, an affinity chromatography step.

Within certain embodiments, the use of antigen-binding fragments of antibodies may be preferred. Such fragments include Fab fragments, which may be prepared using standard techniques. Briefly, immunoglobulins may be purified from rabbit serum by affinity chromatography on Protein A bead columns (Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988) and digested

by papain to yield Fab and Fc fragments. The Fab and Fc fragments may be separated by affinity chromatography on protein A bead columns.

Monoclonal antibodies of the present invention may be coupled to one or more therapeutic agents. Suitable agents in this regard include radionuclides, differentiation inducers, drugs, toxins, and derivatives thereof. Preferred radionuclides include ^{90}Y , ^{123}I , ^{125}I , ^{131}I , ^{186}Re , ^{188}Re , ^{211}At , and ^{212}Bi . Preferred drugs include methotrexate, and pyrimidine and purine analogs. Preferred differentiation inducers include phorbol esters and butyric acid. Preferred toxins include ricin, abrin, diphtheria toxin, cholera toxin, gelonin, *Pseudomonas* exotoxin, *Shigella* toxin, and pokeweed antiviral protein.

A therapeutic agent may be coupled (*e.g.*, covalently bonded) to a suitable monoclonal antibody either directly or indirectly (*e.g.*, via a linker group). A direct reaction between an agent and an antibody is possible when each possesses a substituent capable of reacting with the other. For example, a nucleophilic group, such as an amino or sulfhydryl group, on one may be capable of reacting with a carbonyl-containing group, such as an anhydride or an acid halide, or with an alkyl group containing a good leaving group (*e.g.*, a halide) on the other.

Alternatively, it may be desirable to couple a therapeutic agent and an antibody via a linker group. A linker group can function as a spacer to distance an antibody from an agent in order to avoid interference with binding capabilities. A linker group can also serve to increase the chemical reactivity of a substituent on an agent or an antibody, and thus increase the coupling efficiency. An increase in chemical reactivity may also facilitate the use of agents, or functional groups on agents, which otherwise would not be possible.

It will be evident to those skilled in the art that a variety of bifunctional or polyfunctional reagents, both homo- and hetero-functional (such as those described in the catalog of the Pierce Chemical Co., Rockford, IL), may be employed as the linker group. Coupling may be effected, for example, through amino groups, carboxyl groups, sulfhydryl groups or oxidized carbohydrate residues. There are numerous references describing such methodology, *e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.

Where a therapeutic agent is more potent when free from the antibody portion of the immunoconjugates of the present invention, it may be desirable to use a linker group which is cleavable during or upon internalization into a cell. A number of different cleavable linker groups have been described. The mechanisms for the intracellular release of an agent from these linker groups include cleavage by reduction of a disulfide bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,489,710, to Spitler), by irradiation of a photolabile bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,625,014, to Senter et al.), by hydrolysis of derivatized amino acid side chains (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,638,045, to Kohn et al.), by serum complement-mediated hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.), and acid-catalyzed hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,569,789, to Blattler et al.).

It may be desirable to couple more than one agent to an antibody. In one embodiment, multiple molecules of an agent are coupled to one antibody molecule. In another embodiment, more than one type of agent may be coupled to one antibody. Regardless of the particular embodiment, immunoconjugates with more than one agent may be prepared in a variety of ways. For example, more than one agent may be coupled directly to an antibody molecule, or linkers which provide multiple sites for attachment can be used. Alternatively, a carrier can be used.

A carrier may bear the agents in a variety of ways, including covalent bonding either directly or via a linker group. Suitable carriers include proteins such as albumins (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,507,234, to Kato et al.), peptides and polysaccharides such as aminodextran (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,699,784, to Shih et al.). A carrier may also bear an agent by noncovalent bonding or by encapsulation, such as within a liposome vesicle (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent Nos. 4,429,008 and 4,873,088). Carriers specific for radionuclide agents include radiohalogenated small molecules and chelating compounds. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,735,792 discloses representative radiohalogenated small molecules and their synthesis. A radionuclide chelate may be formed from chelating compounds that include those containing nitrogen and sulfur atoms as the donor atoms for binding the metal, or metal oxide, radionuclide. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,673,562, to Davison et al. discloses representative chelating compounds and their synthesis.

A variety of routes of administration for the antibodies and immunoconjugates may be used. Typically, administration will be intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous or in the bed of a resected tumor. It will be evident that the precise dose of the antibody/immunoconjugate will vary depending upon the antibody used, the antigen density on the tumor, and the rate of clearance of the antibody.

T CELLS

Immunotherapeutic compositions may also, or alternatively, comprise T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein. Such cells may generally be prepared *in vitro* or *ex vivo*, using standard procedures. For example, T cells may be isolated from bone marrow, peripheral blood, or a fraction of bone marrow or peripheral blood of a patient, using a commercially available cell separation system, such as the CEPRATE™ system, available from CellPro Inc., Bothell WA (*see also* U.S. Patent No. 5,240,856; U.S. Patent No. 5,215,926; WO 89/06280; WO 91/16116 and WO 92/07243). Alternatively, T cells may be derived from related or unrelated humans, non-human mammals, cell lines or cultures.

T cells may be stimulated with a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor polypeptide and/or an antigen presenting cell (APC) that expresses such a polypeptide. Such stimulation is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the generation of T cells that are specific for the polypeptide. Preferably, a prostate tumor polypeptide or polynucleotide is present within a delivery vehicle, such as a microsphere, to facilitate the generation of specific T cells.

T cells are considered to be specific for a prostate tumor polypeptide if the T cells kill target cells coated with the polypeptide or expressing a gene encoding the polypeptide. T cell specificity may be evaluated using any of a variety of standard techniques. For example, within a chromium release assay or proliferation assay, a stimulation index of more than two fold increase in lysis and/or proliferation, compared to negative controls, indicates T cell specificity. Such assays may be performed, for example, as described in Chen et al., *Cancer Res.* 54:1065-1070, 1994. Alternatively,

detection of the proliferation of T cells may be accomplished by a variety of known techniques. For example, T cell proliferation can be detected by measuring an increased rate of DNA synthesis (e.g., by pulse-labeling cultures of T cells with tritiated thymidine and measuring the amount of tritiated thymidine incorporated into DNA). Contact with a prostate tumor polypeptide (100 ng/ml - 100 µg/ml, preferably 200 ng/ml - 25 µg/ml) for 3 - 7 days should result in at least a two fold increase in proliferation of the T cells. Contact as described above for 2-3 hours should result in activation of the T cells, as measured using standard cytokine assays in which a two fold increase in the level of cytokine release (e.g., TNF or IFN-γ) is indicative of T cell activation (see Coligan et al., Current Protocols in Immunology, vol. 1, Wiley Interscience (Greene 1998)). T cells that have been activated in response to a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or polypeptide-expressing APC may be CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺. Prostate tumor protein-specific T cells may be expanded using standard techniques. Within preferred embodiments, the T cells are derived from either a patient or a related, or unrelated, donor and are administered to the patient following stimulation and expansion.

For therapeutic purposes, CD4⁺ or CD8⁺ T cells that proliferate in response to a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or APC can be expanded in number either *in vitro* or *in vivo*. Proliferation of such T cells *in vitro* may be accomplished in a variety of ways. For example, the T cells can be re-exposed to a prostate tumor polypeptide, or a short peptide corresponding to an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, with or without the addition of T cell growth factors, such as interleukin-2, and/or stimulator cells that synthesize a prostate tumor polypeptide. Alternatively, one or more T cells that proliferate in the presence of a prostate tumor protein can be expanded in number by cloning. Methods for cloning cells are well known in the art, and include limiting dilution.

PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS AND VACCINES

Within certain aspects, polypeptides, polynucleotides, T cells and/or binding agents disclosed herein may be incorporated into pharmaceutical compositions

or immunogenic compositions (*i.e.*, vaccines). Pharmaceutical compositions comprise one or more such compounds and a physiologically acceptable carrier. Vaccines may comprise one or more such compounds and a non-specific immune response enhancer. A non-specific immune response enhancer may be any substance that enhances an immune response to an exogenous antigen. Examples of non-specific immune response enhancers include adjuvants, biodegradable microspheres (*e.g.*, polylactic galactide) and liposomes (into which the compound is incorporated; *see e.g.*, Fullerton, U.S. Patent No. 4,235,877). Vaccine preparation is generally described in, for example, M.F. Powell and M.J. Newman, eds., "Vaccine Design (the subunit and adjuvant approach)," Plenum Press (NY, 1995). Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines within the scope of the present invention may also contain other compounds, which may be biologically active or inactive. For example, one or more immunogenic portions of other tumor antigens may be present, either incorporated into a fusion polypeptide or as a separate compound, within the composition or vaccine.

A pharmaceutical composition or vaccine may contain DNA encoding one or more of the polypeptides as described above, such that the polypeptide is generated *in situ*. As noted above, the DNA may be present within any of a variety of delivery systems known to those of ordinary skill in the art, including nucleic acid expression systems, bacteria and viral expression systems. Numerous gene delivery techniques are well known in the art, such as those described by Rolland, *Crit. Rev. Therap. Drug Carrier Systems* 15:143-198, 1998, and references cited therein. Appropriate nucleic acid expression systems contain the necessary DNA sequences for expression in the patient (such as a suitable promoter and terminating signal). Bacterial delivery systems involve the administration of a bacterium (such as *Bacillus-Calmette-Guerrin*) that expresses an immunogenic portion of the polypeptide on its cell surface or secretes such an epitope. In a preferred embodiment, the DNA may be introduced using a viral expression system (*e.g.*, vaccinia or other pox virus, retrovirus, or adenovirus), which may involve the use of a non-pathogenic (defective), replication competent virus. Suitable systems are disclosed, for example, in Fisher-Hoch et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 86:317-321, 1989; Flexner et al., *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.* 569:86-103, 1989; Flexner

et al., *Vaccine* 8:17-21, 1990; U.S. Patent Nos. 4,603,112, 4,769,330, and 5,017,487; WO 89/01973; U.S. Patent No. 4,777,127; GB 2,200,651; EP 0,345,242; WO 91/02805; Berkner, *Biotechniques* 6:616-627, 1988; Rosenfeld et al., *Science* 252:431-434, 1991; Kolls et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 91:215-219, 1994; Kass-Eisler et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90:11498-11502, 1993; Guzman et al., *Circulation* 88:2838-2848, 1993; and Guzman et al., *Cir. Res.* 73:1202-1207, 1993. Techniques for incorporating DNA into such expression systems are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. The DNA may also be "naked," as described, for example, in Ulmer et al., *Science* 259:1745-1749, 1993 and reviewed by Cohen, *Science* 259:1691-1692, 1993. The uptake of naked DNA may be increased by coating the DNA onto biodegradable beads, which are efficiently transported into the cells.

While any suitable carrier known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed in the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention, the type of carrier will vary depending on the mode of administration. Compositions of the present invention may be formulated for any appropriate manner of administration, including for example, topical, oral, nasal, intravenous, intracranial, intraperitoneal, subcutaneous or intramuscular administration. For parenteral administration, such as subcutaneous injection, the carrier preferably comprises water, saline, alcohol, a fat, a wax or a buffer. For oral administration, any of the above carriers or a solid carrier, such as mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, and magnesium carbonate, may be employed. Biodegradable microspheres (e.g., polylactate polyglycolate) may also be employed as carriers for the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention. Suitable biodegradable microspheres are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268 and 5,075,109.

Such compositions may also comprise buffers (e.g., neutral buffered saline or phosphate buffered saline), carbohydrates (e.g., glucose, mannose, sucrose or dextrans), mannitol, proteins, polypeptides or amino acids such as glycine, antioxidants, chelating agents such as EDTA or glutathione, adjuvants (e.g., aluminum hydroxide) and/or preservatives. Alternatively, compositions of the present invention may be

formulated as a lyophilizate. Compounds may also be encapsulated within liposomes using well known technology.

Any of a variety of non-specific immune response enhancers may be employed in the vaccines of this invention. For example, an adjuvant may be included. Most adjuvants contain a substance designed to protect the antigen from rapid catabolism, such as aluminum hydroxide or mineral oil, and a stimulator of immune responses, such as lipid A, *Bordetella pertussis* or *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* derived proteins. Suitable adjuvants are commercially available as, for example, Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant and Complete Adjuvant (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI); Merck Adjuvant 65 (Merck and Company, Inc., Rahway, NJ); aluminum salts such as aluminum hydroxide gel (alum) or aluminum phosphate; salts of calcium, iron or zinc; an insoluble suspension of acylated tyrosine; acylated sugars; cationically or anionically derivatized polysaccharides; polyphosphazenes; biodegradable microspheres; monophosphoryl lipid A and quil A. Cytokines, such as GM-CSF or interleukin-2, -7, or -12, may also be used as adjuvants.

Within the vaccines provided herein, the adjuvant composition is preferably designed to induce an immune response predominantly of the Th1 type. High levels of Th1-type cytokines (*e.g.*, IFN- γ , IL-2 and IL-12) tend to favor the induction of cell mediated immune responses to an administered antigen. In contrast, high levels of Th2-type cytokines (*e.g.*, IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-10 and TNF- β) tend to favor the induction of humoral immune responses. Following application of a vaccine as provided herein, a patient will support an immune response that includes Th1- and Th2-type responses. Within a preferred embodiment, in which a response is predominantly Th1-type, the level of Th1-type cytokines will increase to a greater extent than the level of Th2-type cytokines. The levels of these cytokines may be readily assessed using standard assays. For a review of the families of cytokines, see Mosmann and Coffman, *Ann. Rev. Immunol.* 7:145-173, 1989.

Preferred adjuvants for use in eliciting a predominantly Th1-type response include, for example, a combination of monophosphoryl lipid A, preferably 3-de-O-acylated monophosphoryl lipid A (3D-MPL), together with an aluminum salt.

MPL adjuvants are available from Ribi ImmunoChem Research Inc. (Hamilton, MT; *see* US Patent Nos. 4,436,727; 4,877,611; 4,866,034 and 4,912,094). CpG-containing oligonucleotides (in which the CpG dinucleotide is unmethylated) also induce a predominantly Th1 response. Such oligonucleotides are well known and are described, for example, in WO 96/02555. Another preferred adjuvant is a saponin, preferably QS21, which may be used alone or in combination with other adjuvants. For example, an enhanced system involves the combination of a monophosphoryl lipid A and saponin derivative, such as the combination of QS21 and 3D-MPL as described in WO 94/00153, or a less reactogenic composition where the QS21 is quenched with cholesterol, as described in WO 96/33739. Other preferred formulations comprises an oil-in-water emulsion and tocopherol. A particularly potent adjuvant formulation involving QS21, 3D-MPL and tocopherol in an oil-in-water emulsion is described in WO 95/17210. Any vaccine provided herein may be prepared using well known methods that result in a combination of antigen, immune response enhancer and a suitable carrier or excipient.

The compositions described herein may be administered as part of a sustained release formulation (*i.e.*, a formulation such as a capsule or sponge that effects a slow release of compound following administration). Such formulations may generally be prepared using well known technology and administered by, for example, oral, rectal or subcutaneous implantation, or by implantation at the desired target site. Sustained-release formulations may contain a polypeptide, polynucleotide or antibody dispersed in a carrier matrix and/or contained within a reservoir surrounded by a rate controlling membrane. Carriers for use within such formulations are biocompatible, and may also be biodegradable; preferably the formulation provides a relatively constant level of active component release. The amount of active compound contained within a sustained release formulation depends upon the site of implantation, the rate and expected duration of release and the nature of the condition to be treated or prevented.

Any of a variety of delivery vehicles may be employed within pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines to facilitate production of an antigen-specific

immune response that targets tumor cells. Delivery vehicles include antigen presenting cells (APCs), such as dendritic cells, macrophages, B cells, monocytes and other cells that may be engineered to be efficient APCs. Such cells may, but need not, be genetically modified to increase the capacity for presenting the antigen, to improve activation and/or maintenance of the T cell response, to have anti-tumor effects *per se* and/or to be immunologically compatible with the receiver (*i.e.*, matched HLA haplotype). APCs may generally be isolated from any of a variety of biological fluids and organs, including tumor and peritumoral tissues, and may be autologous, allogeneic, syngeneic or xenogeneic cells.

Certain preferred embodiments of the present invention use dendritic cells or progenitors thereof as antigen-presenting cells. Dendritic cells are highly potent APCs (Banchereau and Steinman, *Nature* 392:245-251, 1998) and have been shown to be effective as a physiological adjuvant for eliciting prophylactic or therapeutic antitumor immunity (*see* Timmerman and Levy, *Ann. Rev. Med.* 50:507-529, 1999). In general, dendritic cells may be identified based on their typical shape (stellate *in situ*, with marked cytoplasmic processes (dendrites) visible *in vitro*) and based on the lack of differentiation markers of B cells (CD19 and CD20), T cells (CD3), monocytes (CD14) and natural killer cells (CD56), as determined using standard assays. Dendritic cells may, of course, be engineered to express specific cell-surface receptors or ligands that are not commonly found on dendritic cells *in vivo* or *ex vivo*, and such modified dendritic cells are contemplated by the present invention. As an alternative to dendritic cells, secreted vesicles antigen-loaded dendritic cells (called exosomes) may be used within a vaccine (*see* Zitvogel et al., *Nature Med.* 4:594-600, 1998).

Dendritic cells and progenitors may be obtained from peripheral blood, bone marrow, tumor-infiltrating cells, peritumoral tissues-infiltrating cells, lymph nodes, spleen, skin, umbilical cord blood or any other suitable tissue or fluid. For example, dendritic cells may be differentiated *ex vivo* by adding a combination of cytokines such as GM-CSF, IL-4, IL-13 and/or TNF α to cultures of monocytes harvested from peripheral blood. Alternatively, CD34 positive cells harvested from peripheral blood, umbilical cord blood or bone marrow may be differentiated into

dendritic cells by adding to the culture medium combinations of GM-CSF, IL-3, TNF α , CD40 ligand, LPS, flt3 ligand and/or other compound(s) that induce maturation and proliferation of dendritic cells.

Dendritic cells are conveniently categorized as "immature" and "mature" cells, which allows a simple way to discriminate between two well characterized phenotypes. However, this nomenclature should not be construed to exclude all possible intermediate stages of differentiation. Immature dendritic cells are characterized as APC with a high capacity for antigen uptake and processing, which correlates with the high expression of Fc γ receptor, mannose receptor and DEC-205 marker. The mature phenotype is typically characterized by a lower expression of these markers, but a high expression of cell surface molecules responsible for T cell activation such as class I and class II MHC, adhesion molecules (*e.g.*, CD54 and CD11) and costimulatory molecules (*e.g.*, CD40, CD80 and CD86).

APCs may generally be transfected with a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein (or portion or other variant thereof) such that the prostate tumor polypeptide, or an immunogenic portion thereof, is expressed on the cell surface. Such transfection may take place *ex vivo*, and a composition or vaccine comprising such transfected cells may then be used for therapeutic purposes, as described herein. Alternatively, a gene delivery vehicle that targets a dendritic or other antigen presenting cell may be administered to a patient, resulting in transfection that occurs *in vivo*. *In vivo* and *ex vivo* transfection of dendritic cells, for example, may generally be performed using any methods known in the art, such as those described in WO 97/24447, or the gene gun approach described by Mahvi et al., *Immunology and cell Biology* 75:456-460, 1997. Antigen loading of dendritic cells may be achieved by incubating dendritic cells or progenitor cells with the prostate tumor polypeptide, DNA (naked or within a plasmid vector) or RNA; or with antigen-expressing recombinant bacterium or viruses (*e.g.*, vaccinia, fowlpox, adenovirus or lentivirus vectors). Prior to loading, the polypeptide may be covalently conjugated to an immunological partner that provides T cell help (*e.g.*, a carrier molecule). Alternatively, a dendritic cell may be

pulsed with a non-conjugated immunological partner, separately or in the presence of the polypeptide.

CANCER THERAPY

In further aspects of the present invention, the compositions described herein may be used for immunotherapy of cancer, such as prostate cancer. Within such methods, pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines are typically administered to a patient. As used herein, a "patient" refers to any warm-blooded animal, preferably a human. A patient may or may not be afflicted with cancer. Accordingly, the above pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be used to prevent the development of a cancer or to treat a patient afflicted with a cancer. A cancer may be diagnosed using criteria generally accepted in the art, including the presence of a malignant tumor. Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered either prior to or following surgical removal of primary tumors and/or treatment such as administration of radiotherapy or conventional chemotherapeutic drugs.

Within certain embodiments, immunotherapy may be active immunotherapy, in which treatment relies on the *in vivo* stimulation of the endogenous host immune system to react against tumors with the administration of immune response-modifying agents (such as polypeptides and polynucleotides disclosed herein).

Within other embodiments, immunotherapy may be passive immunotherapy, in which treatment involves the delivery of agents with established tumor-immune reactivity (such as effector cells or antibodies) that can directly or indirectly mediate antitumor effects and does not necessarily depend on an intact host immune system. Examples of effector cells include T cells as discussed above, T lymphocytes (such as CD8⁺ cytotoxic T lymphocytes and CD4⁺ T-helper tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes), killer cells (such as Natural Killer cells and lymphokine-activated killer cells), B cells and antigen-presenting cells (such as dendritic cells and macrophages) expressing a polypeptide provided herein. T cell receptors and antibody receptors specific for the polypeptides recited herein may be cloned, expressed and transferred into other vectors or effector cells for adoptive immunotherapy. The

polypeptides provided herein may also be used to generate antibodies or anti-idiotypic antibodies (as described above and in U.S. Patent No. 4,918,164) for passive immunotherapy.

Effector cells may generally be obtained in sufficient quantities for adoptive immunotherapy by growth *in vitro*, as described herein. Culture conditions for expanding single antigen-specific effector cells to several billion in number with retention of antigen recognition *in vivo* are well known in the art. Such *in vitro* culture conditions typically use intermittent stimulation with antigen, often in the presence of cytokines (such as IL-2) and non-dividing feeder cells. As noted above, immunoreactive polypeptides as provided herein may be used to rapidly expand antigen-specific T cell cultures in order to generate a sufficient number of cells for immunotherapy. In particular, antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic, macrophage, monocyte, fibroblast or B cells, may be pulsed with immunoreactive polypeptides or transfected with one or more polynucleotides using standard techniques well known in the art. For example, antigen-presenting cells can be transfected with a polynucleotide having a promoter appropriate for increasing expression in a recombinant virus or other expression system. Cultured effector cells for use in therapy must be able to grow and distribute widely, and to survive long term *in vivo*. Studies have shown that cultured effector cells can be induced to grow *in vivo* and to survive long term in substantial numbers by repeated stimulation with antigen supplemented with IL-2 (*see, for example, Cheever et al., Immunological Reviews 157:177, 1997*).

Alternatively, a vector expressing a polypeptide recited herein may be introduced into antigen presenting cells taken from a patient and clonally propagated *ex vivo* for transplant back into the same patient. Transfected cells may be reintroduced into the patient using any means known in the art, preferably in sterile form by intravenous, intracavitary, intraperitoneal or intratumor administration.

Routes and frequency of administration of the therapeutic compositions disclosed herein, as well as dosage, will vary from individual to individual, and may be readily established using standard techniques. In general, the pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered by injection (*e.g., intracutaneous,*

intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneous), intranasally (*e.g.*, by aspiration) or orally. Preferably, between 1 and 10 doses may be administered over a 52 week period. Preferably, 6 doses are administered, at intervals of 1 month, and booster vaccinations may be given periodically thereafter. Alternate protocols may be appropriate for individual patients. A suitable dose is an amount of a compound that, when administered as described above, is capable of promoting an anti-tumor immune response, and is at least 10-50% above the basal (*i.e.*, untreated) level. Such response can be monitored by measuring the anti-tumor antibodies in a patient or by vaccine-dependent generation of cytolytic effector cells capable of killing the patient's tumor cells *in vitro*. Such vaccines should also be capable of causing an immune response that leads to an improved clinical outcome (*e.g.*, more frequent remissions, complete or partial or longer disease-free survival) in vaccinated patients as compared to non-vaccinated patients. In general, for pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines comprising one or more polypeptides, the amount of each polypeptide present in a dose ranges from about 100 µg to 5 mg per kg of host. Suitable dose sizes will vary with the size of the patient, but will typically range from about 0.1 mL to about 5 mL.

In general, an appropriate dosage and treatment regimen provides the active compound(s) in an amount sufficient to provide therapeutic and/or prophylactic benefit. Such a response can be monitored by establishing an improved clinical outcome (*e.g.*, more frequent remissions, complete or partial, or longer disease-free survival) in treated patients as compared to non-treated patients. Increases in preexisting immune responses to a prostate tumor protein generally correlate with an improved clinical outcome. Such immune responses may generally be evaluated using standard proliferation, cytotoxicity or cytokine assays, which may be performed using samples obtained from a patient before and after treatment.

METHODS FOR DETECTING CANCER

In general, a cancer may be detected in a patient based on the presence of one or more prostate tumor proteins and/or polynucleotides encoding such proteins in a biological sample (for example, blood, sera, urine and/or tumor biopsies) obtained from

the patient. In other words, such proteins may be used as markers to indicate the presence or absence of a cancer such as prostate cancer. In addition, such proteins may be useful for the detection of other cancers. The binding agents provided herein generally permit detection of the level of antigen that binds to the agent in the biological sample. Polynucleotide primers and probes may be used to detect the level of mRNA encoding a tumor protein, which is also indicative of the presence or absence of a cancer. In general, a prostate tumor sequence should be present at a level that is at least three fold higher in tumor tissue than in normal tissue

There are a variety of assay formats known to those of ordinary skill in the art for using a binding agent to detect polypeptide markers in a sample. *See, e.g.,* Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient may be determined by (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent; (b) detecting in the sample a level of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the level of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value.

In a preferred embodiment, the assay involves the use of binding agent immobilized on a solid support to bind to and remove the polypeptide from the remainder of the sample. The bound polypeptide may then be detected using a detection reagent that contains a reporter group and specifically binds to the binding agent/polypeptide complex. Such detection reagents may comprise, for example, a binding agent that specifically binds to the polypeptide or an antibody or other agent that specifically binds to the binding agent, such as an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or a lectin. Alternatively, a competitive assay may be utilized, in which a polypeptide is labeled with a reporter group and allowed to bind to the immobilized binding agent after incubation of the binding agent with the sample. The extent to which components of the sample inhibit the binding of the labeled polypeptide to the binding agent is indicative of the reactivity of the sample with the immobilized binding agent. Suitable polypeptides for use within such assays include full length prostate tumor proteins and portions thereof to which the binding agent binds, as described above.

The solid support may be any material known to those of ordinary skill in the art to which the tumor protein may be attached. For example, the solid support may be a test well in a microtiter plate or a nitrocellulose or other suitable membrane. Alternatively, the support may be a bead or disc, such as glass, fiberglass, latex or a plastic material such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride. The support may also be a magnetic particle or a fiber optic sensor, such as those disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 5,359,681. The binding agent may be immobilized on the solid support using a variety of techniques known to those of skill in the art, which are amply described in the patent and scientific literature. In the context of the present invention, the term "immobilization" refers to both noncovalent association, such as adsorption, and covalent attachment (which may be a direct linkage between the agent and functional groups on the support or may be a linkage by way of a cross-linking agent). Immobilization by adsorption to a well in a microtiter plate or to a membrane is preferred. In such cases, adsorption may be achieved by contacting the binding agent, in a suitable buffer, with the solid support for a suitable amount of time. The contact time varies with temperature, but is typically between about 1 hour and about 1 day. In general, contacting a well of a plastic microtiter plate (such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride) with an amount of binding agent ranging from about 10 ng to about 10 μ g, and preferably about 100 ng to about 1 μ g, is sufficient to immobilize an adequate amount of binding agent.

Covalent attachment of binding agent to a solid support may generally be achieved by first reacting the support with a bifunctional reagent that will react with both the support and a functional group, such as a hydroxyl or amino group, on the binding agent. For example, the binding agent may be covalently attached to supports having an appropriate polymer coating using benzoquinone or by condensation of an aldehyde group on the support with an amine and an active hydrogen on the binding partner (*see, e.g.,* Pierce Immunotechnology Catalog and Handbook, 1991, at A12-A13).

In certain embodiments, the assay is a two-antibody sandwich assay. This assay may be performed by first contacting an antibody that has been immobilized

on a solid support, commonly the well of a microtiter plate, with the sample, such that polypeptides within the sample are allowed to bind to the immobilized antibody. Unbound sample is then removed from the immobilized polypeptide-antibody complexes and a detection reagent (preferably a second antibody capable of binding to a different site on the polypeptide) containing a reporter group is added. The amount of detection reagent that remains bound to the solid support is then determined using a method appropriate for the specific reporter group.

More specifically, once the antibody is immobilized on the support as described above, the remaining protein binding sites on the support are typically blocked. Any suitable blocking agent known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as bovine serum albumin or Tween 20™ (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO). The immobilized antibody is then incubated with the sample, and polypeptide is allowed to bind to the antibody. The sample may be diluted with a suitable diluent, such as phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) prior to incubation. In general, an appropriate contact time (*i.e.*, incubation time) is a period of time that is sufficient to detect the presence of polypeptide within a sample obtained from an individual with prostate cancer. Preferably, the contact time is sufficient to achieve a level of binding that is at least about 95% of that achieved at equilibrium between bound and unbound polypeptide. Those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that the time necessary to achieve equilibrium may be readily determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. At room temperature, an incubation time of about 30 minutes is generally sufficient.

Unbound sample may then be removed by washing the solid support with an appropriate buffer, such as PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20™. The second antibody, which contains a reporter group, may then be added to the solid support. Preferred reporter groups include those groups recited above.

The detection reagent is then incubated with the immobilized antibody-polypeptide complex for an amount of time sufficient to detect the bound polypeptide. An appropriate amount of time may generally be determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. Unbound detection reagent is then removed

and bound detection reagent is detected using the reporter group. The method employed for detecting the reporter group depends upon the nature of the reporter group. For radioactive groups, scintillation counting or autoradiographic methods are generally appropriate. Spectroscopic methods may be used to detect dyes, luminescent groups and fluorescent groups. Biotin may be detected using avidin, coupled to a different reporter group (commonly a radioactive or fluorescent group or an enzyme). Enzyme reporter groups may generally be detected by the addition of substrate (generally for a specific period of time), followed by spectroscopic or other analysis of the reaction products.

To determine the presence or absence of a cancer, such as prostate cancer, the signal detected from the reporter group that remains bound to the solid support is generally compared to a signal that corresponds to a predetermined cut-off value. In one preferred embodiment, the cut-off value for the detection of a cancer is the average mean signal obtained when the immobilized antibody is incubated with samples from patients without the cancer. In general, a sample generating a signal that is three standard deviations above the predetermined cut-off value is considered positive for the cancer. In an alternate preferred embodiment, the cut-off value is determined using a Receiver Operator Curve, according to the method of Sackett et al., *Clinical Epidemiology: A Basic Science for Clinical Medicine*, Little Brown and Co., 1985, p. 106-7. Briefly, in this embodiment, the cut-off value may be determined from a plot of pairs of true positive rates (*i.e.*, sensitivity) and false positive rates (100%-specificity) that correspond to each possible cut-off value for the diagnostic test result. The cut-off value on the plot that is the closest to the upper left-hand corner (*i.e.*, the value that encloses the largest area) is the most accurate cut-off value, and a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method may be considered positive. Alternatively, the cut-off value may be shifted to the left along the plot, to minimize the false positive rate, or to the right, to minimize the false negative rate. In general, a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method is considered positive for a cancer.

In a related embodiment, the assay is performed in a flow-through or strip test format, wherein the binding agent is immobilized on a membrane, such as nitrocellulose. In the flow-through test, polypeptides within the sample bind to the immobilized binding agent as the sample passes through the membrane. A second, labeled binding agent then binds to the binding agent-polypeptide complex as a solution containing the second binding agent flows through the membrane. The detection of bound second binding agent may then be performed as described above. In the strip test format, one end of the membrane to which binding agent is bound is immersed in a solution containing the sample. The sample migrates along the membrane through a region containing second binding agent and to the area of immobilized binding agent. Concentration of second binding agent at the area of immobilized antibody indicates the presence of a cancer. Typically, the concentration of second binding agent at that site generates a pattern, such as a line, that can be read visually. The absence of such a pattern indicates a negative result. In general, the amount of binding agent immobilized on the membrane is selected to generate a visually discernible pattern when the biological sample contains a level of polypeptide that would be sufficient to generate a positive signal in the two-antibody sandwich assay, in the format discussed above. Preferred binding agents for use in such assays are antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof. Preferably, the amount of antibody immobilized on the membrane ranges from about 25 ng to about 1 μ g, and more preferably from about 50 ng to about 500 ng. Such tests can typically be performed with a very small amount of biological sample.

Of course, numerous other assay protocols exist that are suitable for use with the tumor proteins or binding agents of the present invention. The above descriptions are intended to be exemplary only. For example, it will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art that the above protocols may be readily modified to use prostate tumor polypeptides to detect antibodies that bind to such polypeptides in a biological sample. The detection of such prostate tumor protein specific antibodies may correlate with the presence of a cancer.

A cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the presence of T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. Within certain methods, a biological sample comprising CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient is incubated with a prostate tumor polypeptide, a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide and/or an APC that expresses at least an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, and the presence or absence of specific activation of the T cells is detected. Suitable biological samples include, but are not limited to, isolated T cells. For example, T cells may be isolated from a patient by routine techniques (such as by Ficoll/Hypaque density gradient centrifugation of peripheral blood lymphocytes). T cells may be incubated *in vitro* for 2-9 days (typically 4 days) at 37°C with prostate tumor polypeptide (*e.g.*, 5 - 25 µg/ml). It may be desirable to incubate another aliquot of a T cell sample in the absence of prostate tumor polypeptide to serve as a control. For CD4⁺ T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating proliferation of the T cells. For CD8⁺ T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating cytolytic activity. A level of proliferation that is at least two fold greater and/or a level of cytolytic activity that is at least 20% greater than in disease-free patients indicates the presence of a cancer in the patient.

As noted above, a cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the level of mRNA encoding a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. For example, at least two oligonucleotide primers may be employed in a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) based assay to amplify a portion of a prostate tumor cDNA derived from a biological sample, wherein at least one of the oligonucleotide primers is specific for (*i.e.*, hybridizes to) a polynucleotide encoding the prostate tumor protein. The amplified cDNA is then separated and detected using techniques well known in the art, such as gel electrophoresis. Similarly, oligonucleotide probes that specifically hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein may be used in a hybridization assay to detect the presence of polynucleotide encoding the tumor protein in a biological sample.

To permit hybridization under assay conditions, oligonucleotide primers and probes should comprise an oligonucleotide sequence that has at least about 60%,

preferably at least about 75% and more preferably at least about 90%, identity to a portion of a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein that is at least 10 nucleotides, and preferably at least 20 nucleotides, in length. Preferably, oligonucleotide primers and/or probes will hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide disclosed herein under moderately stringent conditions, as defined above. Oligonucleotide primers and/or probes which may be usefully employed in the diagnostic methods described herein preferably are at least 10-40 nucleotides in length. In a preferred embodiment, the oligonucleotide primers comprise at least 10 contiguous nucleotides, more preferably at least 15 contiguous nucleotides, of a DNA molecule having a sequence recited in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375 and 381. Techniques for both PCR based assays and hybridization assays are well known in the art (*see, for example, Mullis et al., Cold Spring Harbor Symp. Quant. Biol., 51:263, 1987; Erlich ed., PCR Technology, Stockton Press, NY, 1989*).

One preferred assay employs RT-PCR, in which PCR is applied in conjunction with reverse transcription. Typically, RNA is extracted from a biological sample, such as biopsy tissue, and is reverse transcribed to produce cDNA molecules. PCR amplification using at least one specific primer generates a cDNA molecule, which may be separated and visualized using, for example, gel electrophoresis. Amplification may be performed on biological samples taken from a test patient and from an individual who is not afflicted with a cancer. The amplification reaction may be performed on several dilutions of cDNA spanning two orders of magnitude. A two-fold or greater increase in expression in several dilutions of the test patient sample as compared to the same dilutions of the non-cancerous sample is typically considered positive.

In another embodiment, the disclosed compositions may be used as markers for the progression of cancer. In this embodiment, assays as described above for the diagnosis of a cancer may be performed over time, and the change in the level of reactive polypeptide(s) or polynucleotide evaluated. For example, the assays may be performed every 24-72 hours for a period of 6 months to 1 year, and thereafter

performed as needed. In general, a cancer is progressing in those patients in whom the level of polypeptide or polynucleotide detected increases over time. In contrast, the cancer is not progressing when the level of reactive polypeptide or polynucleotide either remains constant or decreases with time.

Certain *in vivo* diagnostic assays may be performed directly on a tumor. One such assay involves contacting tumor cells with a binding agent. The bound binding agent may then be detected directly or indirectly via a reporter group. Such binding agents may also be used in histological applications. Alternatively, polynucleotide probes may be used within such applications.

As noted above, to improve sensitivity, multiple prostate tumor protein markers may be assayed within a given sample. It will be apparent that binding agents specific for different proteins provided herein may be combined within a single assay. Further, multiple primers or probes may be used concurrently. The selection of tumor protein markers may be based on routine experiments to determine combinations that results in optimal sensitivity. In addition, or alternatively, assays for tumor proteins provided herein may be combined with assays for other known tumor antigens.

DIAGNOSTIC KITS

The present invention further provides kits for use within any of the above diagnostic methods. Such kits typically comprise two or more components necessary for performing a diagnostic assay. Components may be compounds, reagents, containers and/or equipment. For example, one container within a kit may contain a monoclonal antibody or fragment thereof that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein. Such antibodies or fragments may be provided attached to a support material, as described above. One or more additional containers may enclose elements, such as reagents or buffers, to be used in the assay. Such kits may also, or alternatively, contain a detection reagent as described above that contains a reporter group suitable for direct or indirect detection of antibody binding.

Alternatively, a kit may be designed to detect the level of mRNA encoding a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. Such kits generally comprise

at least one oligonucleotide probe or primer, as described above, that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein. Such an oligonucleotide may be used, for example, within a PCR or hybridization assay. Additional components that may be present within such kits include a second oligonucleotide and/or a diagnostic reagent or container to facilitate the detection of a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein.

The following Examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.

EXAMPLES

EXAMPLE 1

ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library was constructed from prostate tumor poly A⁺ RNA using a Superscript Plasmid System for cDNA Synthesis and Plasmid Cloning kit (BRL Life Technologies, Gaithersburg, MD 20897) following the manufacturer's protocol. Specifically, prostate tumor tissues were homogenized with polytron (Kinematica, Switzerland) and total RNA was extracted using Trizol reagent (BRL Life Technologies) as directed by the manufacturer. The poly A⁺ RNA was then purified using a Qiagen oligotex spin column mRNA purification kit (Qiagen, Santa Clarita, CA 91355) according to the manufacturer's protocol. First-strand cDNA was synthesized using the NotI/Oligo-dT18 primer. Double-stranded cDNA was synthesized, ligated with EcoRI/BAXI adaptors (Invitrogen, San Diego, CA) and digested with NotI. Following size fractionation with Chroma Spin-1000 columns (Clontech, Palo Alto, CA), the cDNA was ligated into the EcoRI/NotI site of pCDNA3.1 (Invitrogen) and transformed into ElectroMax *E. coli* DH10B cells (BRL Life Technologies) by electroporation.

Using the same procedure, a normal human pancreas cDNA expression library was prepared from a pool of six tissue specimens (Clontech). The cDNA libraries were characterized by determining the number of independent colonies, the percentage of clones that carried insert, the average insert size and by sequence analysis. The prostate tumor library contained 1.64×10^7 independent colonies, with 70% of clones having an insert and the average insert size being 1745 base pairs. The normal pancreas cDNA library contained 3.3×10^6 independent colonies, with 69% of clones

having inserts and the average insert size being 1120 base pairs. For both libraries, sequence analysis showed that the majority of clones had a full length cDNA sequence and were synthesized from mRNA, with minimal rRNA and mitochondrial DNA contamination.

cDNA library subtraction was performed using the above prostate tumor and normal pancreas cDNA libraries, as described by Hara *et al.* (*Blood*, 84:189-199, 1994) with some modifications. Specifically, a prostate tumor-specific subtracted cDNA library was generated as follows. Normal pancreas cDNA library (70 µg) was digested with EcoRI, NotI, and SfuI, followed by a filling-in reaction with DNA polymerase Klenow fragment. After phenol-chloroform extraction and ethanol precipitation, the DNA was dissolved in 100 µl of H₂O, heat-denatured and mixed with 100 µl (100 µg) of Photoprobe biotin (Vector Laboratories, Burlingame, CA). As recommended by the manufacturer, the resulting mixture was irradiated with a 270 W sunlamp on ice for 20 minutes. Additional Photoprobe biotin (50 µl) was added and the biotinylation reaction was repeated. After extraction with butanol five times, the DNA was ethanol-precipitated and dissolved in 23 µl H₂O to form the driver DNA.

To form the tracer DNA, 10 µg prostate tumor cDNA library was digested with BamHI and XhoI, phenol chloroform extracted and passed through Chroma spin-400 columns (Clontech). Following ethanol precipitation, the tracer DNA was dissolved in 5 µl H₂O. Tracer DNA was mixed with 15 µl driver DNA and 20 µl of 2 x hybridization buffer (1.5 M NaCl/10 mM EDTA/50 mM HEPES pH 7.5/0.2% sodium dodecyl sulfate), overlaid with mineral oil, and heat-denatured completely. The sample was immediately transferred into a 68 °C water bath and incubated for 20 hours (long hybridization [LH]). The reaction mixture was then subjected to a streptavidin treatment followed by phenol/chloroform extraction. This process was repeated three more times. Subtracted DNA was precipitated, dissolved in 12 µl H₂O, mixed with 8 µl driver DNA and 20 µl of 2 x hybridization buffer, and subjected to a hybridization at 68 °C for 2 hours (short hybridization [SH]). After removal of biotinylated double-stranded DNA, subtracted cDNA was ligated into BamHI/XhoI site of chloramphenicol resistant pBCSK⁺ (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA 92037) and transformed into ElectroMax *E.*

coli DH10B cells by electroporation to generate a prostate tumor specific subtracted cDNA library (referred to as "prostate subtraction 1").

To analyze the subtracted cDNA library, plasmid DNA was prepared from 100 independent clones, randomly picked from the subtracted prostate tumor specific library and grouped based on insert size. Representative cDNA clones were further characterized by DNA sequencing with a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A (Foster City, CA). Six cDNA clones, hereinafter referred to as F1-13, F1-12, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4, were shown to be abundant in the subtracted prostate-specific cDNA library. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for F1-12 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 2 and 3, respectively, with determined 3' cDNA sequences for F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 1 and 4-7, respectively.

The cDNA sequences for the isolated clones were compared to known sequences in the gene bank using the EMBL and GenBank databases (release 96). Four of the prostate tumor cDNA clones, F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, and H1-4, were determined to encode the following previously identified proteins: prostate specific antigen (PSA), human glandular kallikrein, human tumor expression enhanced gene, and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. H1-9 was found to be identical to a previously identified human autonomously replicating sequence. No significant homologies to the cDNA sequence for F1-12 were found.

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of a full-length cDNA sequence for F1-12. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 107, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 108.

To clone less abundant prostate tumor specific genes, cDNA library subtraction was performed by subtracting the prostate tumor cDNA library described above with the normal pancreas cDNA library and with the three most abundant genes in the previously subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library: human glandular kallikrein, prostate specific antigen (PSA), and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. Specifically, 1 μ g each of human glandular kallikrein, PSA and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II cDNAs in pCDNA3.1 were added to the

driver DNA and subtraction was performed as described above to provide a second subtracted cDNA library hereinafter referred to as the "subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike".

Twenty-two cDNA clones were isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-17, L1-12, N1-1862, J1-13, J1-19, J1-25, J1-24, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4 and L1-14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11, 12-13, 14-15, 16-17, 18-19, 20-21, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27 and 28-29, respectively. The determined 3' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-12, J1-16, J1-21, K1-48, K1-55, L1-2, L1-6, N1-1858, N1-1860, N1-1861, N1-1864 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 30-40, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to three of the five most abundant DNA species, (J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862; SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11 and 12-13, respectively). Of the remaining two most abundant species, one (J1-12; SEQ ID NO:30) was found to be identical to the previously identified human pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, and the other (K1-48; SEQ ID NO:33) was determined to have some homology to *R. norvegicus* mRNA for 2-arylpropionyl-CoA epimerase. Of the 17 less abundant cDNA clones isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, four (J1-16, K1-55, L1-6 and N1-1864; SEQ ID NOS:31, 34, 36 and 40, respectively) were found to be identical to previously identified sequences, two (J1-21 and N1-1860; SEQ ID NOS: 32 and 38, respectively) were found to show some homology to non-human sequences, and two (L1-2 and N1-1861; SEQ ID NOS: 35 and 39, respectively) were found to show some homology to known human sequences. No significant homologies were found to the polypeptides J1-13, J1-19, J1-24, J1-25, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4, L1-14 (SEQ ID NOS: 14-15, 16-17, 20-21, 18-19, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27, 28-29, respectively).

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of full length cDNA sequences for J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862 (SEQ ID NOS: 109-111, respectively). The corresponding predicted amino acid sequences are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 112-114. L1-12 is also referred to as P501S.

In a further experiment, four additional clones were identified by subtracting a prostate tumor cDNA library with normal prostate cDNA prepared from a pool of three normal prostate poly A+ RNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 2"). The determined cDNA sequences for these clones, hereinafter referred to as U1-3064, U1-3065, V1-3692 and 1A-3905, are provided in SEQ ID NO: 69-72, respectively. Comparison of the determined sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to U1-3065.

A second subtraction with spike (referred to as "prostate subtraction spike 2") was performed by subtracting a prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike with normal pancreas cDNA library and further spiked with PSA, J1-17, pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, mitochondrial DNA, cytochrome c oxidase subunit II, N1-1862, autonomously replicating sequence, L1-12 and tumor expression enhanced gene. Four additional clones, hereinafter referred to as V1-3686, R1-2330, 1B-3976 and V1-3679, were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO:73-76, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to V1-3686 and R1-2330.

Further analysis of the three prostate subtractions described above (prostate subtraction 2, subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, and prostate subtraction spike 2) resulted in the identification of sixteen additional clones, referred to as 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1G-4734, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4810, 1I-4811, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 77-92, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4741, 1G-4734, 1I-4807, 1J-4876 and 1K-4896 (SEQ ID NOS: 79, 81, 87, 90 and 92, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4807, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 179-188 and 191-193,

respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1I-4810 and 1I-4811, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 189 and 190, respectively.

Additional studies with prostate subtraction spike 2 resulted in the isolation of three more clones. Their sequences were determined as described above and compared to the most recent GenBank. All three clones were found to have homology to known genes, which are Cysteine-rich protein, KIAA0242, and KIAA0280 (SEQ ID NO: 317, 319, and 320, respectively). Further analysis of these clones by Synteni microarray (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA) demonstrated that all three clones were over-expressed in most prostate tumors and prostate BPH, as well as in the majority of normal prostate tissues tested, but low expression in all other normal tissues.

An additional subtraction was performed by subtracting a normal prostate cDNA library with normal pancreas cDNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 3"). This led to the identification of six additional clones referred to as 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766, 1H-4770, 1H-4771 and 1H-4772 (SEQ ID NOS: 93-98). Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4761 and 1H-4771 (SEQ ID NOS: 93 and 97, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766 and 1H-4772 provided in SEQ ID NOS: 194-196 and 199, respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1H-4770 and 1H-4771, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 197 and 198, respectively.

Subtraction of a prostate tumor cDNA library, prepared from a pool of polyA⁺ RNA from three prostate cancer patients, with a normal pancreas cDNA library (prostate subtraction 4) led to the identification of eight clones, referred to as 1D-4297, 1D-4309, 1D-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280 (SEQ ID NOS: 99-107). These sequences were compared to those in the gene bank as described above. No significant homologies were found to 1D-4283 and 1D-4304 (SEQ ID NOS: 103 and 104, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1D-4309, 1D-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 200-206, respectively.

cDNA clones isolated in prostate subtraction 1 and prostate subtraction 2, described above, were colony PCR amplified and their mRNA expression levels in prostate tumor, normal prostate and in various other normal tissues were determined using microarray technology (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA). Briefly, the PCR amplification products were dotted onto slides in an array format, with each product occupying a unique location in the array. mRNA was extracted from the tissue sample to be tested, reverse transcribed, and fluorescent-labeled cDNA probes were generated. The microarrays were probed with the labeled cDNA probes, the slides scanned and fluorescence intensity was measured. This intensity correlates with the hybridization intensity. Two clones (referred to as P509S and P510S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate and expressed at low levels in all other normal tissues tested (liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon). The determined cDNA sequences for P509S and P510S are provided in SEQ ID NO: 223 and 224, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed some homology to previously identified ESTs.

Additional studies led to the isolation of the full-length cDNA sequence for P509S. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 332, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 339.

EXAMPLE 2

DETERMINATION OF TISSUE SPECIFICITY OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Using gene specific primers, mRNA expression levels for the representative prostate tumor polypeptides F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (also referred to as P502S), L1-12 (also referred to as P501S), F1-12 (also referred to as P504S) and N1-1862 (also referred to as P503S) were examined in a variety of normal and tumor tissues using RT-PCR.

Briefly, total RNA was extracted from a variety of normal and tumor tissues using Trizol reagent as described above. First strand synthesis was carried out using 1-2 μ g of total RNA with SuperScript II reverse transcriptase (BRL Life Technologies) at 42 °C for one hour. The cDNA was then amplified by PCR with gene-specific primers. To ensure the semi-quantitative nature of the RT-PCR, β -actin was used as an internal control for each of the tissues examined. First, serial dilutions of the first strand cDNAs were prepared and RT-PCR assays were performed using β -actin specific primers. A dilution was then chosen that enabled the linear range amplification of the β -actin template and which was sensitive enough to reflect the differences in the initial copy numbers. Using these conditions, the β -actin levels were determined for each reverse transcription reaction from each tissue. DNA contamination was minimized by DNase treatment and by assuring a negative PCR result when using first strand cDNA that was prepared without adding reverse transcriptase.

mRNA Expression levels were examined in four different types of tumor tissue (prostate tumor from 2 patients, breast tumor from 3 patients, colon tumor, lung tumor), and sixteen different normal tissues, including prostate, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, testes, bone marrow and brain. F1-16 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor tissue, colon tumor and normal prostate, and at lower levels in normal liver, skin and testes, with expression being undetectable in the other tissues examined. H1-1 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor, lung tumor, breast tumor, normal prostate, normal colon and normal brain, at much lower levels in normal lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, small intestine, bone marrow, and was not detected in the other tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) and L1-12 (P501S) appear to be specifically over-expressed in prostate, with both genes being expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate but at low to undetectable levels in all the other tissues examined. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors and detectable in normal colon and kidney. The RT-PCR results thus indicate that F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (P502S), N1-1862 (P503S) and L1-12 (P501S) are either prostate specific or are expressed at significantly elevated levels in prostate.

Further RT-PCR studies showed that F1-12 (P504S) is over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney but not detectable in all other tissues tested. Similarly, R1-2330 was shown to be over-expressed in 40% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney and liver, but not detectable in all other tissues tested. U1-3064 was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, and also expressed in breast and colon tumors, but was not detectable in normal tissues.

RT-PCR characterization of R1-2330, U1-3064 and 1D-4279 showed that these three antigens are over-expressed in prostate and/or prostate tumors.

Northern analysis with four prostate tumors, two normal prostate samples, two BPH prostates, and normal colon, kidney, liver, lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, brain, stomach, testes, small intestine and bone marrow, showed that L1-12 (P501S) is over-expressed in prostate tumors and normal prostate, while being undetectable in other normal tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) was detected in two prostate tumors and not in the other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in three prostate tumors and to be expressed in normal prostate, colon and kidney, but not in other tissues tested. F1-12 (P504S) was found to be highly expressed in two prostate tumors and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

The microarray technology described above was used to determine the expression levels of representative antigens described herein in prostate tumor, breast tumor and the following normal tissues: prostate, liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon. L1-12 (P501S) was found to be over-expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, with some expression being detected in normal skeletal muscle. Both J1-12 and F1-12 (P504S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor, with expression being lower or undetectable in all other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and at low levels in normal large intestine and normal colon, with expression being undetectable in all other tissues tested. R1-2330 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and to be expressed at lower levels in all other tissues tested. 1D-4279 was found to be over-

expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, expressed at lower levels in normal spinal cord, and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

Further microarray analysis to specifically address the extent to which P501S (SEQ ID NO: 110) was expressed in breast tumor revealed moderate over-expression not only in breast tumor, but also in metastatic breast tumor (2/31), with negligible to low expression in normal tissues. This data suggests that P501S may be over-expressed in various breast tumors as well as in prostate tumors.

The expression levels of 32 ESTs (expressed sequence tags) described by Vasmatzis *et al.* (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:300-304, 1998) in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by microarray technology as described above. Two of these clones (referred to as P1000C and P1001C) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and expressed at low to undetectable levels in all other tissues tested (normal aorta, thymus, resting and activated PBMC, epithelial cells, spinal cord, adrenal gland, fetal tissues, skin, salivary gland, large intestine, bone marrow, liver, lung, dendritic cells, stomach, lymph nodes, brain, heart, small intestine, skeletal muscle, colon and kidney. The determined cDNA sequences for P1000C and P1001C are provided in SEQ ID NO: 384 and 472, respectively. The sequence of P1001C was found to show some homology to the previously isolated Human mRNA for JM27 protein. No significant homologies were found to the sequence of P1000C.

The expression of the polypeptide encoded by the full length cDNA sequence for F1-12 (also referred to as P504S; SEQ ID NO: 108) was investigated by immunohistochemical analysis. Rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibodies were generated against the full length P504S protein by standard techniques. Subsequent isolation and characterization of the polyclonal antibodies were also performed by techniques well known in the art. Immunohistochemical analysis showed that the P504S polypeptide was expressed in 100% of prostate carcinoma samples tested (n=5).

The rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody did not appear to label benign prostate cells with the same cytoplasmic granular staining, but rather with light nuclear staining. Analysis of normal tissues revealed that the encoded polypeptide was found to be expressed in some, but not all normal human tissues. Positive

cytoplasmic staining with rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody was found in normal human kidney, liver, brain, colon and lung-associated macrophages, whereas heart and bone marrow were negative.

This data indicates that the P504S polypeptide is present in prostate cancer tissues, and that there are qualitative and quantitative differences in the staining between benign prostatic hyperplasia tissues and prostate cancer tissues, suggesting that this polypeptide may be detected selectively in prostate tumors and therefore be useful in the diagnosis of prostate cancer.

EXAMPLE 3

ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

A cDNA subtraction library, containing cDNA from normal prostate subtracted with ten other normal tissue cDNAs (brain, heart, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, placenta, skeletal muscle, spleen and thymus) and then submitted to a first round of PCR amplification, was purchased from Clontech. This library was subjected to a second round of PCR amplification, following the manufacturer's protocol. The resulting cDNA fragments were subcloned into the vector pT7 Blue T-vector (Novagen, Madison, WI) and transformed into XL-1 Blue MRF' *E. coli* (Stratagene). DNA was isolated from independent clones and sequenced using a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A.

Fifty-nine positive clones were sequenced. Comparison of the DNA sequences of these clones with those in the gene bank, as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 25 of these clones, hereinafter referred to as P5, P8, P9, P18, P20, P30, P34, P36, P38, P39, P42, P49, P50, P53, P55, P60, P64, P65, P73, P75, P76, P79 and P84. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 41-45, 47-52 and 54-65, respectively. P29, P47, P68, P80 and P82 (SEQ ID NO: 46, 53 and 66-68, respectively) were found to show some degree of homology to

previously identified DNA sequences. To the best of the inventors' knowledge, none of these sequences have been previously shown to be present in prostate.

Further studies using the PCR-based methodology described above resulted in the isolation of more than 180 additional clones, of which 23 clones were found to show no significant homologies to known sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 115-123, 127, 131, 137, 145, 147-151, 153, 156-158 and 160. Twenty-three clones (SEQ ID NO: 124-126, 128-130, 132-136, 138-144, 146, 152, 154, 155 and 159) were found to show some homology to previously identified ESTs. An additional ten clones (SEQ ID NO: 161-170) were found to have some degree of homology to known genes. Larger cDNA clones containing the P20 sequence represent splice variants of a gene referred to as P703P. The determined DNA sequence for the variants referred to as DE1, DE13 and DE14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 171, 175 and 177, respectively, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 172, 176 and 178, respectively. The determined cDNA sequence for an extended spliced form of P703 is provided in SEQ ID NO: 225. The DNA sequences for the splice variants referred to as DE2 and DE6 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 173 and 174, respectively.

mRNA Expression levels for representative clones in tumor tissues (prostate (n=5), breast (n=2), colon and lung) normal tissues (prostate (n=5), colon, kidney, liver, lung (n=2), ovary (n=2), skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, small intestine and brain), and activated and non-activated PBMC was determined by RT-PCR as described above. Expression was examined in one sample of each tissue type unless otherwise indicated.

P9 was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor compared to all normal tissues tested except for normal colon which showed comparable expression. P20, a portion of the P703P gene, was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to all twelve normal tissues tested. A modest increase in expression of P20 in breast tumor (n=2), colon tumor and lung tumor was seen compared to all normal tissues except lung (1 of 2). Increased expression of P18 was found in normal prostate, prostate tumor and breast tumor

compared to other normal tissues except lung and stomach. A modest increase in expression of P5 was observed in normal prostate compared to most other normal tissues. However, some elevated expression was seen in normal lung and PBMC. Elevated expression of P5 was also observed in prostate tumors (2 of 5), breast tumor and one lung tumor sample. For P30, similar expression levels were seen in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to six of twelve other normal tissues tested. Increased expression was seen in breast tumors, one lung tumor sample and one colon tumor sample, and also in normal PBMC. P29 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to the majority of normal tissues. However, substantial expression of P29 was observed in normal colon and normal lung (2 of 2). P80 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to all other normal tissues tested, with increased expression also being seen in colon tumor.

Further studies resulted in the isolation of twelve additional clones, hereinafter referred to as 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3. The determined DNA sequences for 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 207, 208, 209, 216, 217, 220, 221 and 222, respectively. The determined forward and reverse DNA sequences for 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6 and 8-g3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 210 and 211; 212 and 213; 214 and 215; and 218 and 219, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to the sequence of 9-f3. The clones 10-d8, 11-c8 and 8-h11 were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs, while 10-h10, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3 and 9-f12 were found to show some homology to previously identified genes. Further characterization of 7-G6 and 8-G3 showed identity to the known genes PAP and PSA, respectively.

mRNA expression levels for these clones were determined using the micro-array technology described above. The clones 7-G6, 8-G3, 8-B5, 8-B6, 8-D4, 8-D9, 9-F3, 9-F12, 9-H3, 10-A2, 10-A4, 11-C9 and 11-F2 were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, with expression in other tissues tested being low or undetectable. Increased expression of 8-F11 was seen in prostate tumor

and normal prostate, bladder, skeletal muscle and colon. Increased expression of 10-H10 was seen in prostate tumor and normal prostate, bladder, lung, colon, brain and large intestine. Increased expression of 9-B1 was seen in prostate tumor, breast tumor, and normal prostate, salivary gland, large intestine and skin, with increased expression of 11-C8 being seen in prostate tumor, and normal prostate and large intestine.

An additional cDNA fragment derived from the PCR-based normal prostate subtraction, described above, was found to be prostate specific by both microarray technology and RT-PCR. The determined cDNA sequence of this clone (referred to as 9-A11) is provided in SEQ ID NO: 226. Comparison of this sequence with those in the public databases revealed 99% identity to the known gene HOXB13.

Further studies led to the isolation of the clones 8-C6 and 8-H7. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 227 and 228, respectively. These sequences were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs.

PCR and hybridization-based methodologies were employed to obtain longer cDNA sequences for clone P20 (also referred to as P703P), yielding three additional cDNA fragments that progressively extend the 5' end of the gene. These fragments, referred to as P703PDE5, P703P6.26, and P703PX-23 (SEQ ID NO: 326, 328 and 330, with the predicted corresponding amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 327, 329 and 331, respectively) contain additional 5' sequence. P703PDE5 was recovered by screening of a cDNA library (#141-26) with a portion of P703P as a probe. P703P6.26 was recovered from a mixture of three prostate tumor cDNAs and P703PX_23 was recovered from cDNA library (#438-48). Together, the additional sequences include all of the putative mature serine protease along with part of the putative signal sequence. Further studies using a PCR-based subtraction library of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a pool of normal tissues (referred to as JP: PCR subtraction) resulted in the isolation of thirteen additional clones, seven of which did not share any significant homology to known GenBank sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these seven clones (P711P, P712P, novel 23, P774P, P775P, P710P and P768P) are provided in SEQ ID NO: 307-311, 313 and 315, respectively.

The remaining six clones (SEQ ID NO: 316 and 321-325) were shown to share some homology to known genes. By microarray analysis, all thirteen clones showed three or more fold over-expression in prostate tissues, including prostate tumors, BPH and normal prostate as compared to normal non-prostate tissues. Clones P711P, P712P, novel 23 and P768P showed over-expression in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues tested (n=29), and in the majority of normal prostate tissues (n=4), but background to low expression levels in all normal tissues. Clones P774P, P775P and P710P showed comparatively lower expression and expression in fewer prostate tumors and BPH samples, with negative to low expression in normal prostate.

The full-length cDNA for P711P was obtained by employing the partial sequence of SEQ ID NO: 307 to screen a prostate cDNA library. Specifically, a directionally cloned prostate cDNA library was prepared using standard techniques. One million colonies of this library were plated onto LB/Amp plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs which were picked up by these filters were denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P711P cDNA fragment of SEQ ID NO: 307 was radio-labeled and used to hybridize with these filters. Positive clones were selected, and cDNAs were prepared and sequenced using an automatic Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems sequencer. The determined full-length sequence of P711P is provided in SEQ ID NO: 382, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 383.

Using PCR and hybridization-based methodologies, additional cDNA sequence information was derived for two clones described above, 11-C9 and 9-F3, herein after referred to as P707P and P714P, respectively (SEQ ID NO: 333 and 334). After comparison with the most recent GenBank, P707P was found to be a splice variant of the known gene HoxB13. In contrast, no significant homologies to P714P were found.

Clones 8-B3, P89, P98, P130 and P201 (as disclosed in U.S. Patent Application No. 09/020,956, filed February 9, 1998) were found to be contained within one contiguous sequence, referred to as P705P (SEQ ID NO: 335, with the predicted

amino acid sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 336), which was determined to be a splice variant of the known gene NKX 3.1.

EXAMPLE 4

SYNTHESIS OF POLYPEPTIDES

Polypeptides may be synthesized on a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems 430A peptide synthesizer using Fmoc chemistry with HPTU (O-Benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate) activation. A Gly-Cys-Gly sequence may be attached to the amino terminus of the peptide to provide a method of conjugation, binding to an immobilized surface, or labeling of the peptide. Cleavage of the peptides from the solid support may be carried out using the following cleavage mixture: trifluoroacetic acid:ethanedithiol:thioanisole:water:phenol (40:1:2:2:3). After cleaving for 2 hours, the peptides may be precipitated in cold methyl-t-butyl-ether. The peptide pellets may then be dissolved in water containing 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) and lyophilized prior to purification by C18 reverse phase HPLC. A gradient of 0%-60% acetonitrile (containing 0.1% TFA) in water (containing 0.1% TFA) may be used to elute the peptides. Following lyophilization of the pure fractions, the peptides may be characterized using electrospray or other types of mass spectrometry and by amino acid analysis.

EXAMPLE 5

FURTHER ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

A cDNA library generated from prostate primary tumor mRNA as described above was subtracted with cDNA from normal prostate. The subtraction was performed using a PCR-based protocol (Clontech), which was modified to generate larger fragments. Within this protocol, tester and driver double stranded cDNA were

separately digested with five restriction enzymes that recognize six-nucleotide restriction sites (MluI, MscI, PvuII, SalI and StuI). This digestion resulted in an average cDNA size of 600 bp, rather than the average size of 300 bp that results from digestion with RsaI according to the Clontech protocol. This modification did not affect the subtraction efficiency. Two tester populations were then created with different adapters, and the driver library remained without adapters.

The tester and driver libraries were then hybridized using excess driver cDNA. In the first hybridization step, driver was separately hybridized with each of the two tester cDNA populations. This resulted in populations of (a) unhybridized tester cDNAs, (b) tester cDNAs hybridized to other tester cDNAs, (c) tester cDNAs hybridized to driver cDNAs and (d) unhybridized driver cDNAs. The two separate hybridization reactions were then combined, and rehybridized in the presence of additional denatured driver cDNA. Following this second hybridization, in addition to populations (a) through (d), a fifth population (e) was generated in which tester cDNA with one adapter hybridized to tester cDNA with the second adapter. Accordingly, the second hybridization step resulted in enrichment of differentially expressed sequences which could be used as templates for PCR amplification with adaptor-specific primers.

The ends were then filled in, and PCR amplification was performed using adaptor-specific primers. Only population (e), which contained tester cDNA that did not hybridize to driver cDNA, was amplified exponentially. A second PCR amplification step was then performed, to reduce background and further enrich differentially expressed sequences.

This PCR-based subtraction technique normalizes differentially expressed cDNAs so that rare transcripts that are overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue may be recoverable. Such transcripts would be difficult to recover by traditional subtraction methods.

In addition to genes known to be overexpressed in prostate tumor, seventy-seven further clones were identified. Sequences of these partial cDNAs are provided in SEQ ID NO: 29 to 305. Most of these clones had no significant homology to database sequences. Exceptions were JPTPN23 (SEQ ID NO: 231; similarity to pig

valosin-containing protein), JPTPN30 (SEQ ID NO: 234; similarity to rat mRNA for proteasome subunit), JPTPN45 (SEQ ID NO: 243; similarity to rat *norvegicus* cytosolic NADP-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase), JPTPN46 (SEQ ID NO: 244; similarity to human subclone H8 4 d4 DNA sequence), JP1D6 (SEQ ID NO: 265; similarity to *G. gallus* dynein light chain-A), JP8D6 (SEQ ID NO: 288; similarity to human BAC clone RG016J04), JP8F5 (SEQ ID NO: 289; similarity to human subclone H8 3 b5 DNA sequence), and JP8E9 (SEQ ID NO: 299; similarity to human Alu sequence).

Additional studies using the PCR-based subtraction library consisting of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a normal prostate pool (referred to as PT-PN PCR subtraction) yielded three additional clones. Comparison of the cDNA sequences of these clones with the most recent release of GenBank revealed no significant homologies to the two clones referred to as P715P and P767P (SEQ ID NO: 312 and 314). The remaining clone was found to show some homology to the known gene KIAA0056 (SEQ ID NO: 318). Using microarray analysis to measure mRNA expression levels in various tissues, all three clones were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumors and BPH tissues. Specifically, clone P715P was over-expressed in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues by a factor of three or greater, with elevated expression seen in the majority of normal prostate samples and in fetal tissue, but negative to low expression in all other normal tissues. Clone P767P was over-expressed in several prostate tumors and BPH tissues, with moderate expression levels in half of the normal prostate samples, and background to low expression in all other normal tissues tested.

Further analysis, by microarray as described above, of the PT-PN PCR subtraction library and of a DNA subtraction library containing cDNA from prostate tumor subtracted with a pool of normal tissue cDNAs, led to the isolation of 27 additional clones (SEQ ID NO: 340-365 and 381) which were determined to be over-expressed in prostate tumor. The clones of SEQ ID NO: 341, 342, 345, 347, 348, 349, 351, 355-359, 361, 362 and 364 were also found to be expressed in normal prostate. Expression of all 26 clones in a variety of normal tissues was found to be low or undetectable, with the exception of P544S (SEQ ID NO: 356) which was found to be

expressed in small intestine. Of the 26 clones, 10 (SEQ ID NO: 340-349) were found to show some homology to previously identified sequences. No significant homologies were found to the clones of SEQ ID NO: 350-365.

EXAMPLE 6

PEPTIDE PRIMING OF MICE AND PROPAGATION OF CTL LINES

6.1. This Example illustrates the preparation of a CTL cell line specific for cells expressing the P502S gene.

Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2.1 (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with P2S#12 peptide (VLGWVAEL; SEQ ID NO: 306), which is derived from the P502S gene (also referred to herein as J1-17, SEQ ID NO: 8), as described by Theobald et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:11993-11997, 1995 with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 100 μ g of P2S#12 and 120 μ g of an I-A^b binding peptide derived from hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and using a nylon mesh single cell suspensions prepared. Cells were then resuspended at 6×10^6 cells/ml in complete media (RPMI-1640; Gibco BRL, Gaithersburg, MD) containing 10% FCS, 2mM Glutamine (Gibco BRL), sodium pyruvate (Gibco BRL), non-essential amino acids (Gibco BRL), 2×10^{-5} M 2-mercaptoethanol, 50U/ml penicillin and streptomycin, and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P2S#12-pulsed (5mg/ml P2S#12 and 10mg/ml β 2-microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of 7 μ g/ml dextran sulfate and 25 μ g/ml LPS for 3 days). Six days later, cells (5×10^5 /ml) were restimulated with 2.5×10^6 /ml peptide pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells (Sherman et al, *Science* 258:815-818, 1992) and 3×10^6 /ml A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20U/ml IL-2. Cells continued to be restimulated on a weekly basis as described, in preparation for cloning the line.

P2S#12 line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells (1×10^4 cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells

as feeders (5×10^5 cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were restimulated as before. On day 21, clones that were growing were isolated and maintained in culture. Several of these clones demonstrated significantly higher reactivity (lysis) against human fibroblasts (HLA A2.1 expressing) transduced with P502S than against control fibroblasts. An example is presented in Figure 1.

This data indicates that P2S #12 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA A2.1 molecule.

6.2. This Example illustrates the preparation of murine CTL lines and CTL clones specific for cells expressing the P501S gene.

This series of experiments were performed similarly to that described above. Mice were immunized with the P1S#10 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 337), which is derived from the P501S gene (also referred to herein as L1-12, SEQ ID NO: 110). The P1S#10 peptide was derived by analysis of the predicted polypeptide sequence for P501S for potential HLA-A2 binding sequences as defined by published HLA-A2 binding motifs (Parker, KC, *et al*, *J. Immunol.*, 152:163, 1994). P1S#10 peptide was synthesized as described in Example 4, and empirically tested for HLA-A2 binding using a T cell based competition assay. Predicted A2 binding peptides were tested for their ability to compete HLA-A2 specific peptide presentation to an HLA-A2 restricted CTL clone (D150M58), which is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58. D150M58 CTL secretes TNF in response to self-presentation of peptide fluM58. In the competition assay, test peptides at 100-200 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ were added to cultures of D150M58 CTL in order to bind HLA-A2 on the CTL. After thirty minutes, CTL cultured with test peptides, or control peptides, were tested for their antigen dose response to the fluM58 peptide in a standard TNF bioassay. As shown in Figure 3, peptide P1S#10 competes HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58, demonstrating that peptide P1S#10 binds HLA-A2.

Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2.1 were immunized as described by Theobald *et al.* (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:11993-11997, 1995) with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 62.5 μg of P1S #10 and 120 μg

of an I-A^b binding peptide derived from Hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and single cell suspensions prepared using a nylon mesh. Cells were then resuspended at 6×10^6 cells/ml in complete media (as described above) and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P1S#10-pulsed ($2\mu\text{g/ml}$ P1S#10 and 10mg/ml β 2-microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of $7\mu\text{g/ml}$ dextran sulfate and $25\mu\text{g/ml}$ LPS for 3 days). Six days later cells ($5 \times 10^5/\text{ml}$) were restimulated with $2.5 \times 10^6/\text{ml}$ peptide-pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells, as described above, and $3 \times 10^6/\text{ml}$ A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20 U/ml IL-2. Cells were restimulated on a weekly basis in preparation for cloning. After three rounds of *in vitro* stimulations, one line was generated that recognized P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat targets as shown in Figure 4.

A P1S#10-specific CTL line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells (1×10^4 cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells as feeders (5×10^5 cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were restimulated as before. On day 21, viable clones were isolated and maintained in culture. As shown in Figure 5, five of these clones demonstrated specific cytolytic reactivity against P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets. This data indicates that P1S#10 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P501S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA-A2.1 molecule.

EXAMPLE 7

ABILITY OF HUMAN T CELLS TO RECOGNIZE PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

This Example illustrates the ability of T cells specific for a prostate tumor polypeptide to recognize human tumor.

Human CD8⁺ T cells were primed *in vitro* to the P2S-12 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 306) derived from P502S (also referred to as J1-17) using dendritic cells according to the protocol of Van Tsai et al. (*Critical Reviews in Immunology* 18:65-75, 1998). The resulting CD8⁺ T cell microcultures were tested for their ability to recognize the P2S-12 peptide presented by autologous fibroblasts or fibroblasts which were transduced to express the P502S gene in a γ -interferon ELISPOT assay (*see* Lalvani et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 186:859-865, 1997). Briefly, titrating numbers of T cells were assayed in duplicate on 10⁴ fibroblasts in the presence of 3 μ g/ml human β_2 -microglobulin and 1 μ g/ml P2S-12 peptide or control E75 peptide. In addition, T cells were simultaneously assayed on autologous fibroblasts transduced with the P502S gene or as a control, fibroblasts transduced with HER-2/*neu*. Prior to the assay, the fibroblasts were treated with 10 ng/ml γ -interferon for 48 hours to upregulate class I MHC expression. One of the microcultures (#5) demonstrated strong recognition of both peptide pulsed fibroblasts as well as transduced fibroblasts in a γ -interferon ELISPOT assay. Figure 2A demonstrates that there was a strong increase in the number of γ -interferon spots with increasing numbers of T cells on fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide (solid bars) but not with the control E75 peptide (open bars). This shows the ability of these T cells to specifically recognize the P2S-12 peptide. As shown in Figure 2B, this microculture also demonstrated an increase in the number of γ -interferon spots with increasing numbers of T cells on fibroblasts transduced to express the P502S gene but not the HER-2/*neu* gene. These results provide additional confirmatory evidence that the P2S-12 peptide is a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein. Furthermore, this also demonstrates that there exists in the human T cell repertoire, high affinity T cells which are capable of recognizing this epitope. These T cells should also be capable of recognizing human tumors which express the P502S gene.

EXAMPLE 8

PRIMING OF CTL *IN VIVO* USING NAKED DNA IMMUNIZATION WITH A PROSTATE ANTIGEN

The prostate tumor antigen L1-12, as described above, is also referred to as P501S. HLA A2Kb Tg mice (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with 100 µg VR10132-P501S either intramuscularly or intradermally. The mice were immunized three times, with a two week interval between immunizations. Two weeks after the last immunization, immune spleen cells were cultured with Jurkat A2Kb-P501S transduced stimulator cells. CTL lines were stimulated weekly. After two weeks of *in vitro* stimulation, CTL activity was assessed against P501S transduced targets. Two out of 8 mice developed strong anti-P501S CTL responses. These results demonstrate that P501S contains at least one naturally processed A2-restricted CTL epitope.

EXAMPLE 9

GENERATION OF HUMAN CTL *IN VITRO* USING WHOLE GENE PRIMING AND STIMULATION TECHNIQUES WITH PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN

Using *in vitro* whole-gene priming with P501S-retrovirally transduced autologous fibroblasts (see, for example, Yee et al, *The Journal of Immunology*, 157(9):4079-86, 1996), human CTL lines were derived that specifically recognize autologous fibroblasts transduced with P501S (also known as L1-12), as determined by interferon-γ ELISPOT analysis as described above. Using a panel of HLA-mismatched fibroblast lines transduced with P501S, these CTL lines were shown to be restricted HLA-A2 class I allele. Specifically, dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by growing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S vaccinia virus at a multiplicity of infection (M.O.I) of five, and matured

overnight by the addition of 3 µg/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation. CD8⁺ T cells were isolated using a magnetic bead system, and priming cultures were initiated using standard culture techniques. Cultures were restimulated every 7-10 days using autologous primary fibroblasts retrovirally transduced with P501S. Following four stimulation cycles, CD8⁺ T cell lines were identified that specifically produced interferon-γ when stimulated with P501S-transduced autologous fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity could be sustained by the continued stimulation of the cultures with P501S-transduced fibroblasts in the presence of IL-15. A panel of HLA-mismatched fibroblast lines transduced with P501S were generated to define the restriction allele of the response. By measuring interferon-γ in an ELISPOT assay, the P501S specific response was shown to be restricted by HLA-A2. These results demonstrate that a CD8⁺ CTL response to P501S can be elicited.

EXAMPLE 10

IDENTIFICATION OF A NATURALLY PROCESSED CTL EPITOPE CONTAINED WITHIN A PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN

The 9-mer peptide p5 (SEQ ID NO: 338) was derived from the P703P antigen (also referred to as P20). The p5 peptide is immunogenic in human HLA-A2 donors and is a naturally processed epitope. Antigen specific CD8⁺ T cells can be primed following repeated *in vitro* stimulations with monocytes pulsed with p5 peptide. These CTL specifically recognize p5-pulsed target cells in both ELISPOT (as described above) and chromium release assays. Additionally, immunization of HLA-A2 transgenic mice with p5 leads to the generation of CTL lines which recognize a variety of P703P transduced target cells expressing either HLA-A2Kb or HLA-A2. Specifically, HLA-A2 transgenic mice were immunized subcutaneously in the footpad with 100 µg of p5 peptide together with 140 µg of hepatitis B virus core peptide (a Th peptide) in Freund's incomplete adjuvant. Three weeks post immunization, spleen cells from immunized mice were stimulated *in vitro* with peptide-pulsed LPS blasts. CTL activity was assessed by chromium release assay five days after primary *in vitro*

stimulation. Retrovirally transduced cells expressing the control antigen P703P and HLA-A2Kb were used as targets. CTL lines that specifically recognized both p5-pulsed targets as well as P703P-expressing targets were identified.

Human *in vitro* priming experiments demonstrated that the p5 peptide is immunogenic in humans. Dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by culturing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, the DC were pulsed with p5 peptide and cultured with GM-CSF and IL-4 together with CD8+ T cell enriched PBMC. CTL lines were restimulated on a weekly basis with p5-pulsed monocytes. Five to six weeks after initiation of the CTL cultures, CTL recognition of p5-pulsed target cells was demonstrated.

EXAMPLE 11

EXPRESSION OF A BREAST TUMOR-DERIVED ANTIGEN IN PROSTATE

Isolation of the antigen B305D from breast tumor by differential display is described in US Patent Application No. 08/700,014, filed August 20, 1996. Several different splice forms of this antigen were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these splice forms are provided in SEQ ID NO: 366-375, with the predicted amino acid sequences corresponding to the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 292, 298 and 301-303 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 299-306, respectively.

The expression levels of B305D in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by real time PCR and by Northern analysis. The results indicated that B305D is highly expressed in breast tumor, prostate tumor, normal prostate tumor and normal testes, with expression being low or undetectable in all other tissues examined (colon tumor, lung tumor, ovary tumor, and normal bone marrow, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, skin, small intestine, stomach).

EXAMPLE 12

ELICITATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN-SPECIFIC CTL RESPONSES IN HUMAN BLOOD

This Example illustrates the ability of a prostate tumor antigen to elicit a CTL response in blood of normal humans.

Autologous dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal donors by growth for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml GMCSF and 30 ng/ml IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S-expressing vaccinia virus at an M.O.I. of 5 and matured for 8 hours by the addition of 2 micrograms/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation, CD8⁺ cells were isolated by positive selection using magnetic beads, and priming cultures were initiated in 24-well plates. Following five stimulation cycles, CD8⁺ lines were identified that specifically produced interferon-gamma when stimulated with autologous P501S-transduced fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity of cell line 3A-1 could be maintained following additional stimulation cycles on autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S. Line 3A-1 was shown to specifically recognize autologous B-LCL transduced to express P501S, but not EGFP-transduced autologous B-LCL, as measured by cytotoxicity assays (⁵¹Cr release) and interferon-gamma production (Interferon-gamma Elispot; *see above and Lalvani et al., J. Exp. Med.* 186:859-865, 1997). The results of these assays are presented in Figures 6A and 6B.

EXAMPLE 13

IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 372 clones were identified, and 319 were successfully sequenced. Table I presents a summary of these clones, which are shown in SEQ ID NOs:385-400. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:386, 389, 390 and 392 correspond to novel genes, and SEQ ID NOs: 393 and 396 correspond to previously identified sequences. The others (SEQ ID NOs:385, 387, 388, 391, 394, 395 and 397-400) correspond to known sequences, as shown in Table I.

Table I
Summary of Prostate Tumor Antigens

Known Genes	Previously identified Genes	Novel Genes
T-cell gamma chain	P504S	23379 (SEQ ID NO:389)
Kallikrein	P1000C	23399 (SEQ ID NO:392)
Vector	P501S	23320 (SEQ ID NO:386)
CGI-82 protein mRNA (23319; SEQ ID NO:385)	P503S	23381 (SEQ ID NO:390)
PSA	P510S	
Ald. 6 Dehyd.	P784P	
L-iditol-2 dehydrogenase (23376; SEQ ID NO:388)	P502S	
Ets transcription factor PDEF (22672; SEQ ID NO:398)	P706P	
hTGR (22678; SEQ ID NO:399)	19142.2, bangur.seq (22621; SEQ ID NO:396)	
KIAA0295(22685; SEQ ID NO:400)	5566.1 Wang(23404; SEQ ID NO:393)	
Prostatic Acid Phosphatase(22655; SEQ ID NO:397)	P712P	
transglutaminase (22611; SEQ ID NO:395)	P778P	
HDLBP (23508; SEQ ID NO:394)		
CGI-69 Protein(23367; SEQ ID NO:387)		
KIAA0122(23383; SEQ ID NO:391)		
TEEG		

CGI-82 showed 4.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as

compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 43% of prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate, not detected in other normal tissues tested. L-Iditol-2 dehydrogenase showed 4.94 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 90% of prostate tumors, 100% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Ets transcription factor PDEF showed 5.55 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate and not detected in other normal tissues tested. hTGR1 showed 9.11 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 63% of prostate tumors and is not detected in normal tissues tested including normal prostate. KIAA0295 showed 5.59 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% of prostate tumors, low to undetectable in normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Prostatic acid phosphatase showed 9.14 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 67% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Transglutaminase showed 14.84 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 30% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and is not detected in other normal tissues tested. High density lipoprotein binding protein (HDLBP) showed 28.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% of normal prostate, and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. CGI-69 showed 3.56 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It is a low abundant gene, detected in more than 90% of prostate tumors, and in 75% normal prostate tissues. The expression of this gene in normal tissues was very low. KIAA0122 showed 4.24 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 57% of prostate tumors, it was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. 19142.2 bangur showed 23.25 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors and 100% of

normal prostate. It was undetectable in other normal tissues tested. 5566.1 Wang showed 3.31 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% normal prostate and was also over-expressed in normal bone marrow, pancreas, and activated PBMC. Novel clone 23379 showed 4.86 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in 97% of prostate tumors and 75% normal prostate and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. Novel clone 23399 showed 4.09 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 27% of prostate tumors and was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Novel clone 23320 showed 3.15 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in all prostate tumors and 50% of normal prostate tissues. It was also expressed in normal colon and trachea. Other normal tissues do not express this gene at high level.

EXAMPLE 14

IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY ELECTRONIC SUBTRACTION

This Example describes the use of an electronic subtraction technique to identify prostate tumor antigens.

Potential prostate-specific genes present in the GenBank human EST database were identified by electronic subtraction (similar to that described by Vasmatizis et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:300-304, 1998). The sequences of EST clones (43,482) derived from various prostate libraries were obtained from the GenBank public human EST database. Each prostate EST sequence was used as a query sequence in a BLASTN (National Center for Biotechnology Information) search against the human EST database. All matches considered identical (length of matching sequence >100 base pairs, density of identical matches over this region > 70%) were grouped

(aligned) together in a cluster. Clusters containing more than 200 ESTs were discarded since they probably represented repetitive elements or highly expressed genes such as those for ribosomal proteins. If two or more clusters shared common ESTs, those clusters were grouped together into a "supercluster," resulting in 4,345 prostate superclusters.

Records for the 479 human cDNA libraries represented in the GenBank release were downloaded to create a database of these cDNA library records. These 479 cDNA libraries were grouped into three groups, Plus (normal prostate and prostate tumor libraries, and breast cell lines, in which expression was desired), Minus (libraries from other normal adult tissues, in which expression was not desirable), and Other (fetal tissue, infant tissue, tissues found only in women, non-prostate tumors and cell lines other than prostate cell lines, in which expression was considered to be irrelevant). A summary of these library groups is presented in Table II.

Table II
Prostate cDNA Libraries and ESTs

Library	# of Libraries	# of ESTs
Plus	25	43,482
Normal	11	18,875
Tumor	11	21,769
Cell lines	3	2,838
Minus	166	
Other	287	

Each supercluster was analyzed in terms of the ESTs within the supercluster. The tissue source of each EST clone was noted and used to classify the superclusters into four groups: Type 1- EST clones found in the Plus group libraries only; no expression detected in Minus or Other group libraries; Type 2- EST clones found in the Plus and Other group libraries only; no expression detected in the Minus group; Type 3- EST clones found in the Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the

expression in the Plus group is higher than in either the Minus or Other groups; and Type 4- EST clones found in Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the expression in the Plus group is higher than the expression in the Minus group. This analysis identified 4,345 breast clusters (*see* Table III). From these clusters, 3,172 EST clones were ordered from Research Genetics, Inc., and were received as frozen glycerol stocks in 96-well plates.

Table III
Prostate Cluster Summary

Type	# of Superclusters	# of ESTs Ordered
1	688	677
2	2899	2484
3	85	11
4	673	0
Total	4345	3172

The inserts were PCR-amplified using amino-linked PCR primers for Synteni microarray analysis. When more than one PCR product was obtained for a particular clone, that PCR product was not used for expression analysis. In total, 2,528 clones from the electronic subtraction method were analyzed by microarray analysis to identify electronic subtraction breast clones that had high tumor vs. normal tissue mRNA. Such screens were performed using a Synteni (Palo Alto, CA) microarray, according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Within these analyses, the clones were arrayed on the chip, which was then probed with fluorescent probes generated from normal and tumor prostate cDNA, as well as various other normal tissues. The slides were scanned and the fluorescence intensity was measured.

Clones with an expression ratio greater than 3 (*i.e.*, the level in prostate tumor cDNA was at least three times the level in normal prostate cDNA) were

identified as prostate tumor-specific sequences (Table IV). The sequences of these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOs:401-453, with certain novel sequences shown in SEQ ID NOs:407, 413, 416-419, 422, 426, 427 and 450.

Table IV
Prostate-tumor Specific Clones

SEQ ID NO.	Sequence Designation	Comments
401	22545	previously identified P1000C
402	22547	previously identified P704P
403	22548	known
404	22550	known
405	22551	PSA
406	22552	prostate secretory protein 94
407	22553	novel
408	22558	previously identified P509S
409	22562	glandular kallikrein
410	22565	previously identified P1000C
411	22567	PAP
412	22568	B1006C (breast tumor antigen)
413	22570	novel
414	22571	PSA
415	22572	previously identified P706P
416	22573	novel
417	22574	novel
418	22575	novel
419	22580	novel
420	22581	PAP
421	22582	prostatic secretory protein 94
422	22583	novel
423	22584	prostatic secretory protein 94
424	22585	prostatic secretory protein 94
425	22586	known
426	22587	novel
427	22588	novel
428	22589	PAP
429	22590	known
430	22591	PSA
431	22592	known
432	22593	Previously identified P777P

433	22594	T cell receptor gamma chain
434	22595	Previously identified P705P
435	22596	Previously identified P707P
436	22847	PAP
437	22848	known
438	22849	prostatic secretory protein 57
439	22851	PAP
440	22852	PAP
441	22853	PAP
442	22854	previously identified P509S
443	22855	previously identified P705P
444	22856	previously identified P774P
445	22857	PSA
446	23601	previously identified P777P
447	23602	PSA
448	23605	PSA
449	23606	PSA
450	23612	novel
451	23614	PSA
452	23618	previously identified P1000C
453	23622	previously identified P705P

EXAMPLE 15

FURTHER IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of additional prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 142 clones were identified and sequenced. Certain of these clones are shown in SEQ ID NOs:454-467. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:459-461 correspond to novel genes. The others (SEQ ID NOs:454-458 and 461-467) correspond to known sequences.

EXAMPLE 16

FURTHER CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN P710P

This Example describes the full length cloning of P710P.

The prostate cDNA library described above was screened with the P710P fragment described above. One million colonies were plated on LB/Ampicillin plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs picked up by these filters were then denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P710P fragment was radiolabeled and used to hybridize with the filters. Positive cDNA clones were selected and their cDNAs recovered and sequenced by an automatic ABI Sequencer. Four sequences were obtained, and are presented in SEQ ID NOs:468-471.

From the foregoing, it will be appreciated that, although specific embodiments of the invention have been described herein for the purposes of illustration, various modifications may be made without deviating from the spirit and scope of the invention. Accordingly, the present invention is not limited except as by the appended claims.

CLAIMS

1. An isolated polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472;

(b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and

(c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b).

2. An isolated polypeptide according to claim 1, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

3. An isolated polypeptide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 108, 112, 113, 114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 339 and 383.

4. An isolated polynucleotide encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof that differs in one or more

substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

5. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

6. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

7. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence that hybridizes, under moderately stringent conditions, to a sequence recited in any one of

SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

8. An isolated polynucleotide complementary to a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

9. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

10. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 9.

11. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according claim 8.

12. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 11.

13. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

14. A vaccine comprising a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

15. A vaccine according to claim 14, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

16. A vaccine according to claim 14, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

17. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 4, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

18. A vaccine comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 4, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

19. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

20. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

21. An isolated antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein that comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

22. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antibody or fragment thereof according to claim 18, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

23. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

24. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 23, wherein the antigen presenting cell is a dendritic cell or a macrophage.

25. A vaccine comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

26. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

27. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

28. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

29. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a polypeptide according to claim 1, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

30. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a polynucleotide according to claim 4, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

31. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antibody or antigen-

binding fragment thereof according to claim 21, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

32. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

33. A method according to claim 32, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

34. A method according to any one of claims 29-32, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.

35. A fusion protein comprising at least one polypeptide according to claim 1.

36. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises an expression enhancer that increases expression of the fusion protein in a host cell transfected with a polynucleotide encoding the fusion protein.

37. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises a T helper epitope that is not present within the polypeptide of claim 1.

38. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises an affinity tag.

39. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein according to claim 35.

40. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a fusion protein according to claim 32, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

41. A vaccine comprising a fusion protein according to claim 35, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

42. A vaccine according to claim 41, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

43. A vaccine according to claim 41, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

44. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 40, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

45. A vaccine comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 40, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

46. A vaccine according to claim 45, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

47. A vaccine according to claim 45, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

48. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 40 or claim 44.

49. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a vaccine according to claim 41 or claim 45.

50. A method for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;

wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the prostate tumor protein from the sample.

51. A method according to claim 50, wherein the biological sample is blood or a fraction thereof.

52. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated according to the method of claim 50.

53. A method for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of:

(i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;

(ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence provided in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;

(iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); and/or

(iv) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells.

54. An isolated T cell population, comprising T cells prepared according to the method of claim 53.

55. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population according to claim 54.

56. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

(i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;

(ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;

(iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or

(iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

such that T cells proliferate; and

(b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

57. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

- (a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
 - (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;
 - (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or
 - (iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);such that T cells proliferate;
- (b) cloning at least one proliferated cell; and
- (c) administering to the patient an effective amount of the cloned T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

58. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; and
 - (ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;
- (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and
- (c) comparing the amount of polypeptide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

59. A method according to claim 58, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.

60. A method according to claim 59, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

61. A method according to claim 58, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.

62. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent;

(c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and

(d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

63. A method according to claim 62, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.

64. A method according to claim 63, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

65. A method according to claim 62, wherein the cancer is a prostate cancer.

66. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and

(c) comparing the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

67. A method according to claim 66, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

68. A method according to claim 66, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

69. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor

protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide;

(c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and

(d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

70. A method according to claim 69, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

71. A method according to claim 69, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

72. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

- (a) one or more antibodies according to claim 21; and
- (b) a detection reagent comprising a reporter group.

73. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the antibodies are immobilized on a solid support.

74. A kit according to claim 73, wherein the solid support comprises nitrocellulose, latex or a plastic material.

75. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the detection reagent comprises an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or lectin.

76. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the reporter group is selected from the group consisting of radioisotopes, fluorescent groups, luminescent groups, enzymes, biotin and dye particles.

77. An oligonucleotide comprising 10 to 40 nucleotides that hybridize under moderately stringent conditions to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides.

78. A oligonucleotide according to claim 77, wherein the oligonucleotide comprises 10-40 nucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

79. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

- (a) an oligonucleotide according to claim 77; and
- (b) a diagnostic reagent for use in a polymerase chain reaction or hybridization assay.

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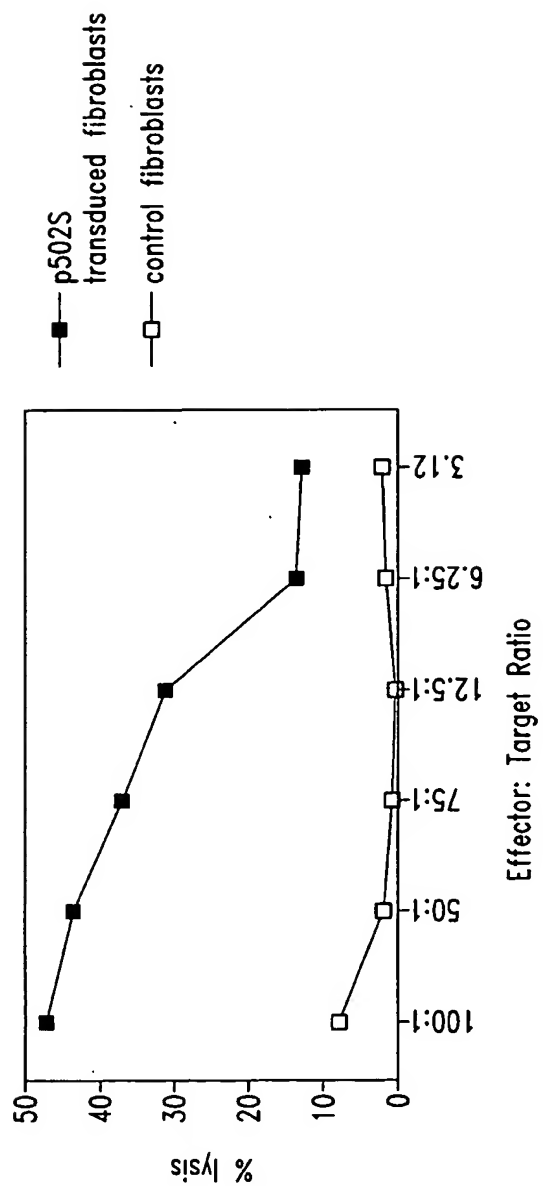
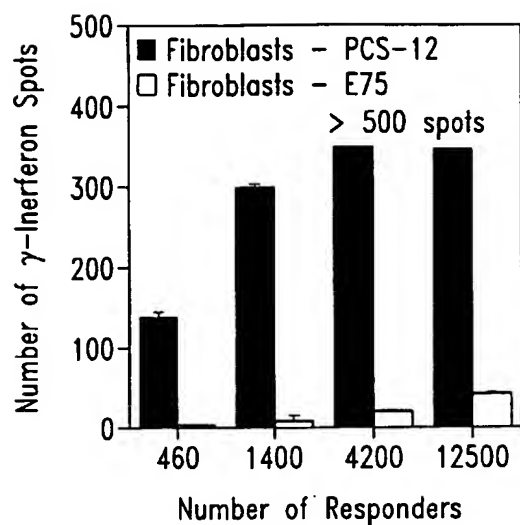
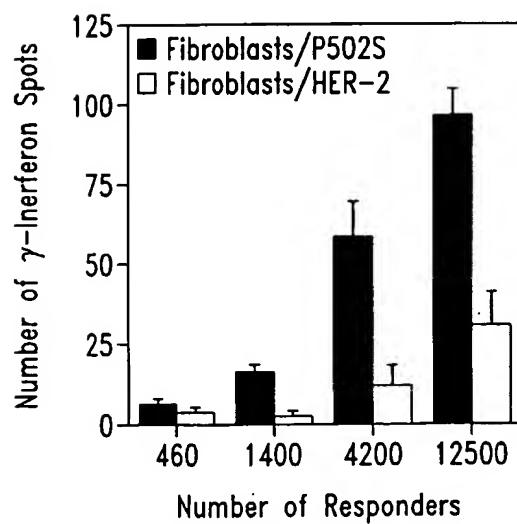


Fig. 1

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*Fig. 2A**Fig. 2B*

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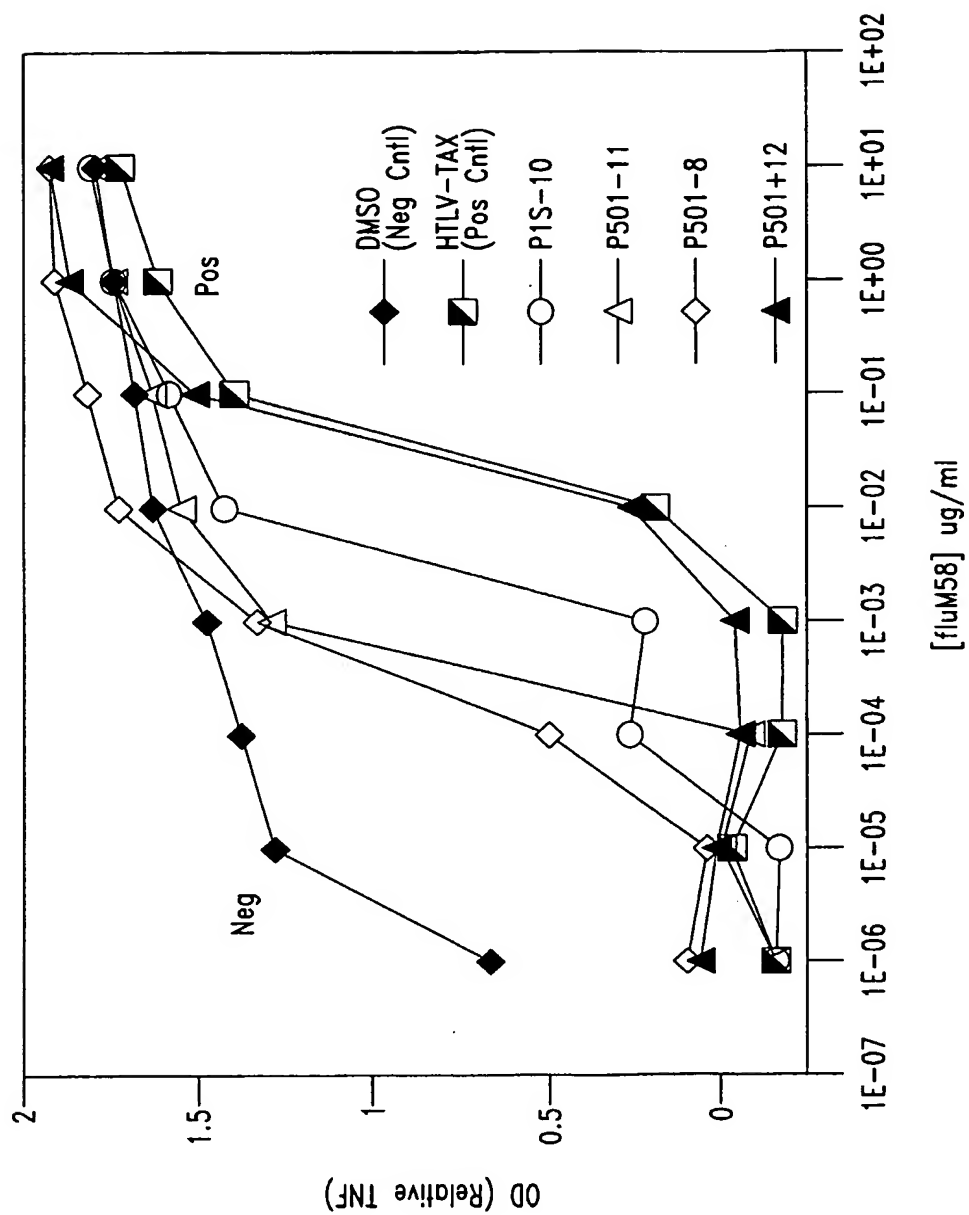


Fig. 3

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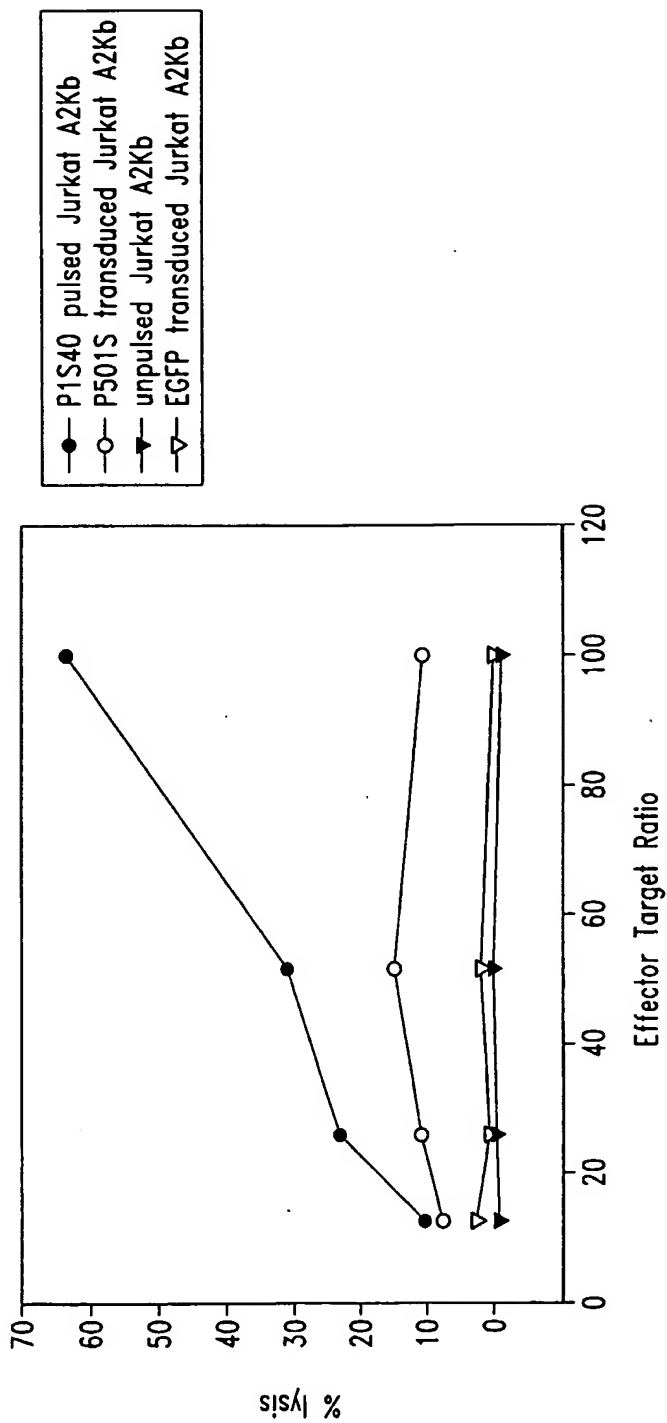


Fig. 4

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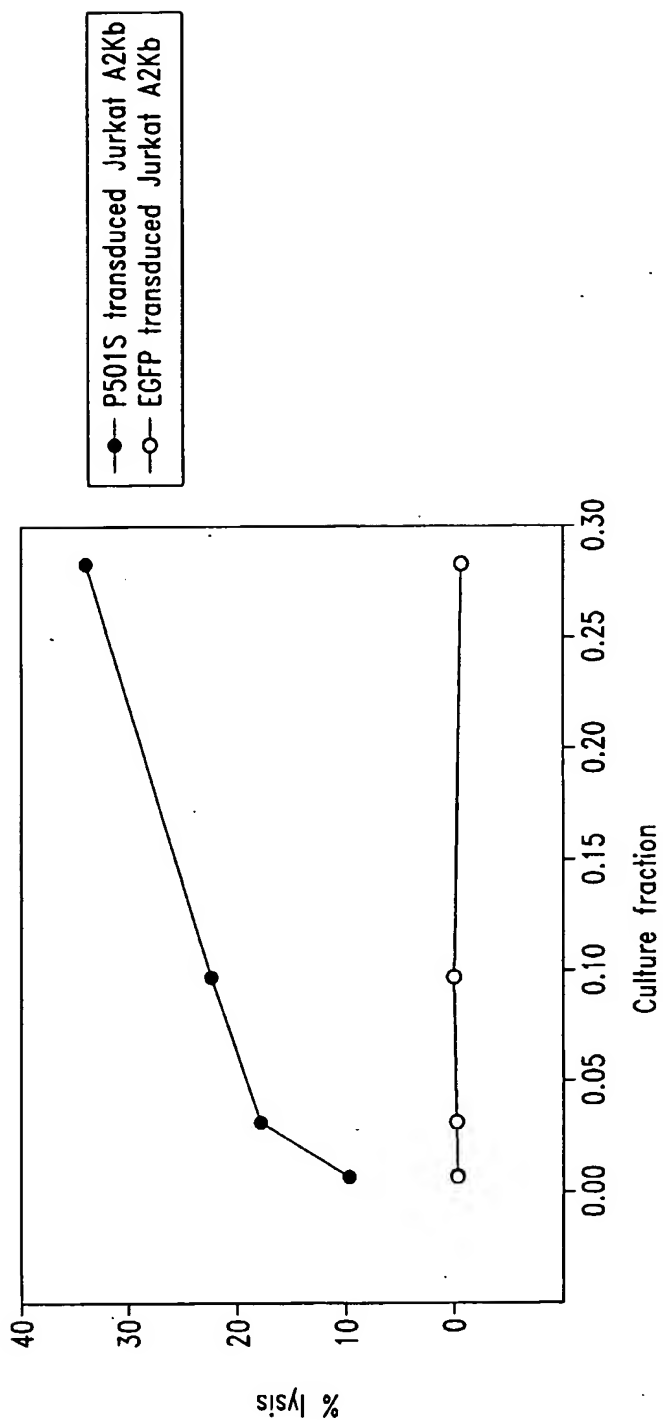
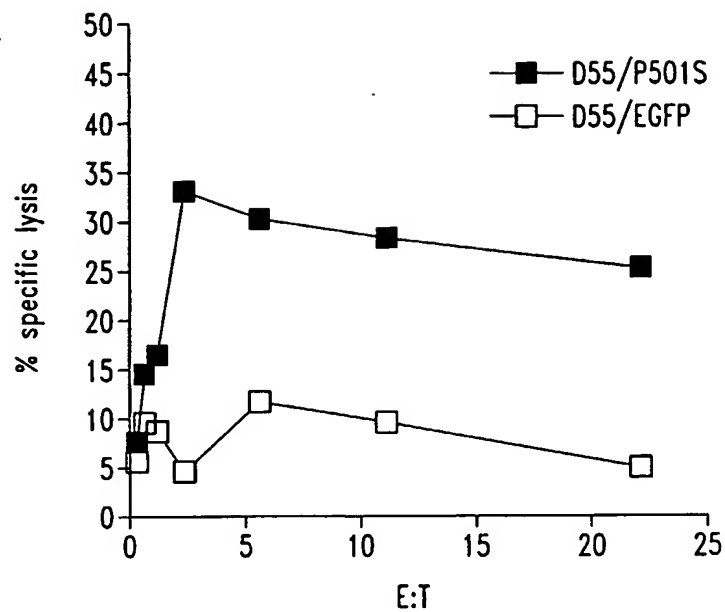
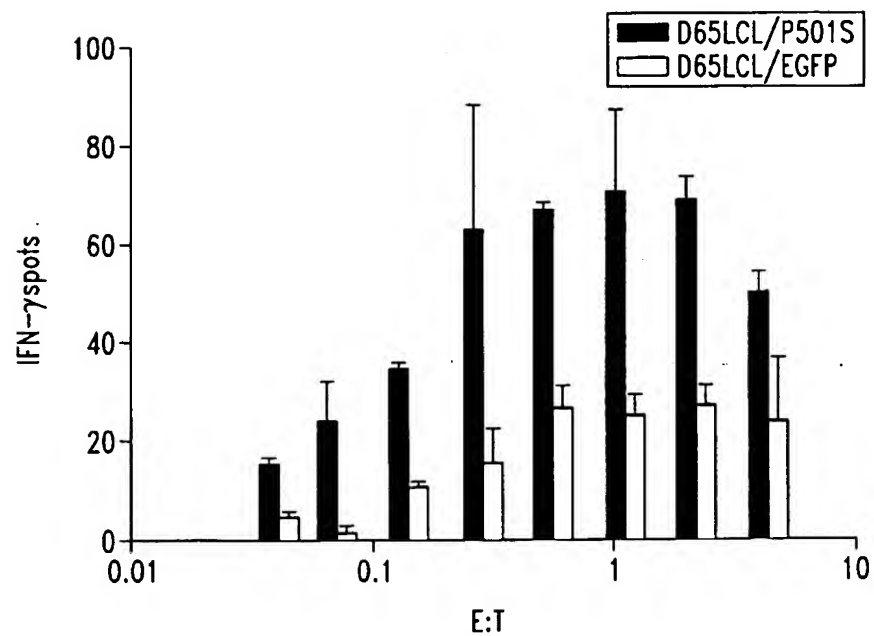


Fig. 5

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*Fig. 6A**Fig. 6B*

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tcctcaaaag tcagaaccgg agtcacacag gcatctgtgc cgtcaaagat ttgacaccac 180
tctgccttcg tcttctttgc aaatacatct gcaaaacttct tcttcatttc tggccaatca 240
tccatgctca tctgattggg aagttcatca gactttagtc canntccttt gatcagcagc 300
tcgtagaact ggggttctat tgctccaaca gccatgaatt ccccatctgc tgtcctgtaa 360
gtcgtataga aagggtgctc accatccaac atgttctgtc ctcgaggggg ggcccgggtac 420
ccaattcgcc ctatantgag tcgtattacg cgcgctcact ggccgctcgt ttacaacgtc 480
gtgactggga aaaccctggg cgttaccaac ttaatcgctt tgcagcacat cccccttcg 540
ccagctgggc gtaatancca aaaggccgc accgatcgcc cttccaacag ttgcgcacct 600
gaatgggnaa atgggacccc cctgttaccg cgcattnaac ccccgcnagg tttngttgtt 660
acccccacnt nnaccgctta cactttgcca gcgccttanc gcccgtccc tttcnccttt 720
cttcccttcc tttcncncn ctttcccccg gggtttcccc cntcaaacc cna 773

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<210> 4
<211> 828
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(828)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

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<400> 4
cctcctgagt cctactgacc tgtgctttct ggtgtggagt ccagggctgc taggaaaagg 60
aatgggcaga cacaggtgta tgccaatgtt tctgaaatgg gtataatttc gtcctctcct 120
tcggaacact ggctgtctct gaagacttct cgctcagttt cagtgaggac acacacaaag 180
acgtgggtga ccatgttggt tgtggggtgc agagatggga ggggtggggc ccaccctgga 240
agagtggaca gtgacacaag gtggacactc tctacagatc actgaggata agctggagcc 300
acaatgcatg aggcacacac acagcaagga tgacnctgta aacatagccc acgctgtcct 360
gngggcactg ggaagcctan atnaggccgt gagganaaag aaggggagga tccactagtt 420
ctanagcggc cgccaccgcg gtgganctcc ancttttgtt ccttttagtg agggtaatt 480
gcgcgcttgg cntaatcatg gtcatanctn tttcctgtgt gaaattgtta tccgctcaca 540
attccacaca acatacganc cggaaacata aantgtaaac ctggggtgcc taatgantga 600
ctaactcaca ttaattgcgt tgcgctcact gcccgcttcc caatcnggaa acctgtcttg 660
cncttgcatt tnatgaatcn gccaaacccc ggggaaaagg gtttgcgttt tgggcgctct 720
tccgcttcc cncctantta ntccctnnc tcggtcattc cggctgcngc aaaccggttc 780
accnctcca aagggggtat tccggtttcc cnaatccgg gganancc 828

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<210> 5
<211> 834
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(834)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 5

tttttttttt	tttttactga	tagatggaat	ttattaagct	tttcacatgt	gatagcacat	60
agttttaatt	gcatccaaag	tactaacaaa	aactctagca	atcaagaatg	gcagcatggt	120
attttataac	aatcaacacc	tgtggctttt	aaaattttgt	tttcataaga	taattttatac	180
tgaagtaaat	ctagccatgc	ttttaaaaaa	tgcttttaggt	cactccaagc	ttggcagtta	240
acattttggca	taaacaataa	taaaacaatc	acaattttaat	aaataacaaa	tacaacattg	300
taggccataa	tcatatacag	tataaggaaa	aggtggtagt	gttgagtaag	cagttattag	360
aatagaatac	cttggcctct	atgcaaatat	gtctagacac	tttgattcac	tcagccctga	420
cattcagttt	tcaaagtagg	agacagggtt	tacagtatca	ttttacagtt	tccaacacat	480
tgaaaacaag	tagaaaatga	tgagttgatt	tttattaatg	cattacatcc	tcaagagtta	540
tcaccaaaccc	ctcagttata	aaaaattttt	aagtatatatt	agtcataata	cttggtgtgc	600
ttatttttaa	ttagtgctaa	atggattaag	tgaagacaac	aatggtcccc	taatgtgatt	660
gatattgggc	atttttacca	gcttctaaat	ctnaactttc	aggcttttga	actggaacat	720
tgnatnacag	tgttccanag	tttncaccta	ctggaacatt	acagtgtgct	tgattcaaaa	780
tgttattttg	ttaaaaatta	aattttaacc	tggtggaaaa	ataatttgaa	atna	834

<210> 6
 <211> 818
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(818)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 6

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	aagaccctca	tcaatagatg	gagacataca	gaaatagtca	60
aaccacatct	acaaaatgcc	agtatcaggc	ggcggtctcg	aagccaaagt	gatgtttgga	120
tgtaaagtga	aattattagt	ggcggtatgaa	gcagatagtg	aggaaagtgt	agccaataat	180
gacgtgaagt	ccgtggaagc	ctgtggctac	aaaaaatggt	gagccgtaga	tgccgtcgga	240
aatgggtgaag	ggagactcga	agtactctga	ggcttgtagg	agggtaaaat	agagaccag	300
taaaattgta	ataagcagtg	cttgaattat	ttggtttcgg	ttgttttcta	ttagactatg	360
gtgagctcag	gtgattgata	ctctgatgc	gagtaatacg	gatgtgttta	ggagtgggac	420
ttctagggga	tttagcgggg	tgatgcctgt	tgggggccag	tgccctccta	gttggggggt	480
aggggctagg	ctggagtggt	aaaaggctca	gaaaaatcct	gcgaagaaaa	aaacttctga	540
ggtaataaat	aggattatcc	cgtatcgaag	gccttttttg	acagggtggt	tgtggtggcc	600
ttggtatgtg	ctttctcgtg	ttacatcgcg	ccatcattgg	tatatgggta	gtgtgttggg	660
ttantangg	ctantatgaa	gaacttttgg	antggaatta	aatcaatngc	ttggccggaa	720
gtcattanga	nggctnaaaa	ggcctgttta	ngggtctggg	ctnggtttta	cccnaccat	780
ggaatnccnc	ccccggacna	ntgnatccct	attcttaa			818

<210> 7
 <211> 817
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(817)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 7

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tggctctaga	gggggtagag	ggggtgctat	agggtaaata	60
cggggccctat	ttcaaagatt	tttaggggaa	ttaattctag	gacgatgggt	atgaaactgt	120
ggtttgctcc	acagatttca	gagcattgac	cgtagtatac	ccccggctcg	gtagcgggtga	180

aagtggtttg	gttttagacgt	ccgggaattg	catctgtttt	taagccta	gtggggacag	240
ctcatgagtg	caagacgtct	tgtgatgtaa	ttattatacn	aatgggggct	tcaatcggga	300
gtactactcg	attgtcaacg	tcaaggagtc	gcaggtcgcc	tggttctagg	aataatgggg	360
gaagtatgta	ggaattgaag	attaatccgc	cgtagtcggt	gttctcctag	gttcaatacc	420
attgggtggcc	aattgatttg	atggtaaggg	gagggatcgt	tgaactcgtc	tgttatgtaa	480
aggatncctt	ngggatggga	aggcnatnaa	ggactangga	tnaatggcgg	gcangatatt	540
tcaaacngtc	tctanttcct	gaaacgtctg	aaatgtta	aanaattaan	tttngttatt	600
gaatnttng	gaaaagggt	tacaggacta	gaaaccaa	angaaaanta	atnntaangg	660
cnttatcntn	aaaggtmata	accnctccta	tnatcccacc	caatngnatt	ccccacncnn	720
acnattggat	nccccanttc	canaaanggc	cncccccg	tgnannccnc	cttttgttcc	780
cttnantgan	ggttattcnc	ccctngcntt	atcance			817

<210> 8
 <211> 799
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(799)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 8						
catttcggg	ttactttct	aaggaaagcc	gagcggagc	tgctaacgtg	ggaatcgggtg	60
cataaggaga	actttctgct	ggcacgcgct	agggacaagc	gggagagcga	ctccgagcgt	120
ctgaagcgca	gctcccagaa	ggtggacttg	gcactgaaac	agctgggaca	catccgcgag	180
tacgaacagc	gcttgaaagt	gctggagcgg	gaggtccagc	agtgtagccg	cgtcctgggg	240
tgggtggccg	angcctganc	cgctctgcct	tgtgcccc	angtgggccc	ccacccccctg	300
acctgcctgg	gtccaaacac	tgagccctgc	tggcggactt	caagganaac	ccccacangg	360
ggattttgct	cctanantaa	ggctcatctg	ggcctcgccc	ccccacactg	gttggccttg	420
tctttgangt	gagccccatg	tccatctggg	ccactgtcng	gaccaccttt	ngggagtgtt	480
ctccttacaa	ccacannatg	cccggtcctt	cccggaacc	antcccance	tgngaaggat	540
caagncctgn	atccactnnt	nctanaaccg	gccnccnccg	cngtggaaac	cnccttntgt	600
tccttttcnt	tnagggttaa	tnncgccttg	gccttnccan	ngtcctncnc	ntttccnnt	660
gttnaaattg	ttangcncnc	nccnntcccn	cnnccnncan	cccgaaccnn	annttnnann	720
ncctgggggt	nccnncngat	tgaccnnc	nccctntant	tgcnttnggg	nncnntgccc	780
ctttccctct	nggganncg					799

<210> 9
 <211> 801
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(801)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 9						
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taangatgac	actcccaaag	gtggtcctga	cagtggccca	gatggacatg	gggctcacct	120
caaggacaag	gcaccagggt	gcggggggccg	aagcccacat	gatccttact	ctatgagcaa	180
aatcccctgt	gggggcttct	ccttgaagtc	cgccancagg	gctcagtctt	tggaccang	240
caggatcatg	ggttgtnngc	caactggggg	ccncaacgca	aaanggcnc	gggcctcngn	300
cacccatccc	angacgcggc	tacactnctg	gacctccccc	tccaccactt	tcatgcgctg	360
ttcntaccgc	cgnatntgtc	ccanctgttt	cngtgcenac	tccancttct	nggacgtgcg	420
ctacatacgc	ccggantcnc	nctcccgttt	tgtccctatc	cacgtneccan	caacaaattt	480
cncntantg	caccnattcc	caenttttnc	agntttccnc	nncngncttc	cttntaaaag	540
ggttganc	cggaaaatnc	cccaaagggg	gggggcccng	tacccaactn	ccccctnata	600
gctgaantcc	ccatnaccnn	gnctcnatgg	ancntccnt	tttaannacn	ttctnaactt	660
gggaanance	ctcgnccntn	ccccenttaa	tccncccttg	cnaangnnct	cccccnntcc	720
nccnntnng	gcntntnann	cnaaaaaggc	ccnnnanc	tctcctnn	cctcanttgc	780

ccanccctcg aaatcgccn c

801

<210> 10
 <211> 789
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(789)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 10
 cagtctatnt ggccagtgtg gcagctttcc ctgtggctgc cggtgccaca tgcctgtccc 60
 acagtgtggc cgtggtgaca gcttcagccg ccctcaccgg gttcaccttc tcagccctgc 120
 agatccctgcc ctacacactg gcctccctct accaccggga gaagcagggtg ttcttgccca 180
 aataccgagg ggacactgga ggtgctagca gtgaggacag cctgatgacc agcttcctgc 240
 caggccctaa gcctggagct cccttcccta atggacacgt ggggtgctgga ggcagtggcc 300
 tgctcccacc tccaccgcg ctctgcgggg cctctgcctg tgatgtctcc gtacgtgtgg 360
 tgggtgggtga gcccaccgan gccagggtgg ttccggggcc gggcatctgc ctggacctgc 420
 ccatacctgga tagtgcttcc tgctgtccca ngtggcccca tccctgttta tgggtccat 480
 tgtccagctc agccagtctg tcaactgccta tatggtgtct gccgcaggcc tgggtctggt 540
 cccatttact ttgctacaca ggtantattt gacaagaacg anttggccaa atactcagcg 600
 ttaaaaaatt ccagcaacat tgggggtgga aggcctgcct cactgggtcc aactccccgc 660
 tcctgttaac cccatggggc tgccggcttg gccccaatt tctgttgctg ccaaantnat 720
 gtggctctct gctgccacct gttgctggct gaagtgcnta cngcncanct nggggggtn 780
 gngttccc 789

<210> 11
 <211> 772
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(772)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 11
 cccaccctac ccaaataatta gacaccaaca cagaaaagct agcaatggat tcccttctac 60
 tttgttaaat aataaagtta aatattttaa tgctgtgtc tctgtgatgg caacagaagg 120
 accaacaggc cacatcctga taaaaggtaa gaggggggtg gatcagcaaa aagacagtgc 180
 tgtgggctga ggggacctgg ttcttgtgtg ttgcccctca ggactcttcc cctacaaata 240
 actttcatat gttcaaatac catggaggag tgtttcatcc tagaaactcc catgcaagag 300
 ctacattaaa cgaagctgca ggttaagggg cttanagatg ggaaaccagg tgactgaagt 360
 tattcagctc ccaaaaaccc ttctctaggt gtgtctcaac taggaggcta gctgttaacc 420
 ctgagcctgg gtaatccacc tgcagagtcc ccgcattcca gtgcatggaa cccttctggc 480
 ctccctgtat aagtccagac tgaaccccc ttggaaggnc tccagtcagg cagccctana 540
 aactggggaa aaaaagaaaag gacgccccan ccccagctg tgcanctacg cacctcaaca 600
 gcacagggtg gcagcaaaaa aaccacttta ctttggcaca aacaaaaact ngggggggca 660
 accccggcac cccnangggg gttaacagga ancngggnaa cntggaaccc aattnaggca 720
 ggcncnccac ccnaatntt gctgggaaat ttttctccc cttaaattnt tc 772

<210> 12
 <211> 751
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(751)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 12

gcccccaattc	cagctgccac	accacccacg	gtgactgcat	tagttcggat	gtcatacaaa	60
agctgattga	agcaaccctc	tacttttttg	tcgtgagcct	tttgcttgg	gcaggtttca	120
ttggctgtgt	tggtgacgtt	gtcattgcaa	cagaatggg	gaaaggcact	gttctctttg	180
aagtangtg	agtcctcaaa	atccgtatag	ttggtgaagc	cacagcactt	gagccctttc	240
atggtggtgt	tccacacttg	agtgaagtct	tcctgggaac	cataatcttt	cttgatggca	300
ggcactacca	gcaacgtcag	ggaagtgtc	agccattgtg	gtgtacacca	aggcgaccac	360
agcagctgcn	acctcagcaa	tgaagatgan	gaggangatg	aagaagaacg	tcncgagggc	420
acacttgctc	tcagtcttan	caccatanca	gcccntgaaa	accaananca	aagaccacna	480
cncgggtgc	gatgaagaaa	tnaccccneg	ttgacaaact	tgcatggcac	tggganccac	540
agtggcccn	aaaatcttca	aaaaggatgc	cccatcnatt	gaccccccaa	atgccactg	600
ccaacagggg	ctgccccacn	cncnnaacga	tganccnatt	gnacaagatc	tncntggtct	660
tnatnaacnt	gaaccctgcn	tngtggctcc	tgttcaggnc	cnnngcctga	cttctnaann	720
aangaactcn	gaagncccca	cngganannc	g			751

<210> 13

<211> 729

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(729)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 13

gagccaggcg	tcctctgcc	tgcccactca	gtggcaacac	ccgggagctg	ttttgtcctt	60
tgtgganct	cagcagtncc	ctctttcaga	actcantgcc	aaganccctg	aacaggagcc	120
accatgcagt	gcttcagctt	cattaagacc	atgatgatcc	tcttcaattt	gtcatcttt	180
ctgtgtggtg	cagccctgtt	ggcagtgggc	atctgggtgt	caatcgatgg	ggcatccttt	240
ctgaagatct	tcgggccact	gtcgtccagt	gccatgcagt	ttgtcaacgt	gggctacttc	300
ctcatgcgag	ccggcgttgt	ggtcttagct	ctaggtttcc	tgggctgcta	tgggtgctaag	360
actgagagca	agtgtgccct	cgtgacgttc	ttcttcaccc	tcctcctcat	cttcattgct	420
gaggttgcaa	tgctgtggtc	gccttggtgt	acaccacaat	ggctgagcac	ttcctgacgt	480
tgctggtaat	gcctgccatc	aanaaaagat	tatgggttcc	caggaaanact	tcactcaagt	540
gttggaacac	caccatgaaa	gggctcaagt	gctgtggctt	cnnccaacta	tacggatttt	600
gaagantcac	ctacttcaaa	gaaaanagtg	cctttccccc	atttctgttg	caattgacaa	660
acgtcccaa	cacagccaat	tgaaaacctg	cacccaaccc	aaangggctc	ccaaccanaa	720
attnaaggg						729

<210> 14

<211> 816

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(816)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 14

tgctcttct	caaagtgtt	cttgttgcca	taacaaccac	cataggtaaa	gcgggcgag	60
tgttcgctga	aggggtgtga	gtaccagcgc	gggatgctct	ccttgagag	tcctgtgtct	120
ggcaggtcca	cgagtgccc	tttgtcactg	gggaaatgga	tgcgctggag	ctcgtcaaa	180
ccactcgtgt	atthttcaca	ggcagcctcg	tcgcagcgt	cggggcagtt	gggggtgtct	240
tcacactcca	gaaaactgtc	natgcagcag	ccattgctgc	agcggaactg	ggtgggctga	300
cangtgccag	agcacactgg	atggcgctt	tccatggnan	gggccctgng	ggaaagtccc	360
tgancccan	anctgcctct	caaangcccc	accttgacac	ccccgacagg	ctagaatgga	420
atcttcttcc	cgaaaggtag	ttnttcttgt	tgcccaancc	ancccntaa	acaaactctt	480
gcanatctgc	tccngggggg	tcntantacc	ancgtgggaa	aagaacccca	ggcngcgaa	540
caancttgtt	tggtatncgaa	gcnataatct	nctnttctgc	ttggtggaca	gcaccantna	600

ctgtnnanct	ttagnccntg	gtcctcntgg	gttgnncttg	aacctaatcn	ccnntcaact	660
gggacaaggt	aantngccnt	cctttnaatt	cccnancntn	ccccctggtt	tggggttttn	720
cncnctccta	ccccagaaan	nccgtgttcc	cccccaacta	ggggccnaaa	ccnnttnttc	780
cacaaccctn	ccccaccac	gggttcngnt	ggttng			816

<210> 15
 <211> 783
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(783)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

ccaaggcctg	ggcaggcata	nacttgaagg	tacaacccca	ggaacccctg	gtgctgaagg	60
atgtggaaaa	cacagattgg	cgctactgc	ggggtgacac	ggatgtcagg	gtagagagga	120
aagaccctaa	ccaggtggaa	ctgtggggac	tcaaggaang	cacctacctg	ttccagctga	180
cagtgactag	ctcagaccac	ccagaggaca	cggccaacgt	cacagtcaact	gtgctgtcca	240
ccaagcagac	agaagactac	tgcctcgcac	ccaacaangt	gggtcgctgc	cggggctctt	300
tcccacgctg	gtactatgac	cccacggagc	agatctgcaa	gagtttcgtt	tatggaggct	360
gcttgggcaa	caagaacaac	taccttcggg	aagaagagtg	cattctancc	tgtcnggggtg	420
tgcaagggtg	gcctttgana	ngcanctctg	gggctcangc	gactttcccc	cagggccctt	480
ccatggaaaag	gcgccatcca	ntgttctctg	gcacctgtca	gcccaccag	ttccgctgca	540
ncaatggctg	ctgcacnac	antttcctng	aattgtgaca	acaccccca	ntgcccccaa	600
ccctcccaac	aaagcttccc	tgtnaaaaa	tacnccantt	ggcttttnac	aaacncccg	660
cncctcctnt	ttcccnntn	aacaaagggc	nctngcnttt	gaactgccn	aaccnnggaa	720
tctnccnngg	aaaaantncc	ccccctggtt	cctnnaancc	cctccncaa	anctncccc	780
ccc						783

<210> 16
 <211> 801
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(801)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

gccccaatc	cagctgccac	accacccaag	gtgactgcat	tagttcggat	gtcatacaaa	60
agctgattga	agcaaccctc	tactttttgg	tcgtgagcct	tttgcttgg	gcagggtttca	120
ttggctgtgt	tggtgacgtt	gtcattgcaa	cagaatgggg	gaaaggcact	gttctctttg	180
aagtaggggtg	agtcctcaaa	atccgtatag	ttggtgaagc	cacagcactt	gagccctttc	240
atggtggtgt	tccacacttg	agtgaagtct	tcctgggaac	cataatcttt	cttgatggca	300
ggcactacca	gcaacgtcag	gaagtgtcga	gccattgtgg	tgtacaccaa	ggcgaccaca	360
gcagctgcaa	cctcagcaat	gaagatgagg	aggaggatga	agaagaacgt	cncgagggca	420
cacttgctct	ccgtcttagc	accatagcag	cccangaaac	caagagcaaa	gaccacaacg	480
ccngctgcga	atgaaagaaa	ntacccaagt	tgacaaactg	catggccact	ggacgcacgt	540
tggcccgaan	atcttcagaa	aagggatgcc	ccatcgattg	aacacccana	tgccactgc	600
cnacagggct	gcncncncn	gaaagaatga	gccattgaag	aaggatcnc	ntggctcttaa	660
tgaactgaaa	ccntgcatgg	tggcccctgt	tcagggctct	tggcagtga	ttctganaaa	720
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ggccaaggan	ccctgccccn	g				801

<210> 17
 <211> 740
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(740)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 17
 gtgagagcca ggcgtccctc tgccctgccca ctcagtggca acacccggga gctgttttgt 60
 cctttgtgga gcctcagcag ttccctcttt cagaactcac tgccaagagc cctgaacagg 120
 agccaccatg cagtgcattca gcttcattaa gaccatgatg atcctcttca atttgctcat 180
 ctttctgtgt ggtgcagccc tgttgccagt gggcatctgg gtgtcaatcg atggggcatc 240
 ctttctgaag atcttcgggc cactgtcgtc cagtgccatg cagtttgtca acgtgggcta 300
 cttcctcatc gcagccggcg ttgtggtctt tgctcttggg ttcttgggct gctatggtgc 360
 taagacggag agcaagtgtg ccctcgtgac gttcttcttc atcctcctcc tcacttctcat 420
 tgctgaagtt gcagctgctg tggtcgcctt ggtgtacacc acaatggctg aaccattcct 480
 gacgttgctg gtantgcctg ccatcaanaa agattatggg ttcccaggaa aaattcactc 540
 aantntggaa caccnccatg aaaagggctc caatttctgn tggcttcccc aactataccg 600
 gaattttgaa agantcnccc tacttccaaa aaaaaanant tgcttttnc cccnttctgt 660
 tgcaatgaaa acntcccaan acngccaatn aaaacctgcc cnnncaaaaa ggntcncaaa 720
 caaaaaaant nnaaggggtt 740

<210> 18
 <211> 802
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(802)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 18
 ccgctgggtg cgtcgtgccca gngnagccac gaagcacgtc agcatataca gcctcaatca 60
 caaggtcttc cagctgccgc acattacgca gggcaagagc ctccagcaac actgcatatg 120
 ggatacactt tacttttagca gccaggggtga caactgagag gtgtcgaagc ttattcttct 180
 gagcctctgt tagtggagga agattccggg cttcagctaa gtatgcagcg tatgtcccat 240
 aagcaaacac tgtgagcagc cggaaggtag aggcaaagtc actctcagcc agctctctaa 300
 cattgggcatt gtccagcagt tctccaaaca cgtagacacc agnggcctcc agcacctgat 360
 ggatgagtgt ggccagcgct gcccccttgg ccgacttggc taggagcaga aattgctcct 420
 ggttctgccc tgtcaccttc acttccgcac tcactactgc actgagtgtg ggggacttgg 480
 gctcaggatg tccagagacg tggttccgnc ccctcnctta atgacaccgn ccanncaacc 540
 gtcggctccc gccgantgng ttcgtcgtnc ctgggtcagg gtctgctggc cnetacttgc 600
 aancctcgtc nggcccatgg aattcacenc accgggaactn gtangatcca ctnnttctat 660
 aaccggnccg caccgcnntt ggaactccac tcttnttnc tttacttgag ggttaaggtc 720
 acccttnncc ttaccttggg ccaaacntn cntgtgtcgt anatngtnaa tcnggnccna 780
 tnccanccnc atangaagcc ng 802

<210> 19
 <211> 731
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(731)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 19
 cnaagcttcc aggtnacggg ccgcnaancc tgaccnagg tancanaang cagnncgagg 60
 gagcccaccg tcacngngng gngtctttat nggagggggc ggagccacat cnctggacnt 120
 cntgacccca actccccncc nncantgca gtgatgagtg cagaactgaa ggtnacgtgg 180
 caggaaccaa gancaaannc tgctccnntc caagtccgcn nagggggcgg ggctggccac 240
 gcncatcent cnaagtctgn aaagcccnnc cctgtctact tgtttgagga acngcnngga 300

catgccagc	gttanataac	nggcngagag	tnantttgcc	tctcccttcc	ggctgcgcac	360
cgngtntgct	tagnggacat	aacctgacta	cttaactgaa	cccnngaate	tnccnccct	420
ccactaagct	cagaacaaaa	aacttcgaca	ccactcantt	gtcacctgnc	tgctcaagta	480
aagtgtaccc	catncccaat	gtntgctnga	ngctctgncc	tgcnttangt	tcggtcctgg	540
gaagacctat	caattnaagc	tatgtttctg	actgcctctt	gtcccttgna	acaancnacc	600
cnnnntcca	agggggggnc	ggcccccaat	ccccccaacc	ntnaattnan	tttancccn	660
ccccnggcc	cggcctttta	cnancntonn	nnaacnggna	aaaccnngc	tttncccaac	720
nnaatccncc	t					731

<210> 20
 <211> 754
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(754)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 20						
tttttttttt	tttttttttt	taaaaacccc	ctccattnaa	tgnaaacttc	cgaaattgtc	60
caacccccctc	ntccaaatnn	ccntttccgg	gnnggggttc	caaaccsaan	ttanntttgg	120
annttaaat	aaatnttnt	tgngggnna	anccnaatgt	nangaaagtt	naaccanta	180
tnacttnaa	tncttgaaa	ccngtngntt	ccaaaaatnt	ttaaccctta	antccctccg	240
aaatngttna	nggaaaaccc	aahttctcnt	aaggttggtt	gaaggntnaa	tnaaaaancc	300
nnccaattgt	tttngccac	gcctgaatta	attggnntcc	gntgttttcc	nttaaaanaa	360
ggnnancccc	ggttantnaa	tcccccnnc	ccaattata	ccganttttt	ttngaattgg	420
gancccnccg	gaattaacgg	ggnnntccc	tnntgggggg	cnggnncccc	ccccntcggg	480
ggttngggnc	aggnccnaat	tgtttaaggg	tccgaaaaat	ccctccnaga	aaaaaanctc	540
ccaggtgag	nnnggggtt	cccccccccc	cangggccct	ctcgnanagt	tggtgtttgg	600
ggggcctggg	attttntttc	ccctnttnc	tcccccccc	ccnggganag	aggttngngt	660
tttgntcnnc	ggccccnccn	aaganccttn	ccganttnan	ttaaatccnt	gcctnggcga	720
agtcctntgn	agggntaaan	ggccccctnn	cggg			754

<210> 21
 <211> 755
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(755)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 21						
atcanccat	gacccnaac	nnnggaccnc	tcanccggnc	nnncnaccnc	cgcccnatca	60
nngtagnnnc	actncnnttn	natcacnccc	cnccnactac	gccnncnanc	cnacgcncta	120
nncanatancc	actganngcg	cgangtngan	ngagaaanct	nataccanag	ncaccanacn	180
ccagctgtcc	nanaangcct	nnnatacngg	nnnatccaat	ntgnancctc	cnaagtattn	240
nnccnccan	gattttccctn	anccgattac	ccntncccc	tanccctcc	cccccaacna	300
cgaaggcnct	ggncnaagg	nnngcncncc	ccgctagntc	cccncaagt	cncnnccta	360
aactcanccn	nattacncgc	ttcntgagta	tactccccc	aatctcacc	tactcaactc	420
aaaaanatan	gatacaaaat	aatncaagcc	tgnttatnac	actntgactg	ggtctctatt	480
ttagnggtcc	ntnaancntc	ctaatacttc	cagtctncc	tcnccaattt	ccnaanggct	540
ctttcngaca	gcatnttttg	gttcccnntt	gggttcttan	ngaattgccc	ttcntngaac	600
gggctcntct	tttccttcgg	ttancctgg	ttcnccggc	cagttattat	ttcccntttt	660
aaattcntnc	cntttanttt	tggcnttcna	aaccccggc	cttgaaaacg	gccccctgg	720
aaaagggttg	tttganaaaa	tttttgtttt	gttcc			755

<210> 22
 <211> 849
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(849)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 22

tttttttttt	tttttangtg	tngtcgtgca	ggtagaggct	tactacaant	gtgaanacgt	60
acgctnggan	taangcgacc	cgantttctag	gannncocct	aaaatcanac	tgtgaagatn	120
atcctgnnna	cggaanggtc	accggnggat	nntgctaggg	tgncnctcc	cannncnttn	180
cataactcng	nggccttgcc	caccaccttc	ggcggcccng	ngnccgggce	cgggtcattn	240
gnnttaaccn	cactnngcna	ncggtttccn	nccccnnng	accnnggcga	tccggggtnc	300
tctgtcttcc	cctgnagncn	anaaantggg	ccncggncce	ctttaccct	nnacaagcca	360
cngccttcta	ncncngccc	cccctccant	nnnggggact	gccnanngct	ccgttntctg	420
nnaccccnnn	gggtncctcg	gttgtegant	cnaccgnang	ccanggattc	cnaaggaagg	480
tgcgttnttg	gcccctacc	ttcgctncgg	nncacccttc	ccgacnanga	nccgctccc	540
cnncnngnng	cctcncctcg	caacacccgc	netcntcngt	ncggnnnccc	ccccacccgc	600
nccctcncnc	ngncgnancn	ctccnccncc	gtctcannca	ccaccccgcc	ccgccaggcc	660
ntcanccaen	ggngacnng	nagcncnttc	gcnccgcgcn	gcgnccct	cgccncngaa	720
ctnctcngg	ccantnnccg	tcaancenna	cnaaacgcg	ctgcgcggcc	cgnagcgncc	780
ncctccncca	gtcctcccgn	cttcnacc	angnttccn	cgaggacaen	nnaccccgcc	840
nncangcgg						849

<210> 23

<211> 872

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(872)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 23

gcgcaaaacta	tacttcgctc	gnactcgtgc	gcctcgtcnc	tcttttccctc	cgcaaccatg	60
tctgacnanc	ccgattnggc	ngatatacnan	aagntcganc	agtccaaact	gantaacaca	120
cacacnncan	aganaaatcc	nctgccttcc	anagtanacn	attgaacnng	agaaccangc	180
nggcgaatcg	taatnaggcg	tgcgcgcgca	atntgtcncc	gtttattntn	ccagctcnc	240
ctnccnacc	tacntcttcn	nagctgtcnn	accctngtn	cgnaccccc	naggtcggga	300
tgcgggtttn	nntgaccng	cnnccccctc	ccccntecat	nacganccnc	ccgcaccacc	360
nanngcncgc	nccccgnct	cttcgcencc	ctgtcctntn	cccctgtngc	ctggcncngn	420
accgcattga	ccctcgccnn	ctncnngaaa	ncgnanacgt	ccgggttggn	annancgtg	480
tgggnnngcg	tctgcncgc	gttccttcn	ncncttcca	ccatcttct	tacngggtct	540
ccncgcctc	tcnnncaac	cctgggagcg	tnctcctngc	cccccttnac	tccccctt	600
cgncgtgncc	cgccccacc	ntcatttnca	nacgntcttc	acaannncct	ggtnnctcc	660
cnancngnncn	gtcancnag	ggaaggngg	ggnnccnntg	nttgacgttg	ngngangtc	720
cgaanantcc	tcnccntcan	cnctaccct	cgggcgnct	ctcngttnc	aacttancaa	780
ntctcccccg	ngngcncntc	tcagcctcnc	ccnccccnct	ctctgcantg	tnctctgctc	840
tnaccnntac	gantnttcgn	cncctcttt	cc			872

<210> 24

<211> 815

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(815)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 24

gcattgcaagc	ttgagtattc	tatagngtca	cctaaatanc	ttggcntaat	catggtcnta	.60
nctgncttcc	tgtgtcaaat	gtatacnaa	tanatatgaa	tctnatntga	caaganngt	120
tcntncatta	gtaacaantg	tnntgtccat	cctgtcngan	canattccca	tnnattncgn	180
cgcatcncn	gcncantatn	taatngggaa	ntcnntnnn	ncaccnncat	ctatcntncc	240
gcncctgac	tggagagat	ggatnanttc	tnntntgacc	nacatgttca	tcttggtatn	300
aananceccc	cgcngccac	cggttngnng	cnagccnntc	ccaagacctc	ctgtggaggt	360
aacctgcgtc	aganncatca	aacntgggaa	acccgcnncc	angtnnaagt	ngnnncanan	420
gatcccgctc	aggnntnacc	atcccttcnc	agcgccccct	ttngtgcctt	anagnnagc	480
gtgtccnanc	cnetcaacat	ganacgcgcc	agnccanccg	caattnggca	caatgtcgnc	540
gaaccccta	gggggantna	tncaaanccc	caggattgtc	cncncangaa	atcccncanc	600
ccnccctac	ccncttttgg	gacngtgacc	aantcccgga	gtncagatcc	ggcngnctc	660
ccccaccggt	nnccntgggg	gggtgaanct	cngnntcanc	cngncgagg	ntcgnaagga	720
accggncctn	ggncgaanng	ancnntcnga	agngccnct	cgtataaacc	cccctcncca	780
nccnacngnt	agntcccccc	cngggtncgg	aang			815

<210> 25
 <211> 775
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(775)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 25						
ccgagatgtc	tcgctccgtg	gccttagctg	tgtctcgct	actctctctt	tctggcctgg	60
aggctatcca	gcgtactcca	aagattcagg	tttactcacg	tcattccagca	gagaatggaa	120
agtcaaattt	cctgaattgc	tatgtgtctg	ggtttcatcc	atccgacatt	gaanttact	180
tactgaagaa	tgganagaga	attgaaaaag	tggagcattc	agacttgtct	ttcagcaagg	240
actggctttt	ctatctcntg	tactacactg	aattcacccc	cactgaaaaa	gatgagtatg	300
cctgccgtgt	gaaccatgtg	actttgtcac	agcccaagat	agttaatgtg	gatcgagaca	360
tgtaaagcagn	cnnatggaa	gtttgaagat	gccgcatttg	gattgatga	attccaaatt	420
ctgcttgctt	gcntttta	antgatatgc	ntatacacc	taccctttat	gncccaaat	480
tgtaggggtt	acatnantgt	tcnctnngga	catgatcttc	ctttataant	ccnccnttcg	540
aattgcccgt	cnccngttn	ngaattgttc	cnaaaccacg	gttggtctcc	ccaggtcncc	600
tcttagggaa	gggctgggc	cnctttncaa	ggttggggga	accnaaaatt	tcncttntgc	660
ccncccncca	cnctcttgng	nnccantttt	ggaacccttc	cnattcccc	tggcctcnna	720
nccttnncta	anaaaacttn	aaancgtngc	naaanntttt	acttcccccc	ttacc	775

<210> 26
 <211> 820
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(820)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 26						
anattantac	agtgtaatct	tttcccagag	gtgtgtanag	ggaacggggc	ctagaggcat	60
cccanagata	ncttatanca	acagtgtttt	gaccaagagc	tgctgggcac	atttcttgca	120
gaaaagggtg	cggtcccat	cactcctcct	ctcccatagc	catcccagag	gggtgagtag	180
ccatcangcc	ttcggtggga	gggagtcang	gaacaacan	accacagagc	anacagacca	240
ntgatgacca	tgggcgggag	cgagcctctt	ccctgnaccg	gggtggcana	nganagccta	300
nctgaggggt	cacactataa	acgttaacga	cnagatnan	cacctgcttc	aagtgcaccc	360
ttcctacctg	acnaccagng	accnnnaact	gcngcctggg	gacagcncgt	gganagceta	420
acnagcact	cacctgcccc	cccatggccg	tncgntccc	tggtcctgnc	aagggaagct	480
ccctgttgga	attncgggga	naccaaggga	nccccctcct	ccanctgtga	aggaaaaann	540
gatggaattt	tncccttcctg	gccnntcccc	tcttctctta	cacgccccct	ntactcnc	600
tccctctntt	ntcctgncnc	acttttnacc	ccnnnatctt	ccttnattga	tcggannctn	660

ganattccac tnnccctnc cntcnatcng naanacnaaa nactntctna cccnggggat 720
 gggnnccctcg ntcacccctct ctttttctct accnccnntt ctttgccctct ccttngatca
 780tccaacntc gntggccntn cccccccnnn tccttttccc
 820

<210> 27
 <211> 818
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien
 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(818)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 27
 tctgggtgat ggccctcttc tcctcagggg cctctgactg ctctggggcca aagaatctct 60
 tgttttctct ccgagcccca ggcagcgggtg attcagccct gcccaacctg attctgatga 120
 ctgcggatgc tgtgacggac ccaaggggca aataggggtcc caggggtccag ggaggggagc 180
 ctgctgagca cttccgcctcc tcaccctgcc cagccctctgc catgagctct gggctgggtc 240
 tccgcctcca gggttctgct cttccangca ngccancaa tggcgctggg ccacactggc 300
 ttcttctgc ccctccctg gctctganc tctgtctctc tgtcctgtgc angcnccttg 360
 gatctcagtt tccctcctc anngaactct gtttctgann tcttcantta actntgantt 420
 tatnaccnan tggctgtnc tgcnnactt taatgggccc gaccggctaa tccctccctc 480
 nctcccttcc anttcnnnna accngcttnc cntctctcc ccntancccg ccngggaanc 540
 ctcctttgcc ctnaccang gccnnnaccg cccntnnctn ggggggcnng gtnnctncnc 600
 ctgntnnccc cncctcncnt tncctcgccc cncnncgcn nngcannttc ncngtcccn 660
 tnnctcttcn ngntcgnaa ngntcncntn tnnnnngnnc ngntntnncn tccctctcnc 720
 cnnntgnang tnnntnnnc ncngncccc nnnncnnnn nggnntnnn tctnncngc 780
 cccnncccc ngnattaagg cctccnntct ccggccnc 818

<210> 28
 <211> 731
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien
 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(731)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 28
 aggaagggcg gagggatatt gtangggatt gagggatagg agnataangg gggaggtgtg 60
 tcccaacatg anggtgnngt tctcttttga angaggggtg ngtttttann ccnggtgggt 120
 gattnaacc cttgtatgg agnnaaagg ttttagggat ttttcggctc ttatcagtat 180
 ntanattcct gtnaatcgga aaatnatntt tcnnccngaa aatnttgctc ccatccgnaa 240
 attnctccc ggtagtgcatt ntngggggg cngccangtt tcccaggctg ctanaatcgt 300
 actaaagntt naagtgggan tncaaataaa aacctnnac agagnatccn taccggactg 360
 tnnnttncct tcgccctntg actctgcnn agcccaatac ccnngngnat gtcncccnng 420
 nnnccgncnc tgaaannnnc tcngggctnn gancatcang gggtttcgca tcaaagcnn 480
 cgtttcncat naaggcactt tngcctcatc caaccnctng ccctcnncca tttngccgtc 540
 nggttcncct acgctnntng cncctnnntn ganattttnc ccgctnggg naancctcct 600
 gnaatgggta gggnccttntc ttttnaccnn gnggtntact aatcnnctnc acgctnctt 660
 tctnaccccc ccccttttt caatcccanc ggcnaatggg gtctcccnn cggangggggg 720
 nnnccannc c 731

<210> 29
 <211> 822
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien
 <220>

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(822)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 29
 actagtccag tgtgggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggggnenc ttctatgant antnttagat 60
 cgctcanacc tcacancctc ccnacnangc ctataangaa nannaataga nctgtncnnt 120
 atntntacnc tcatanncct cnnnaccac tccctcttaa cccntactgt gcctatngcn 180
 tnnctantct ntggcgectn cnanccaccn gtggggcnac cncnngnatt ctcnatctcc 240
 tcnccatntn gcctananta ngtncatacc ctatacctac nccaatgcta nnnctaancn 300
 tccatnantt annntaacta ccactgaent ngactttenc atnanctcct aatttgaatc 360
 tactctgact cccacngcct annnattagc ancntcccc nacnatntct caaccaaatc 420
 ntcaacaacc tatctantctg ttcnccaacc nttncctcgg atccccnnac aacccccctc 480
 ccaaataccc nccacctgac ncctaaccn caccatcccg gcaagccnan ggnctatttan 540
 ccactggaat cacnatngga naaaaaaac ccnaactctc tancncnnat ctccctaana 600
 aatnctcctn naatttactn ncantnccat caancccaen tgaaacnaa cccctgtttt 660
 tanatccctt ctttcgaaaa ccnacccttt annncccaac ctttngggcc ccccnctnc 720
 ccnaatgaag gncncccaat cnangaaacg nccntgaaaa ancnaaggcna anannntccg 780
 canatcctat cccttanttn ggggnccctt nccnngggcc cc 822

<210> 30
 <211> 787
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(787)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 30
 cggcgccgtg ctctggcaca tgcctcctga atggcatcaa aagtgatgga ctgcccattg 60
 ctagagaaga ccttctctcc tactgtcatt atggagccct gcagactgag ggctcccctt 120
 gtctgcagga tttgatgtct gaagtcgtgg agtgtggctt ggagctcctc atctacatna 180
 gctggaagcc ctggagggcc tctctcgcca gcctccccct tctctccacg ctctccangg 240
 acaccagggg ctccaggcag cccattattc ccagnangac atggtgtttc tccacgcgga 300
 cccatggggc ctgnaaggcc aggtctcctt ttgacaccat ctctcccgte ctgctggca 360
 ggccgtggga tccactantt ctanaacggc cgccaccncc gtggggagctc cagcttttgt 420
 tcccnttaat gaaggttaat tgcncgcttg gcgtaacat nggtcanaac tntttcctgt 480
 gtgaaattgt tnttccccctc ncnattccnc ncnacatacn aacccggaan cataaagtgt 540
 taaagcctgg gggtnccctn nngaanaaac tnaactcaat taattgcgtt ggctcatggc 600
 ccgctttccn ttcnggaaaa ctgtcncctc ctgcnttntt gaatcggcc ccccccnggg 660
 aaaagcggtt tgcnttttng ggggntcctt ccncttcccc cctcncctaan ccctncgcct 720
 cggtcgttnc nggtngcggg gaangggnat nnnctcccnc naagggggng agnnngntat 780
 ccccaaa 787

<210> 31
 <211> 799
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(799)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 31
 tttttttttt tttttttggc gatgctactg ttttaattgca ggaggtgggg gtgtgtgtac 60
 catgtaccag ggctattaga agcaagaagg aaggagggag ggagagcgc cctgtctgagc 120
 aacaaaggac tcttgacgcc ttctctgtct gtctcttggc gcaggcacat ggggaggcct 180
 cccgcagggt gggggccacc agtccagggg tgggagcact acanggggtg ggagtgggtg 240
 gtggctggtn cnaatggcct gncacanatc cctacgattc ttgacacctg gatttcacca 300

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ggggaccttc tgttctccca nggnaacttc ntnnatctcn aaagaacaca actgtttctt 360
cngcanttct ggctgttcat ggaaaacaca ggtgtccnat ttnggctggg acttgggtaca 420
tatggttccg gccacacctt cccntcnaaa aagtaattca ccccccccn cctctnttg 480
cctgggccct taantacca caccggaact canttanta ttcattctng gntgggcttg 540
ntnatcnccn cctgaangcg ccaagttgaa aggccacgcc gtncccnctc cccatagnan 600
nttttnnct canctaattgc cccccnggc aacnatccaa tcccccccn tgggggcccc 660
agcccaaggc ccccgntctg ggnnnccngn cncgnantcc ccaggntctc ccantcngnc 720
ccnnngcncc cccgcacgca gaacanaagg ntngagccnc cgcannnnnn nggtnnncac 780
ctcgccccc ccnncgngg 799

```

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<210> 32
<211> 789
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

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<220>
<221> misc feature
<222> (1)...(789)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 32
tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt 60
ttttnccnag ggcagggtta ttgacaacct cncgggacac aancaggctg gggacaggac 120
ggcaacaggc tccggcggcg gcggcggcg ccctacctgc ggtaccaaat ntgcagcctc 180
cgctcccgt tgatnttcc ctgcagctgc aggatgccnt aaaacagggc ctcggccntn 240
ggtgggcacc ctgggatttn aatttccacg ggcacaatgc ggtcgcancc cctcaccacc 300
nattaggaat agtggtnnta cccnccnccg ttggcncact ccccntggaa accacttntc 360
gcggctccgg catctggtct taaaccttgc aaacnctggg gccctctttt tggttantnt 420
nccngccaca atcatnactc agactggcnc gggctggccc caaaaaancn ccccaaaacc 480
ggncatgtc ttncgggggt tgctgcnaat tncatcacct cccgggcnc nccaggncaac 540
ccaaaagtgc ttngggcccn caaaaaanct ccgggggggc ccagtttcaa caaagtcac 600
ccccttggcc cccaaatcct cccccgntt nctgggtttg ggaaccacg cctctnnctt 660
tggnnngcaa gntggntccc ccttcgggcc cccggtgggc ccnctctaa ngaaaacncc 720
ntcctnnnca ccatcccccc nngnnacgnc tancaangna tccctttttt tanaaacggg 780
cccccnccg 799

```

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<210> 33
<211> 793
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

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<220>
<221> misc feature
<222> (1)...(793)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 33
gacagaacat gttggatggt ggagcacctt tctatacgac ttacaggaca gcagatgggg 60
aattcatggc tgttgagca atanaacccc agttctacga gctgctgac aaaggacttg 120
gactaaagtc tgatgaactt cccaatcaga tgagcatgga tgattggcca gaaatgaana 180
agaagtttgc agatgtattt gcaaagaaga cgaaggcaga gtggtgtcaa atctttgacg 240
gcacagatgc ctgtgtgact ccggttctga cttttgagga ggttgttcat catgatcaca 300
acaangaacg gggctcgttt atcaccantg aggagcagga cgtgagcccc cgccctgcac 360
ctctgctgtt aaacacccca gccatccctt ctttcaaaag ggatccacta cttctagagc 420
ggncgccacc gcggtggagc tccagctttt gttcccttta gtgagggtta attgcgcgct 480
tggcgtaate atggtcatan ctgtttcctg tgtgaaattg ttatccgctc acaattccac 540
acaacatacg anccggaagc atnaaatttt aaagcctggg ggtngcctaa tgantgaact 600
nactcacatt aattggcttt gcgctcactg cccgctttcc agtccggaaa acctgtcctt 660
gccagctgcc nttaatgaat cnggccaccc cccggggaaa aggcngtttg cttnttgggg 720
cgnccttccc gctttctcgc ttctgaant ccttcccccc ggtctttcgg cttgcggcna 780
acggtatcna cct 799

```


<210> 34
 <211> 756
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(756)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 34
 gccgcgaccg gcatgtacga gcaactcaag ggcgagtggga accgtaaaag ccccaatctt 60
 ancaagtgcg gggaanagct gggtcgactc aagctagttc ttctggagct caacttcttg 120
 ccaaccacag ggaccaagct gaccaaacag cagctaattc tggcccgatga catactggag 180
 atcggggccc aatggagcat cctacgcaan gacatcccct ccttcgagcg ctacatggcc 240
 cagctcaaat gctactactt tgattacaan gagcagctcc ccgagtcagc ctatatgcac 300
 cagctcttgg gcctcaacct cctcttcctg ctgtcccaga accgggtggc tgantnccac 360
 acgganttgg ancggctgcc tgcccanga catacanacc aatgtctaca tcnaccacca 420
 gtgtcctgga gcaatactga tgganggcag ctaccncaaa gtnttcctgg ccnagggtaa 480
 catccccgcg cgagagctac accttcttca ttgacatcct gctcgacact atcagggatg 540
 aaaatcgeng ggttgctcca gaaaggctnc aanaanatcc ttttcnctga aggcccccgg 600
 atncnctagt nctagaatcg gcccgccatc gcgggtgganc ctccaacctt tcgttncct 660
 ttactgaggg ttnattgccg cccttggcgt tatcatggtc acnccngttn cctgtgttga 720
 aatntttaac cccccacaat tccacgcena cattnng 756

<210> 35
 <211> 834
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(834)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 35
 ggggatctct anatchacct gnatgcatgg ttgtcgggtg ggctcgctgtc gatgaanatg 60
 aacaggatct tgcccttgaa gctctcggct gctgtnttta agttgctcag tctgccgtca 120
 tagtcagaca cnctcttggg caaaaaacan caggatntga gtcttgattt cacctccaat 180
 aatcttcngg gctgtctgct cgggtgaactc gatgacnang ggcagctggt tgtgtntgat 240
 aaantccanc angttctcct tgggtgacctc cccttcaaag ttgttcgggc ctcatcaaaa 300
 ctctcnnaan angannncc canctttgtc gagctggat ttgganaaca cgtactgtt 360
 ggaaactgat cccaaatggg atgtcatcca tcgctctgc tgccgtgcaa aaacttgctt 420
 ggcncaaatc cgactcccn tcttgaaag aagccnatca cccccctc cctggactcc 480
 nncaangact ctncgcctnc ccntccnng cagggttggg ggcanncgg gccntgcgc 540
 ttcttcagcc agttcacnat ntcatcagc ccctctgcca gctgtntat tcttggggg 600
 ggaanccgtc tctcccttc tgaannaact ttgaccgtng gaatagccgc gntcnccnt 660
 acntnctggg ccgggttcaa antccctcn ttgcnntcn cctcgggcca ttctggattt 720
 nccnaacttt tctcttcccc cncctcncgg ngtttggtt tttcatnggg ccccaactct 780
 gctnttggcc antccctggg gggcntntan cncctcctnt ggteccntng ggcc 834

<210> 36
 <211> 814
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(814)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 36

cgngcgccttt	ccngccgcgc	cccgtttcca	tgacnaaggc	tcccttcang	ttaaatacnn	60
cctagnaaac	attaatgggt	tgctctacta	atacatcata	cnaaccagta	agcctgcca	120
naacgccaac	tcaggccatt	cctaccaaa	gaagaaaggc	tggtctctcc	acccctgta	180
ggaaaggcct	gccttgtaag	acaccacaat	ncggctgaat	ctnaagctct	gtgttttact	240
aatggaaaaa	aaaaataaac	aanaggtttt	gttctcatgg	ctgcccaccg	cagcctggca	300
ctaaaacanc	ccagcgctca	cttctgcttg	ganaaatatt	ctttgctctt	ttggacatca	360
ggcttgatgg	tatcactgcc	acntttccac	ccagctgggc	ncccttcccc	catntttgtc	420
antganctgg	aaggcctgaa	ncttagcttc	caaaagtctc	ngcccacaag	accggccacc	480
aggggangtc	ntttncagt	gatctgccaa	anantaccn	tatcatcnnt	gaataaaaa	540
gccctgaac	ganatgcttc	cancancctt	taagacccat	aatcctngaa	ccatggtgcc	600
cttccggtct	gatccnaaag	gaatgttctt	gggtcccant	ccctcctttg	ttnccttacgt	660
tgtnttggac	ccntgctngn	atnaccnaan	tganatcccc	ngaagcacc	tnccctggc	720
atttganttt	cntaaattct	ctgccctacn	nctgaaagca	cnattccctn	ggcncnnaan	780
ggngaactca	agaaggtctn	ngaaaaacca	cncn			814

<210> 37
 <211> 760
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(760)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 37						
gcatgctgct	cttctcctcaaa	gttgttctttg	ttgccataac	aaccaccata	ggtaaagcgg	60
gcgcagtggt	cgctgaagg	gtttagtagtac	cagcgcgga	tgctctcctt	gcagagtcct	120
gtgtctggca	ggtccacgca	atgccctttg	tactgaggga	aatggatgcg	ctggagctcg	180
tcaanccac	tcgtgtattt	ttcacangca	gcctctccg	aagctccgg	gcagttggg	240
gtgtcgtcac	actccactaa	actgtcgatn	cancagcca	ttgctgcagc	ggaactgggt	300
gggtgacag	gtgccagaac	acactggatn	ggcctttcca	tggaagggcc	tgggggaaat	360
cncctnancc	caaactgcct	ctcaaaggcc	accttgacac	ccccgacagg	ctagaaatgc	420
actcttcttc	ccaaaggtag	ttgttcttgt	tgcccaagca	ncctccanca	aaccaaaanc	480
ttgcaaaatc	tgctccgtgg	gggtcatnnn	taccanggtt	ggggaaanaa	acccggcngn	540
gancncctt	gtttgaatgc	naaggaata	atcctcctgt	cttgcttggg	tggaanagca	600
caattgaact	gttaacnttg	ggccgngttc	cncnnggtg	gtctgaaact	aatcaccgtc	660
actggaaaaa	ggtangtgcc	ttccttgaat	tcccaaantt	cccctngntt	tgggtntttt	720
ctcctctncc	ctaaaaatcg	tnttcccccc	ccntanggcg			760

<210> 38
 <211> 724
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(724)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 38						
tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttaaaaa	ccccctccat	tgaatgaaaa	60
cttcnnaaat	tgtccaaccc	cctcnnccaa	atnnccattt	ccgggggggg	gttccaaacc	120
caaatataat	ttgganttta	aattaaatnt	tnattngggg	aanaanccaa	atgtnaagaa	180
aatttaaccc	attatnaact	taaatnccn	gaaaccntg	gnttccaaaa	atttttaacc	240
cttaaatccc	tcgaaattg	ntaanggaaa	accaaattcn	cctaaggctn	tttgaaggtt	300
ngatttaaac	ccccttnant	tnttttnacc	cnnngctnaa	ntatttngnt	tccggtgttt	360
tcctnttaan	cntnggtaac	tcccngtaat	gaannnccct	aanccaatta	aaccgaattt	420
tttttgaatt	ggaaattccn	ngggaattna	ccggggtttt	tcccnitttg	gggccatncc	480
ccncttttcg	gggtttgggn	ntaggttgaa	tttttnnang	ncccaaaaaa	ncccccaana	540
aaaaaactcc	caagnnttaa	ttngaantnc	cccttcccca	ggccttttgg	gaaaggnngg	600
ttnttggggg	ccngggantt	cnttcccccn	ttncncccc	cccccnnggt	aaanggttat	660

ngnnttttgggt ttttggggccc cttnanggac cttccggatn gaaattaaat ccccgggncg 720
gccg 724

<210> 39
<211> 751
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(751)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 39
tttttttttt tttttctttg ctcacattta atttttattt tgattttttt taatgctgca 60
caacacaata tttatttcat ttgtttcttt tatttcattt tatttgtttg ctgctgctgt 120
tttatttatt tttactgaaa gtgagaggga acttttgttg ccttttttcc tttttctgta 180
ggccgcctta agcttttctaa atttggaaca tctaagcaag ctgaanggaa aaggggggtt 240
cgcaaaatca ctcgggggaa nggaaagggt gctttgttaa tcatgcccta tgggtgggtga 300
ttaactgctt gtacaattac ntttcacttt taattaattg tgctnaangc tttaattana 360
cttggggggt ccctccccc accaaccctt .ctgacaaaaa gtgccngccc tcaaatnatg 420
tcccggcnnt cnttgaaaaca cacngcngaa ngttctcatt ntcccccnc caggtnaaaa 480
tgaagggtta ccatntttta cncacacctc acntggcnnn gcctgaatcc tcnaaaancn 540
ccctcaancn aatttctnng ccccggtcnc gcntnngtcc cncccgggct ccgggaantn 600
cacccccnga anncnntnnc naacnaaatt ccgaaaatat tcccnntcnc tcaattcccc 660
cnnagactnt cctcnnncn cncaattttc ttttnntcac gaacncgnnc cnnaaatgn 720
nnnnncctc cncnngtcn naatcnccan c 751

<210> 40
<211> 753
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(753)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 40
gtggtatttt ctgtaagatc aggtgttctt ccctcgtagg tttagaggaa acaccctcat 60
agatgaaaac ccccccgaga cagcagcact gcaactgcc aagcagccgg gtaggagggg 120
cgccctatgc acagctgggc ccttgagaca gcagggttc gatgtcaggc tcgatgtcaa 180
tgggtctggaa gcggcggtg tacctgcgta ggggcacacc gtcagggcc accaggaact 240
tctcaaagtt ccaggcaacn tcgttgcgac acaccggaga ccagggtgatn agcttgggggt 300
cggtcataan cgcggtggcg tcgtcgctgg gagctggcag ggccctccgc aggaaggcna 360
ataaaagggt cgccccgca cgttcantc cgcacttctc naanaccatg angttgggct 420
cnaaccacc accannccgg acttccttga nggaattccc aaatctcttc gntcttgggc 480
ttctnctgat gccctantc gttgccnngn atgccaanca nccccaancc ccgggggtcct 540
aaancaccn cctcctentt tcatctgggt tntntcccc ggacntgggt tcctctcaag 600
ggancccata tctcnaccn tactcacnt nccccccnt gnnaccanc cttctanngn 660
ttccncccg ncctctggcc cntcaaan gcttncaacna cctgggtctg ccttcccccc 720
tnccctatct gnaccnncn tttgtctcan tnt 753

<210> 41
<211> 341
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 41
actatatcca tcacaacaga catgcttcat cccatagact tcttgacata gcttcaaatg 60
agtgaacca tccttgattt atatacatat atgttctcag tattttggga gcctttccac 120
ttctttaaac cttgttcatt atgaacactg aaaaataggaa tttgtgaaga gttaaaaagt 180

tatagcttgt ttacgtagta agtttttgaa gtctacattc aatccagaca cttagttgag	240
tgttaaactg tgattttttaa aaaatatcat ttgagaatat tctttcagag gtattttcat	300
ttttactttt tgattaattg tgttttatat attagggtag t	341

<210> 42
 <211> 101
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 42	
acttactgaa tttagttctg tgctcttcct tatttagtgt tgtatcataa atactttgat	60
gtttcaaaca ttctaaataa ataattttca gtggcttcat a	101

<210> 43
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 43	
acatctttgt tacagtctaa gatgtgttct taaatcacca ttccttcctg gtcctcaccc	60
tccagggtgg tctcacactg taattagagc tattgaggag tctttacagc aaattaagat	120
tcagatgcct tgctaagtct agagttctag agttatgttt cagaaagtct aagaaaccca	180
cctcttgaga ggtcagtaaa gaggacttaa tatttcatat ctacaaaatg accacaggat	240
tggatacaga acgagagtta tcctggataa ctacagagctg agtacctgcc cgggggcccgc	300
tcgaa	305

<210> 44
 <211> 852
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(852)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 44	
acataaatat cagagaaaag tagtctttga aatattttacg tccaggagtt ctttgtttct	60
gattatttgg tgtgtgtttt ggtttgtgtc caaagtattg gcagcttcag ttttcatttt	120
ctctccatcc tcgggcattc ttcccaaatt tatataaccag tcttcgtcca tccacacgct	180
ccagaatttc tctttttag tagtatctca tagctcggtc gagcttttca taggtcatgc	240
tgctgttggt tctcttttta ccccatagct gagccactgc ctctgatttc aagaacctga	300
agacgcccctc agatcgggtc tcccatttta ttaatcctgg gttcttgtct gggttcaaga	360
ggatgtcgcg gatgaattcc cataagttag tccctctcgg gttgtgcttt ttgggtgtggc	420
acttggcagg ggggtcttgc tcctttttca tatcagggtga ctctgcaaca ggaagggtgac	480
tggtgggtgt catggagatc tgagcccggc agaaagtttt gctgtccaac aaatctactg	540
tgctaccata gttggtgtca tataaatagt tctngtcttt ccagggtgtc atgatggaag	600
gctcagtttg ttcagtcttg acaatgacat tgtgtgtgga ctggaacagg tcaactactgc	660
actggccggt ccacttcaga tgctgcaagt tgctgtagag gagntgcccc gccgtccctg	720
ccgcccgggt gaactcctgc aaactcatgc tgcaaagggtg ctgcccgttg atgtcgaaact	780
cntggaaagg gatacaattg gcatccagct ggttggtgtc caggaggtga tggagccact	840
cccacacctg gt	852

<210> 45
 <211> 234
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 45	
acaacagacc cttgctcgct aacgacctca tgctcatcaa gttggacgaa tccgtgtccg	60
agtctgacac catccggagc atcagcattg cttcgagtg ccctaccgag gggaactctt	120
gcctcgtttc tggctggggc ctgctggcga acggcagaat gcctaccgtg ctgcagtgcg	180

tgaacgtgtc ggtggtgtct gaggaggtct gcagtaagct ctatgaccgc ctgt 234

<210> 46
 <211> 590
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien
 <220>
 <221> misc feature
 <222> (1)...(590)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 46
 acttttttatt taaatgttta taaggcagat ctatgagaat gatagaaaac atggtgtgta 60
 atttgatagc aatatttttg agattacaga gttttagtaa ttaccaatta cacagttaaa 120
 aagaagataa tatattccaa gcanatacaa aatatctaat gaaagatcaa ggcaggaaaa 180
 tgantataac taattgacaa tggaaaatca attttaatgt gaattgcaca ttatccttta 240
 aaagctttca aaanaanaa ttattgcagt ctanttaatt caaacagtgt taaatggtat 300
 caggataaan aactgaaggc canaaaagaat taattttcac ttcatgtaac ncacccanat 360
 ttacaatggc ttaaattgcan ggaaaaagca gtggaagtag ggaagtantc aaggtctttc 420
 tggctcttaa tctgccttac tctttgggtg tggctttgat cctctggaga cagctgccag 480
 ggctcctgtt atatccacaa tcccagcagc aagatgaagg gatgaaaaag gacacatgct 540
 gccttccttt gaggagactt catctcactg gccaacactc agtcacatgt 590

<210> 47
 <211> 774
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien
 <220>
 <221> misc feature
 <222> (1)...(774)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 47
 acaagggggc ataagaagg agtggggana gatttttaag aaggaaaaaa aacgaggccc 60
 tgaacagaat tttcctgnac aacggggcct caaaataatt ttcttgggga ggttcaagac 120
 gcttactgct ttgaaactta aatggatgtg ggacanaatt ttctgtaatg accctgaggg 180
 cattacagac gggactctgg gaggaaggat aaacagaaag gggacaaagg ctaatcccaa 240
 aacatcaaaag aaaggaagggt ggcgtcatal ctcccagcct acacagttct ccagggtctc 300
 cctcatccct ggaggagac agtgaggaa caactgacca tgtcccagc ctcctgtgtg 360
 ctggctcctg gtcttcagcc cccagctctg gaagcccacc ctctgctgat cctgctggc 420
 ccacactcct tgaacacaca tcccaggtt atattcctgg acatggctga acctcctatt 480
 cctacttccg agatgccttg ctccctgcag cctgtcaaaa tcccactcac cctccaaacc 540
 acggcatggg aagcctttct gacttgcttg attactccag catcttgga caatccctga 600
 ttccccactc cttagaggca agataggggt gttaagagta gggctggacc acttgagacc 660
 aggtcgtctg cttcaaatn tggctcattt acgagctatg ggaccttggg caagtnatct 720
 tcaacttctat gggcntcatt ttgttctacc tgcaaaatgg gggataataa tagt 774

<210> 48
 <211> 124
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien
 <220>
 <221> misc feature
 <222> (1)...(124)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 48
 canaaattga aattttataa aaaggcattt ttctcttata tccataaaat gatataattt 60
 ttgcaantat anaaatgtgt cataaattat aatgttcctt aattacagct caacgcaact 120

tggt 124

<210> 49
 <211> 147
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(147)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 49
 gccgatgcta ctatttttatt gcaggagggtg ggggtgtttt tattattctc tcaacagctt 60
 tgtggctaca ggtgggtgtct gactgcatna aaaanttttt tacgggtgat tgcaaaaatt 120
 ttagggcacc catatcccaa gcantgt 147

<210> 50
 <211> 107
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 50
 acattaaatt aataaaagga ctgttgggggt tctgctaaaa cacatggctt gatattattgc 60
 atgggtttgag gttaggagga gttaggcata tgttttggga gaggggt 107

<210> 51
 <211> 204
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 51
 gtcctaggaa gtctagggga cacacgactc tgggggtcacg gggccgacac acttgacagg 60
 cggaaggaa aggcagagaa gtgacaccgt caggggggaaa tgacagaaag gaaaatcaag 120
 gccttgcaag gtcagaaagg ggactcaggg cttccaccac agccctgccc cacttggcca 180
 cctccctttt gggaccagca atgt 204

<210> 52
 <211> 491
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(491)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 52
 acaaagataa catttatctt ataacaaaaa tttgatagtt ttaaagggtta gtattgtgta 60
 ggggtattttc caaaagacta aagagataac tcagggtaaaa agttagaaat gtataaaaca 120
 ccatcagaca ggttttttaa aaacaacata ttacaaaatt agacaatcat ccttaaaaaa 180
 aaaacttctt gtatcaattt cttttgttca aaatgactga cttantatt tttaaatatt 240
 tcanaaacac ttcctcaaaa attttcaana tggtagcttt canatgtnc ctcagtccca 300
 atgttgctca gataaataaa tctcgtgaga acttaccacc caccacaagc tttctggggc 360
 atgcaacagt gtcttttctt tnccttttct tttttttttt ttacaggcac agaaactcat 420
 caattttatt tggaatacaa aggtgtctca aattatattg aaaaataaat ccaagttaat 480
 atcactcttg t 491

<210> 53
 <211> 484
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(484)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 53

acataattta	gcagggctaa	ttaccataag	atgctattta	ttaanaggtn	tatgatctga	60
gtattaacag	ttgctgaagt	ttggtatttt	tatgcagcat	tttctttttg	ctttgataac	120
actacagaac	ccttaaggac	actgaaaatt	agtaagtaaa	gttcagaaac	attagctgct	180
caatcaaadc	tctacataac	actatagtaa	ttaaaacgtt	aaaaaaaaag	gttgaaatct	240
gcactagtat	anaccgctcc	tgtcaggata	anactgcttt	ggaacagaaa	gggaaaaanc	300
agctttgant	ttctttgtgc	tgatangagg	aaaggctgaa	ttaccttggt	gcctctccct	360
aatgattggc	aggtcnggta	aatnccaaaa	catattccaa	ctcaacactt	cttttcncgc	420
tancttgant	ctgtgtattc	caggancagg	cggatggaat	gggccagccc	ncggatgttc	480
cant						484

<210> 54

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 54

actaaacctc	gtgcttgtga	actccataca	gaaaacgggtg	ccatccctga	acacggctgg	60
ccactgggta	tactgctgac	aaccgcaaca	acaaaaacac	aaatccctgg	cactggctag	120
tctatgtcct	ctcaagtgcc	tttttgtttg	t			151

<210> 55

<211> 91

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 55

acctggcttg	tctccgggtg	gttcccggcg	ccccccacgg	tccccagaac	ggacactttc	60
gccctccagt	ggatactcga	gccaaagtgg	t			91

<210> 56

<211> 133

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 56

ggcggatgtg	cgttgggttat	atacaaatat	gtcattttat	gtaagggact	tgagtatact	60
tggatttttg	gtatctgtgg	gttgggggga	cgggccagga	accaataccc	catggatacc	120
aagggaac	tgt					133

<210> 57

<211> 147

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(147)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 57

actctggaga	acctgagccg	ctgctccgcc	tctgggatga	ggtgatgcan	gcngtggcgc	60
gactgggagc	tgagcccttc	cctttgcgcc	tgccctcagag	gattgttgcc	gacntgcana	120
tctcantggg	ctggatncat	gcagggt				147

<210> 58

<211> 198
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(198)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 58
 acagggatat aggtttnaag ttattgtnat tgtaaaatac attgaatfff ctgtatactc 60
 tgattacata catttatcct ttaaaaaaga tgtaaatcctt aatttttatg ccatctatta 120
 atttaccat gagttacctt gtaaatgaga agtcatgata gcactgaatt ttaactagtt 180
 ttgacttcta agtttggt 198

<210> 59
 <211> 330
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 59
 acaacaaatg ggttgtagg aagtcttctc agcaaaactg gtgatggcta ctgaaaagat 60
 ccattgaaaa ttatcattaa tgatttttaa tgacaagtta tcaaaaactc actcaatfff 120
 cacctgtgct agcttgctaa aatgggagtt aactctagag caaatatagt atcttctgaa 180
 tacagtcaat aaatgacaaa gccagggcct acaggtgggt tccagacttt ccagaccag 240
 cagaaggaat ctattttctc acatggatct ccgtctgtgc tcaaaatacc taatgatatt 300
 tttcgtcttt attggacttc tttgaagagt 330

<210> 60
 <211> 175
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 60
 accgtgggtg cttctacat tcctgacggc tccttcacca acatctgggt ctacttcggc 60
 gtcgtgggtg cttctcctt catcctcctc cagctgggtg tgctcatcga ctttgcgcac 120
 tcctggaacc agcgggtggc gggcaaggcc gaggagtgcg attcccgtgc ctggt 175

<210> 61
 <211> 154
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 61
 accccacttt tcctcctgtg agcagtctgg acttctcact gctacatgat gagggtgagt 60
 ggttggtgct cttcaacagt atcctcccct ttccggatct gctgagccgg acagcagtcg 120
 tggactgcac agccccggg ctccacattg ctgt 154

<210> 62
 <211> 30
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 62
 cgctcgagcc ctatagttag tcgtattaga 30

<210> 63
 <211> 89
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 63

acaagtcatt tcagcaccct ttgctcttca aaactgacca tcttttatat ttaatgcttc 60
ctgtatgaat aaaaatgggt atgtcaagt 89

<210> 64
<211> 97
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 64
accggagtaa ctgagtcggg acgctgaatc tgaatccacc aataaataaa ggttctgcag 60
aatcagtga tccaggattg gtccttggat ctggggg 97

<210> 65
<211> 377
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc feature
<222> (1)...(377)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 65
acaacaanaa ntcccttctt taggccactg atggaaacct ggaacccctt tttgatggca 60
gcatggcgtc ctaggccttg acacagcggc tggggtttgg gctntcccaa accgcacacc 120
ccaaccctgg tctaccaca nttctggcta tgggctgtct ctgccactga acatcagggt 180
tcggtcataa natgaaatcc caanggggac agaggtcagt agaggaaagct caatgagaaa 240
ggtgctgttt gctcagccag aaaacagctg cctggcattc gccgctgaac tatgaacccg 300
tgggggtgaa ctaccccan gaggaatcat gcctgggcga tgcaanggtg ccaacaggag 360
gggcgggagg agcatgt 377

<210> 66
<211> 305
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 66
acgcctttcc ctcagaattc agggaaagaga ctgtcgctg ccttcctccg ttgttgctg 60
agaaccogtg tgcccttcc caccatatcc accctcgctc catctttgaa ctcaaacacg 120
aggaactaac tgacccttg tcctctcccc agtccccagt tcaccctcca tccctcacct 180
tcctccactc taagggatat caacactgcc cagcacaggg gccctgaatt tatgtggttt 240
ttatatattt ttaataaga tgcactttat gtcatttttt aataaagtct gaagaattac 300
tgttt 305

<210> 67
<211> 385
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 67
actacacaca ctccacttgc ccttgtgaga cactttgtcc cagcacttta ggaatgctga 60
ggtcggacca gccacatctc atgtgcaaga ttgccagca gacatcagggt ctgagagttc 120
cccttttaaa aaaggggact tgcttaaaaa agaagtctag ccacgattgt gtagagcagc 180
tgtgctgtgc tggagattca cttttgagag agttctctc tgagacctga tctttagagg 240
ctgggcagtc ttgcacatga gatggggctg gtctgatctc agcactcctt agtctgcttg 300
cctctcccag ggccccagcc tggccacacc tgcttacagg gcactctcag atgcccatat 360
catagtttct gtgctagtgg accgt 385

<210> 68
<211> 73
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 68
 acttaaccag atatattttt accccagatg gggatattct ttgtaaaaaa tgaaaataaa 60
 gtttttttaa tgg 73

<210> 69
 <211> 536
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(536)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 69
 actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggggctc tcaccctcct ctctgcagc 60
 tccagctttg tgctctgcct ctgaggagac catggcccag catctgagta ccctgctgct 120
 cctgctggcc accctagctg tggccctggc ctggagcccc aaggaggagg ataggataat 180
 cccgggtggc atctataacg cagacctcaa tgatgagtgg gtacagcgtg cccttcactt 240
 cgccatcagc gagtataaca aggccaccaa agatgactac tacagacgtc cgctgcgggt 300
 actaagagcc aggcaacaga ccggtggggg ggtgaattac ttcttcgacg tagaggtggg 360
 ccgaaccata tgtaccaagt cccagcccaa cttggacacc tgtgccttcc atgaacagcc 420
 agaactgcag aagaaacagt tgtgctcttt cgagatctac gaagttccct ggggagaaca 480
 gaangtcctt gggtgaaatc caggtgtcaa gaaatcctan ggatctgttg ccagge 536

<210> 70
 <211> 477
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 70
 atgacccta acaggggccc tctcagccct cctaatagacc tccggcctag ccatgtgatt 60
 tcacttccac tccataacgc tctcatact aggcctacta accaacacac taaccatata 120
 ccaatgatgg cgcgatgtaa cagagaaag cacataccaa ggccaccaca caccacctgt 180
 ccaaaaaggc cttcgatacg ggataatcct atttattacc tcagaagttt ttttcttcgc 240
 agggattttt ctgagccttt taccactcca gcctagcccc tacccccacaa ctaggagggc 300
 actggccccc aacaggcatc accccgctaa atcccctaga agtcccactc ctaaacacat 360
 ccgtattact cgcatacagga gtatcaatca cctgagctca ccatagtcta atagaaaaca 420
 accgaaacca aattattcaa agcactgctt attacaattt tactgggtct ctatttt 477

<210> 71
 <211> 533
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(533)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 71
 agagctatag gtacagtgtg atctcagctt tgcaaacaca ttttctacat agatagtact 60
 aggtattaat agatatgtaa agaaagaaat cacaccatta ataatggtaa gattggttta 120
 tgtgatttta gtggtatttt tggcaccctt atatatgttt tccaaacttt cagcagtgat 180
 attatttcca taacttaaaa agtgagtgtt aaaaagaaaa tctccagcaa gcatctcatt 240
 taaaataagg tttgtcatct ttaaaaatac agcaatatgt gactttttta aaaagctgtc 300
 aaatagggtg gacctacta ataattatta gaaatacatt taaaaacatc gagtacctca 360
 agtcagtttg ccttgaaaaa tatcaaatat aactcttaga gaaatgtaca taaaagaatg 420
 cttcgttaatt ttggagtang aggttccttc ctcaattttg tattttttaa aagtacatgg 480
 taaaaaaaaa aattcacaac agtatataag gctgtaaaaa gaagaattct gcc 533

<210> 72

<211> 511
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(511)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 72
 tattacggaa aaacacacca cataattcaa ctancaaaga anactgcttc agggcgtgta 60
 aaatgaaagg cttccaggca gttatctgat taaagaacac taaaagaggg acaaggctaa 120
 aagccgcagg atgtctacac tatancaggc gctatttggg ttggctggag gagctgtgga 180
 aaacatggan agattgggtgc tgganacgc cgtggctatt cctcattgtt attacanagt 240
 gaggttctct gtgtgcccac tggtttgaaa accgttctnc aataatgata gaatagtaca 300
 cacatgagaa ctgaaatggc ccaaaccag aaagaaagcc caactagatc ctcagaaanac 360
 gcttctaggg acaataaccg atgaagaaaa gatggcctcc ttgtgcccc gtctgttatg 420
 atttctctcc attgcagcna naaaccggtt cttctaagca aacncagggtg atgatggcna 480
 aaatacacc cctcttgaag naccnggagg a 511

<210> 73
 <211> 499
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(499)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 73
 cagtgccagc actggtgcc a gtaccagtac caataacagt gccagtgcc a gtgccagcac 60
 cagtgggtggc ttcagtgtg gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctcacatttg ggctcttcgc 120
 tggccttggg ggagctggg ccagcaccag tggcagctct ggtgcctgtg gtttctccta 180
 caagtggagat ttagatatt gttaatcctg ccagtctttc tcttcaagcc aggggtgcac 240
 ctcagaaacc tactcaacac agcactctag gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagttgaca 300
 ctctgcatta aatctatttg ccatttctga aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaggg cggccgctcg 360
 antctagagg gcccggttaa acccgctgat cagcctcgac tgtgccttct anttgccagc 420
 catctgttgt ttgcccctcc cccgntgcct tccttgacct tggaaagtgc cactcccact 480
 gtcccttctc aantaaaat 499

<210> 74
 <211> 537
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(537)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 74
 tttcatagga gaacacactg aggagatact tgaagaatth ggattcagcc gcgaagagat 60
 ttatcagctt aactcagata aaatcattga aagtaataag gtaaaagcta gtctctaact 120
 tccaggccca cggtcgaagt gaatttgaat actgcattta cagtgtagag taacacataa 180
 cattgtatgc atggaaacat ggaggaacag tattacagtg tcctaccact ctaatcaaga 240
 aaagaattac agactctgat tctacagtga tgattgaatt ctaaaaatgg taatcattag 300
 ggcttttgat ttataanact ttgggtactt atactaaatt atggtagtta tactgccttc 360
 cagtttgctt gatataattg ttgatattaa gattcttgac ttatattttg aatgggttct 420
 actgaaaaan gaatgatata ttcttgaaga catcgatata catttattta cactcttgat 480
 tctacaatgt agaaaatgaa ggaaatgcc caaattgtat ggtgataaaa gtccccgt 537

<210> 75
 <211> 467
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(467)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 75
 caaanacaat tgttcaaaag atgcaaatga tacactactg ctgcagctca caaacacctc 60
 tgcataattac acgtacctcc tctgtctcct caagtagtgt ggtctatttt gccatcatca 120
 cctgctgtct gcttagaaga acggctttct gctgcaangg agagaaatca taacagacgg 180
 tggcacaagg aggccatctt ttctcatcgc gttattgtcc ctagaagcgt cttctgagga 240
 tctagtggg ctttctttct gggtttgggc catttcantt ctcagtgtgt tactattcta 300
 tcattattgt ataacggttt tcaaaccnct gggcacncag agaacctcac tctgtaataa 360
 caatgaggaa tagccacggg gatctccagc accaaatctc tccatgttnt tccagagctc 420
 ctccagccaa cccaaatagc cgctgctatn gtgtagaaca tccctgn 467

<210> 76
 <211> 400
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(400)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 76
 aagctgacag cattcgggcc gagatgtctc gctccgtggc cttagctgtg ctgcgcgtac 60
 tctctctttc tggcctggag gctatccagc gtactccaaa gattcagggt tactcacgtc 120
 atccagcaga gaatggaaag tcaaatttcc tgaattgcta tgtgtctggg ttcatccat 180
 ccgacattga agttgactta ctgaagaatg gagagagaat tgaaaaagtg gagcattcag 240
 acttgtcttt cagcaaggac tggcttttct atctcttgta ctacactgaa ttcaccccca 300
 ctgaaaaaga tgagtatgcc tgccgtgtga accatgtgac tttgtcacag cccaagatng 360
 ttnagtggga tcganacatg taagcagcan catgggaggt 400

<210> 77
 <211> 248
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 77
 ctggagtgcc ttggtgtttc aagcccctgc aggaagcaga atgcaccttc tgaggcacct 60
 ccagctgccc cggcggggga tgcgaggctc ggagcaccct tgcccggctg tgattgctgc 120
 caggcaactgt tcatctcagc ttttctgtcc ctttgtctcc ggcaagcgtc tctgctgaaa 180
 gttcatatct ggagcctgat gtcttaacga ataaaggtcc catgctccac ccgaaaaaaa 240
 aaaaaaaa 248

<210> 78
 <211> 201
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 78
 actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttggggccaa cacaatggct acctttaaca 60
 tcaccagac cccgccctgc ccgtgccccg cgctgctgct aacgacagta tgatgcttac 120
 tctgctactc ggaaactatt tttatgtaat taatgtatgc tttcttgttt ataaatgcct 180
 gattttaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a 201

<210> 79
 <211> 552
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(552)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 79
 tcctttttgtt aggtttttga gacaacccta gacctaaact gtgtcacaga cttctgaatg 60
 tttaggcagt gctagtaatt tctcgtaat gattctgtta ttactttcct attctttatt 120
 cctctttctt ctgaagatta atgaagttga aaattgaggt ggataaatat aaaaaggtag 180
 tgtgatagta taagtatcta agtgcagatg aaagtgtgtt atatatatcc attcaaaatt 240
 atgcaagtta gtaattactc aggggttaact aaattacttt aatatgctgt tgaacctact 300
 ctgttccttg gctagaaaaa attataaaCa ggactttgtt agtttgggaa gccaaattga 360
 taatattcta tgttctaaaa gttgggctat acataaanta tnaagaaata tggaatttta 420
 ttcccaggaa tatggggttc atttatgaat antacccggg anagaagttt tgantnaaac 480
 cngttttggt taatacgta atatgtcctn aatnaacaag gcntgactta tttccaaaaa 540
 aaaaaaaaaa aa 552

<210> 80
 <211> 476
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(476)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 80
 acagggattt gagatgctaa ggccccagag atcgtttgat ccaaccctct tattttcaga 60
 ggggaaaatg gggcctagaa gttacagagc atctagctgg tgcgctggca cccctggcct 120
 cacacagact cccgagtagc tgggactaca ggcacacagt cactgaagca ggccctgttt 180
 gcaattcacg ttgccacctc caacttaaac attcttcata tgtgatgtcc ttagtcacta 240
 aggttaaaact ttcccaccca gaaaaggcaa cttagataaa atcttagagt actttcatac 300
 tcttctaagt cctcttccag cctcactttg agtcctcctt ggggggtgat aggaantntc 360
 tcttggtttt ctcaataaaa tctctatcca tctcatgttt aatttggtac gcntaaaaat 420
 gctgaaaaaa ttaaaatggt ctggtttcnc tttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 476

<210> 81
 <211> 232
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(232)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 81
 tttttttttg tatgcntcn ctgtgnggtt attgttgctg ccaccctgga ggagcccagt 60
 ttctttctgta tctttctttt ctgggggagc ttcttggtc tgcccctcca ttcccagcct 120
 ctcaccccca tcttgcaactt ttgctagggt tggaggcgtt ttcttggtag cccctcagag 180
 actcagtcag cggaataag tcctagggggt ggggggtgtg gcaagccggc ct 232

<210> 82
 <211> 383
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(383)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 82
 aggcgggagc agaagctaaa gccaaagccc aagaagagtg gcagtgccag cactggtgcc 60
 agtaccagta ccaataacat gccagtgccg gtgccagcac cagtgggtggc ttcagtgcctg 120
 gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctacacattg ggctcttcgc tggccttggg ggagctgggtg 180
 ccagcaccag tggcagctct ggtgcctgtg gtttctccta caagtgagat tttagatatt 240
 gttaatcctg ccagtctttc tcttcaagcc aggggtgcac ctcagaaacc tactcaacac 300
 agcactctng gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagttgaca ctctgcatta aatctatttg 360
 ccatttcaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaa 383

<210> 83
 <211> 494
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(494)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 83
 accgaattgg gaccgctggc ttataagcga tcatgtcctc cagtattacc tcaacgagca 60
 gggagatcga gtctatacgc tgaagaaatt tgaccgatg ggacaacaga cctgctcagc 120
 ccacctctgct cggttctccc cagatgacaa atactctcga caccgaatca ccatcaagaa 180
 acgcttcaag gtgtcatga cccagcaacc gcgcctgtc ctctgagggt ccttaaaactg 240
 atgtcttttc tgccacctgt taccctctcg agactccgta accaaactct tcggactgtg 300
 agccctgatg cctttttgcc agccatactc tttggcntcc agtctctcgt ggcgattgat 360
 tatgcttggtg tgaggcaatc atggtggcat caccatnaa gggaacacat ttganttttt 420
 tttncatat tttaaattac naccagaata ntccagaata aatgaattga aaaactctta 480
 aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 494

<210> 84
 <211> 380
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(380)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 84
 gctggtagcc tatggcgtgg ccacggangg gtccttgagg cacgggacag tgacttccca 60
 agtatcctgc gccgcgtctt ctaccgtccc tacctgcaga tcttcgggca gattccccag 120
 gaggacatgg acgtggccct catggagcac agcaactgct cgtcggagcc cggcttcttg 180
 gcacaccctc ctggggccca ggcgggcacc tgcgtctccc agtatgccaa ctggctgggtg 240
 gtgctgtccc tcttcatctt cctgctcgtg gccaacatcc tgctgggtcac ttgctcattg 300
 ccatgttcag ttacacattc ggcaaagtac agggcaacag cnatctctac tgggaaggcc 360
 agcgttnccg cctcatccgg 380

<210> 85
 <211> 481
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(481)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 85

gagttagctc	ctccacaacc	ttgatgaggt	cgtctgcagt	ggcctctcgc	ttcataccgc	60
tnccatcgte	atactgtagg	tttgccacca	cctcctgcat	cttggggcgg	ctaatatcca	120
ggaaactctc	aatcaagtca	ccgtcnatna	aacctgtggc	tggttctgtc	ttccgctcgg	180
tgtgaaagga	tctccagaag	gagtgtctga	tcttccccac	acttttgatg	actttattga	240
gtcgattctg	catgtccagc	aggaggttgt	accagctctc	tgacagtgag	gtcaccagcc	300
ctatcatgcc	nttgaacgtg	ccgaagaaca	ccgagccttg	tgtggggggg	gnagtctcac	360
ccagattctg	cattaccaga	nagccgtggc	aaaaganatt	gacaactcgc	ccaggngaa	420
aaagaacacc	tccgtggaagt	gctngccgct	cctcgctcct	tggtggnggc	gcntnccttt	480
t						481

<210> 86

<211> 472

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(472)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 86

aacatcttcc	tgtataatgc	tgtgtaatat	cgatccgatn	ttgtctgctg	agaattcatt	60
acttggaana	gcaacttnaa	gcctggacac	tggtattaaa	attcacaata	tgcaacactt	120
taaacagtgt	gtcaatctgc	tcccttactt	tgatcatcacc	agtctgggaa	taagggatag	180
ccctattcac	acctgttaaa	agggcgctaa	gcatttttga	ttcaacatct	tttttttga	240
cacaagtccg	aaaaaagcaa	aagtaaacag	ttnttaattt	gttagccaat	tcactttctt	300
catgggacag	agccatttga	tttaaaaagc	aaattgcata	atattgagct	ttgggagctg	360
atatntgagc	ggaagantag	cctttctact	tcaccagaca	caactccttt	catattggga	420
tgtnacnaa	agttatgtct	cttacagatg	ggatgctttt	gtggcaattc	tg	472

<210> 87

<211> 413

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(413)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 87

agaaaccagt	atctctnaaa	acaacctctc	ataccttggt	gacctaat	ttgtgtcggtg	60
tgtgtgtgcg	cgcataattat	atagacaggc	acatcttttt	tacttttgta	aaagcttatg	120
cctcttttgg	atctatatct	gtgaaagttt	taatgatctg	ccataatgtc	ttggggacct	180
ttgtcttctg	tgtaaatggt	actagagaaa	acacctatnt	tatgagtcaa	tctagttngt	240
tttattcgac	atgaaggaaa	tttccagatn	acaacactna	caaactctcc	cttgactagg	300
ggggacaaa	aaaagcnaaa	ctgaacatna	gaaacaattn	cctgggtgaga	aattncataa	360
acagaaattg	ggtngtatat	tgaaanann	catcattnaa	acgttttttt	ttt	413

<210> 88

<211> 448

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(448)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 88
cgcagcgggt cctctctatc tagctccagc ctctcgctg cccactccc cgcgtcccgc      60
gtcctagccn accatggccg ggcccctgcg cgcccgcgtg ctctgctgg ccatcctggc      120
cgtggccctg gccgtgagcc ccgcgcccg ctcagctccc ggcaagccgc cgcgcctggt      180
gggaggccca tggaccccg gtggaagaag aaggtgtgcg gcgtgcactg gactttgccg      240
tcggcnanta caacaaaccc gcaacnactt ttaccnagcn cgcgctgcag gttgtgccgc      300
cccaancaaa ttgttactng gggtaantaa ttcttgggaag ttgaacctgg gccaaacnng      360
tttaccagaa ccnagccaat tngaacaatt ncccctccat aacagcccct tttaaaaagg      420
gaancantcc tgntcttttc caaat      448

```

```

<210> 89
<211> 463
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(463)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 89
gaattttgtg cactggccac tgtgatggaa ccattgggcc aggatgcttt gagtttatca      60
gtagtatttc tgccaaagtt ggtgttgtaa catgagtatg taaaatgtca aaaaattagc      120
agaggtctag gtctgcatat cagcagacag tttgtccgtg tattttgtag ccttgaagtt      180
ctcagtgaca agttnnttct gatgcgaagt tctnattcca gtgttttagt cctttgcatc      240
tttnatgtnn agacttgccct ctntnaaatt gcttttgtn tctgcaggta ctatctgtgg      300
tttaacaaaa tagaannact tctctgcttn gaanatttga atatcttaca tctnaaaatn      360
aattctctcc ccatannaaa acccangccc ttggganaat ttgaaaaang gntccttcnn      420
aattcnnana anttcagntn tcatacaaca naacngganc ccc      463

```

```

<210> 90
<211> 400
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(400)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 90
agggattgaa ggtctntnt actgtcggac tgttcancca ccaactctac aagttgctgt      60
cttccactca ctgtctgtaa gcntnttaac ccagactgta tcttcataaa tagaacaat      120
tcttcaccag tcacatcttc taggaccttt ttggattcag ttagtataag ctcttcact      180
tcctttgtta agacttcac tggtaaaagc ttaagtttg tagaaaggaa ttaattgct      240
cgttctctaa caatgtcctc tccttgaagt atttgctga acaaccacc tnaagtcct      300
ttgtgcatcc attttaaata tacttaatag ggcattggtn cactaggta aattctgcaa      360
gagtcactcg tctgcaaaag ttgcgttagt atatctgcc      400

```

```

<210> 91
<211> 480
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(480)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 91
gagctcggat ccaataatct ttgtctgagg gcagcacaca tatncagtgc catggnaact      60

```



```

ggctctacccc acatggggagc agcatgccgt agntatataa ggtcattccc tgagtcagac      120
atgcctctttt gactaccgtg tgccagtgtc ggtgattctc acacacctcc nncgctctt      180
tgtggaaaaa ctggcacttg nctggaacta gcaagacatc acttacaat tcacccacga      240
gacacttgaa aggtgtaaca aagcgactct tgcattgtt tttgtccctc cggcaccagt      300
tgtcaatact aaccgctgg ttgacctcca tcacatttgt gatctgtagc tctggataca      360
tctcctgaca gtactgaaga acttcttctt ttgtttcaaa agcaactctt ggtgcctgtt      420
ngatcaggtt cccatttccc agtccgaatg ttcacatggc atatnttact tcccacaaaa      480

```

```

<210> 92
<211> 477
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(477)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 92
atacagccca natcccacca cgaagatgcg cttgttgact gagaacctga tgcggtcact      60
ggtcccgtg tagccccagc gactctccac ctgctggaag cggttgatgc tgcactcctt      120
cccagcgagg cagcagcggg gccggtcaat gaactccact cgtggcttgg ggttgacggt      180
taantgcagg aagaggctga ccacctcgcg gtccaccagg atgcccgact gtgcgggacc      240
tgcagcgaaa ctctctgatg gtcattgagc ggaagcgaat gangcccagg gccttgccca      300
gaaccttccg cctgttctct gccgtcacct gcagctgtg ccgctnacac tcggcctcgg      360
accagcggac aaacggcggt gaacagccgc acctcacgga tgcccantgt gtcgcgtctc      420
aggaacggcn ccagcgtgtc caggtcaatg tcggtgaanc ctccgcgggt aatggcg      477

```

```

<210> 93
<211> 377
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(377)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 93
gaacggctgg accttgctc gcattgtgct gctggcagga ataccttggc aagcagctcc      60
agtccgagca gcccagacc gctgccgccc gaagctaagc ctgcctctgg ccttcccctc      120
cgctcaatg cagaaccant agtgggagca ctgtgtttag agttaagagt gaacactgtn      180
tgattttact tgggaatttc ctctgttata tagcttttcc caatgctaatttccaaacaa      240
caacaacaaa ataacatgtt tgctgttna gttgtataaa agtangtgat tctgtatnta      300
aagaaaatat tactgttaca tatactgctt gcaanttctg tattttattg tincttgaa      360
ataaatatat tattaata

```

```

<210> 94
<211> 495
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(495)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 94
ccctttgagg ggttagggc cagttcccag tggagaagaa aggccaggag aantgcgtgc      60
cgagctgang cagatttccc acagtgaccc cagagccctg ggctatagtc tctgaccctt      120
ccaaggaaa accaccttct ggggacatgg gctggagggc aggacctaga ggcaccaagg      180
gaaggcccca ttccggggct gttccccgag gaggaaggga aggggctctg tgtgcccccc      240

```

```

acgaggaana ggccctgant cctgggatca nacacccctt cacgtgtatc cccacacaaa      300
tgcaagctca ccaaggtccc ctctcagtcc cttccctaca ccctgaacgg ncaactggccc      360
acaccacccc agancancca cccgccatgg ggaatgtntc caaggaatcg cngggcaacg      420
tggaactctng tcccnnaagg gggcagaatc tccaatagan gganngaacc cttgctnana      480
aaaaaaaaana aaaaaa

```

```

<210> 95
<211> 472
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(472)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 95
ggttacttgg ttctattgcc accacttagt ggatgtcatt tagaaccatt ttgtctgctc      60
cctctggaag ccttgcgag agcggacttt gtaattgttg gagaataact gctgaatttt      120
tagctgtttt gaggtagttc gcaccactgc accacaactc aatatgaaaa ctatttnact      180
tatttattat cttgtgaaaa gtatacaatg aaaattttgt tcatactgta tttatcaagt      240
atgatgaaaa gcaatagata tatattcttt tattatgttn aattatgatt gccattatta      300
atcggcaaaa tgtggagtgt atgttctttt cacagtaata tatgcctttt gtaacttcac      360
ttgtttattt tattgtaaat gaattacaaa attcttaatt taagaaaatg gtangttata      420
tttanttcan taatttcttt ccttgtttac gttaattttg aaaagaatgc at              472

```

```

<210> 96
<211> 476
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(476)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 96
ctgaagcatt tcttcaaact tntctacttt tgtcattgat acctgtagta agttgacaat      60
gtggtgaaat ttcaaaatta tatgtaaact ctactagttt tactttctcc cccaagtctt      120
ttttaactca tgatttttac acacacaatc cagaacttat tatatagcct ctaagtcttt      180
attcttcaca gtagatgatg aaagagtctt ccagtgtctt gngcanaatg ttctagntat      240
agctggatac atacnctggg agttctataa actcatacct cagtgggact naacccaaat      300
tgtgttagtc tcaattccta ccacactgag ggagcctccc aaatcactat attcttatct      360
gcaggtagtc ctccagaaaa acngacaggg caggcttgca tgaaaaagtn acatctgcgt      420
tacaaagtct atcttcctca nangtctgtn aaggaacaat ttaatcttct agcttt      476

```

```

<210> 97
<211> 479
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(479)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 97
actctttcta atgtgatat gatcttgagt ataagaatgc atatgtcact agaatggata      60
aaataatgct gcaaaactta tgttcttatg caaaatggaa cgctaatagaa acacagctta      120
caatcgcaaa tcaaaactca caagtgtcga tctgtttagt atttagtgta ataagactta      180
gattgtgctc cttcggtatg gattgtttct canatcttgg gcaatnttcc ttagtcaaat      240
caggctacta gaattctggt attggatatn tgagagcatg aaatttttaa naatacactt      300

```


ggcacttaat	ccatttttat	ttcaaaatgt	ctacaaat	aatcccatta	tacggtattt	120
tcaaaatcta	aattattcaa	attagccaaa	tccttaccaa	ataataccca	aaaatcaaaa	180
atatacttct	ttcagcaaac	ttgttacata	aattaaaaaa	atatatacgg	ctgggtgttt	240
caaagtacaa	ttatcttaac	actgcaaaaca	ttttaaggaa	ctaaaaataa	aaaaaacact	300
ccgcaaaggt	taaagggaac	aacaaattct	tttacaacac	cattataaaa	atcatatctc	360
aaatcttagg	ggaatatata	cttcacacgg	gatcttaact	tttactcact	ttgtttattt	420
ttttaaacca	ttgtttgggc	ccaacacaat	ggaatcccc	ctggactagt		470

<210> 103
 <211> 581
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 103						
ttttttttt	tttttttga	ccccctctt	ataaaaaaca	agttaccatt	ttattttact	60
tacacatatt	tattttataa	ttggtattag	atattcaaaa	ggcagctttt	aaaatcaaac	120
taaatggaaa	ctgccttaga	tacataattc	ttaggaatta	gcttaaaatc	tgcctaaagt	180
gaaaatcttc	tctagctctt	ttgactgtaa	atttttgact	cttgtaaaac	atccaaattc	240
atttttcttg	tctttaaaat	tatctaattc	ttccattttt	tccctattcc	aagtcaattt	300
gcttctctag	cctcatttcc	tagctcttat	ctactattag	taagtggctt	ttttcctaaa	360
agggaaaaca	ggaagagaaa	tggcacacaa	aacaaacatt	ttatattcat	atttctacct	420
acgttaataa	aatagcattt	tgtgaagcca	gctcaaaaaga	aggcttagat	ccttttatgt	480
ccatttttagt	cactaaacga	tatcaaagtg	ccagaatgca	aaaggtttgt	gaacatttat	540
tcaaagcta	atataagata	tttcacatac	tcattctttct	g		581

<210> 104
 <211> 578
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 104						
ttttttttt	ttttttttt	tttttctctt	cttttttttt	gaaatgagga	tcgagttttt	60
cactctctag	atagggcatg	aagaaaactc	atctttccag	ctttaaaata	acaatcaa	120
ctcttatgct	atatcatatt	ttaagttaaa	ctaatgagtc	actggcttat	cttctcctga	180
aggaaatctg	ttcattcttc	tcattcatat	agttatatca	agtactacct	tgcatattga	240
gaggtttttt	ttctctattt	acacatatat	ttccatgtga	atttgtatca	aacctttatt	300
ttcatgcata	ctagaaaaata	atgtttcttt	tgcataagag	aagagaacaa	tatagcatta	360
caaaactgct	caaattgttt	gttaagttaa	ccattataat	tagttggcag	gagctaatac	420
aaatcacatt	tacgacagca	ataataaaac	tgaagtacca	gttaaatatc	caaaataatt	480
aaaggaacat	ttttagcctg	ggtataatta	gctaattcac	tttacaagca	tttattagaa	540
tgaattcaca	tggtattatt	cctagcccaa	cacaatgg			578

<210> 105
 <211> 538
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 105						
ttttttttt	tttttcagta	ataatcagaa	caatatttat	ttttatattt	aaaattcata	60
gaaaagtgcc	ttacatttaa	taaaagtgtg	tttctcaaa	tgatcagagg	aattagatat	120
gtcttgaaca	ccaatattaa	tttgaggaaa	atacaccaaa	atacattaag	taaattattt	180
aagatcatag	agcttgtaag	tgaaaagata	aaatttgacc	tcagaaaactc	tgagcattaa	240
aaatccacta	ttagcaataa	aattactatg	gacttcttgc	tttaattttg	tgatgaatat	300
ggggtgtcac	tggtaaacca	acacattctg	aaggatacat	tacttagtga	tagattctta	360
tgtactttgc	taatacgtgg	atatgagttg	acaagtttct	ctttcttcaa	tcctttaagg	420
ggcgagaaat	gaggaagaaa	agaaaaggat	tacgcatact	gttctttcta	tggaaggatt	480
agatatgttt	cctttgccta	tattaaaaaa	ataataatgt	ttactactag	tgaaaccc	538

<210> 106
 <211> 473
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 106

tttttttttt	tttttttagtc	aagtttctat	ttttattata	attaaagtct	tggtcatttc	60
atttatttagc	tctgcaactt	acatatttta	attaaagaaa	cgtttttagac	aactgtacaa	120
tttataaatg	taaggtgcc	ttattgagta	atatattcct	ccaagagtgg	atgtgtccct	180
tctccacca	actaatgaac	agcaacatta	gtttaatttt	attagtagat	atacactgct	240
gcaaacgcta	attctcttct	ccatcccat	gtgatattgt	gtatatgtgt	gagttggtag	300
aatgcatcac	aatctacaat	caacagcaag	atgaagctag	gctgggcttt	cggtgaaaat	360
agactgtgtc	tgtctgaatc	aaatgatctg	acctatcctc	ggtggcaaga	actcttcgaa	420
ccgtctcttc	aaaggcgctg	ccacatttgt	ggctctttgc	acttgtttca	aaa	473

<210> 107

<211> 1621

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 107

cgccatggca	ctgcagggca	tctcggtcat	ggagctgtcc	ggcctggccc	cgggcccgtt	60
ctgtgctatg	gtcctggctg	acttcggggc	gcgtgtggta	cgctgggacc	ggcccggctc	120
ccgctacgac	gtgagccgct	tgggcccggg	caagcgctcg	ctagtgtctg	acctgaagca	180
gccgcgggga	gccgccgtgc	tgcggcgctc	gtgcaagcgg	tcggatgtgc	tgctggagcc	240
cttcgccgcg	gggtctcatg	agaaactcca	gctgggccc	gagattctgc	agcgggaaaa	300
tccaaggctt	atttatgcc	ggctgagtg	atttgccag	tcaggaagct	tctgccggtt	360
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tggtgagaat	ccgatgccc	cgctgaatct	cctggctgac	tttgctgggt	gtggccttat	480
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cattgatgca	aatatgggtg	aaggaacagc	atattttaagt	tcttttctgt	ggaaaactca	600
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ggagcaggac	gtgagcccc	gccctgcacc	tctgctgtta	aacaccccag	ccatcccttc	1020
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cagccgcgaa	gagatttatc	agcttaactc	agataaaatc	attgaaagta	ataaggtaaa	1140
agctagtctc	taacttcacg	gcccacggct	caagtgaatt	tgaatactgc	atttacagt	1200
tagagtaaca	cataacattg	tatgcatgga	aacatggagg	aacagtatta	cagtgtccta	1260
ccactcta	caagaaaaga	attacagact	ctgattctac	agtgtatgatt	gaattctaaa	1320
aatgggttat	attagggtct	ttgatttata	aaactttggg	tacttatact	aaattatggt	1380
agttattctg	ccttcaggtt	tgcttgatat	atttgttgat	attaagattc	ttgacttata	1440
ttttgaatgg	gttctagtga	aaaaggaatg	atatattcct	gaagacatcg	atatacattt	1500
atttacactc	ttgattctac	aatgtagaaa	atgaggaaat	gccacaaatt	gtatggtgat	1560
aaaagtcacg	tgaacaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	1620
a						1621

<210> 108

<211> 382

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 108

Met	Ala	Leu	Gln	Gly	Ile	Ser	Val	Met	Glu	Leu	Ser	Gly	Leu	Ala	Pro
1				5				10					15		
Gly	Pro	Phe	Cys	Ala	Met	Val	Leu	Ala	Asp	Phe	Gly	Ala	Arg	Val	Val
			20				25					30			
Arg	Val	Asp	Arg	Pro	Gly	Ser	Arg	Tyr	Asp	Val	Ser	Arg	Leu	Gly	Arg
		35					40					45			
Gly	Lys	Arg	Ser	Leu	Val	Leu	Asp	Leu	Lys	Gln	Pro	Arg	Gly	Ala	Ala
	50					55				60					
Val	Leu	Arg	Arg	Leu	Cys	Lys	Arg	Ser	Asp	Val	Leu	Leu	Glu	Pro	Phe
65					70					75					80

Arg Arg Gly Val Met Glu Lys Leu Gln Leu Gly Pro Glu Ile Leu Gln
 85 90 95
 Arg Glu Asn Pro Arg Leu Ile Tyr Ala Arg Leu Ser Gly Phe Gly Gln
 100 105 110
 Ser Gly Ser Phe Cys Arg Leu Ala Gly His Asp Ile Asn Tyr Leu Ala
 115 120 125
 Leu Ser Gly Val Leu Ser Lys Ile Gly Arg Ser Gly Glu Asn Pro Tyr
 130 135 140
 Ala Pro Leu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asp Phe Ala Gly Gly Gly Leu Met Cys
 145 150 155 160
 Ala Leu Gly Ile Ile Met Ala Leu Phe Asp Arg Thr Arg Thr Asp Lys
 165 170 175
 Gly Gln Val Ile Asp Ala Asn Met Val Glu Gly Thr Ala Tyr Leu Ser
 180 185 190
 Ser Phe Leu Trp Lys Thr Gln Lys Ser Ser Leu Trp Glu Ala Pro Arg
 195 200 205
 Gly Gln Asn Met Leu Asp Gly Gly Ala Pro Phe Tyr Thr Thr Tyr Arg
 210 215 220
 Thr Ala Asp Gly Glu Phe Met Ala Val Gly Ala Ile Glu Pro Gln Phe
 225 230 235 240
 Tyr Glu Leu Leu Ile Lys Gly Leu Gly Leu Lys Ser Asp Glu Leu Pro
 245 250 255
 Asn Gln Met Ser Met Asp Asp Trp Pro Glu Met Lys Lys Lys Phe Ala
 260 265 270
 Asp Val Phe Ala Lys Lys Thr Lys Ala Glu Trp Cys Gln Ile Phe Asp
 275 280 285
 Gly Thr Asp Ala Cys Val Thr Pro Val Leu Thr Phe Glu Glu Val Val
 290 295 300
 His His Asp His Asn Lys Glu Arg Gly Ser Phe Ile Thr Ser Glu Glu
 305 310 315 320
 Gln Asp Val Ser Pro Arg Pro Ala Pro Leu Leu Asn Thr Pro Ala
 325 330 335
 Ile Pro Ser Phe Lys Arg Asp Pro Phe Ile Gly Glu His Thr Glu Glu
 340 345 350
 Ile Leu Glu Glu Phe Gly Phe Ser Arg Glu Glu Ile Tyr Gln Leu Asn
 355 360 365
 Ser Asp Lys Ile Ile Glu Ser Asn Lys Val Lys Ala Ser Leu
 370 375 380

<210> 109
 <211> 1524
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 109
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 cagtgcgacc tagtggctct cacctgcttc ctccctggcg tgggctgccg gctgaccccg 180
 ggtttgtagc acctggggccg cactgtcctc tgcacgact tcatggtttt cacggtgcgg 240
 ctgcttcaca tcttcacggg caacaaacag ctggggccca agatcgatcat cgtgagcaag 300
 atgatgaagg acgtgttctt cttcctcttc ttccctggcg tgtggctggt agcctatggc 360
 gtggccacgg agggggtcct gaggccacgg gacagtgcct tccaagtat cctgcgcgcg 420
 gtcttctacc gtccctacct gcagatcttc gggcagattc cccaggagga catggacgtg 480
 gccctcatgg agcacagcaa ctgctcgctg gagcccggtc tctgggcaca ccctcctggg 540
 gcccaggcgg gcacctgcgt ctcccagtat gccaactggc tgggtggtgct gctcctcgtc 600
 atcttcctgc tcgtggccaa catcctgctg gtcaacttgc tcattgccat gttcagttac 660
 acattcggca aagtacagg caacagcgat ctctactgga aggcgcagcg ttaccgctc 720
 atccgggaat tccactctcg gcccgcgctg gccccgcctt ttatcgatcat ctcccacttg 780
 cgccctcctg tcaggcaatt gtgcaggcga ccccgagacc cccagccgct ctccccggcc 840
 ctcgagcatt tccgggttta cctttctaag gaagccgagc ggaagctgct aacgtgggaa 900
 tcgggtgcata aggagaactt tctgctggca cgcgctaggg acaagcggga gagcgactcc 960
 gagcgtctga agcgcacgtc ccagaagggtg gacttggcac tgaaacagct gggacacatc 1020

cgcgagtagc	aacagcgcct	gaaagtgtctg	gagcgggagg	tccagcagtg	tagccgcgtc	1080
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ccacagggga	ttttgtcct	agagtaaggc	tcatctgggc	ctcggccccc	gcacctggtg	1260
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ggatcaaggc	ctggatcccg	ggccgttatc	catctggagg	ctgcagggtc	cttggggtaa	1440
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cagaggaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaa				1524

<210> 110
 <211> 3410
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

gggaaccagc	ctgcacgcgc	tggtctccggg	tgacagccgc	gcgcctcggc	caggatctga	60
gtgatgagac	gtgtccccac	tgaggtgccc	cacagcagca	ggtgttgagc	atgggctgag	120
aagctggacc	ggcaccaaag	ggctggcaga	aatgggcgcc	tggctgattc	ctaggcagtt	180
ggcggcagca	aggaggagag	gccgcagctt	ctggagcaga	gccgagacga	agcagttctg	240
gagtgcctga	acggccccc	gagccctacc	cgcctggccc	actatggtcc	agaggctgtg	300
ggtagccgc	ctgctgcgc	accggaaaag	ccagctcttg	ctgggtcaacc	tgctaaccct	360
tggcctggag	gtgtgtttg	ccgcaggcat	cacctatgtg	ccgcctctgc	tgttgaagt	420
ggggtagag	gagaagtca	tgaccatggt	gctgggcatt	ggtccagtc	tgggcctggt	480
ctgtgtccc	ctcctaggt	cagccagtg	ccactggcgt	ggacgctatg	gccgcgcgc	540
gcccttcac	tgggcactg	ccttgggc	cctgctgagc	ctctttctca	tcccaagggc	600
cggctggcta	gcagggtgc	tgtgcccga	tcccaggccc	ctggagctgg	caactgctcat	660
cctgggcgtg	gggtgctgg	acttctgtgg	ccaggtgtgc	ttcactccac	tggaggccct	720
gctctctgac	ctcttccggg	acccggacca	ctgtcgccag	gcctactctg	tctatgcctt	780
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cttctccacc	tgcgtagcag	ccacactgct	ggtggctgag	gaggcagcgc	tgggccccac	960
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ccgcttggt	ttccggaacc	tgggcgcct	gcttccccgg	ctgcaccagc	tgtgctgccg	1080
catgccccgc	accctgcgcc	ggctcttcgt	ggctgagctg	tgcagctgga	tggcactcat	1140
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gtcctgaggg	gcaacacaca	agaaccaggt	ccctcagccc	cacagcactg	tctttttgct	2520
gatccacccc	cctcttacct	tttatcagga	tgtggcctgt	tggtccttct	gttgccatca	2580
cagagacaca	ggcattttaa	tatttaactt	atttatttaa	caaagtagaa	gggaatccat	2640
tgtagctttt	tgtgtgtgg	tgtctaatat	ttgggtaggg	tgggggatcc	ccaacaatca	2700
ggtccccctga	gatagctggg	cattgggctg	atcattgcca	gaatcttctt	ctcctggggg	2760

```

ctggccccc aaaatgccta acccaggacc ttggaaattc tactcatccc aaatgataat 2820
tccaaatgct gttacccaag gttagggtgt tgaaggaagg tagagggtgg ggcttcagggt 2880
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ctcccccta ctctctctag gactgggctg atgaaggcac tgcccaaaat ttccccctacc 3000
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gcaggaccag aagcacaaag tgcggtttcc caagcctttg tccatctcag cccccagagt 3120
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tagcgggggtg aatattttat actgtaagtg agcaatcaga gtataatgtt tatggtgaca 3300
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aaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaataa aaaaaaaaaa 3410

```

```

<210> 111
<211> 1289
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 111
agccaggcgt ccctctgcct gccactcag ttggcaacacc cgggagctgt tttgtccttt 60
gtggagcctc agcagttccc tctttcagaa ctactgccca agagccctga acaggagcca 120
ccatgcagtg cttcagcttc attaaagacca tgaatgatcct cttcaatttg ctcatctttc 180
tgtgtggtgc agccctgttg gcagtgggca tctgggtgtc aatcgatggg gcatcctttc 240
tgaagatctt cggggcactg tcgtccagt ccatgcagtt tgtcaacgtg ggctacttcc 300
tcatcgcaagc cggcggttggt gtctttgtct ttggtttcct gggctgctat ggtgctaaga 360
ctgagagcaa gtgtgccctc gtgacgttct tcttcacctc cctcctcacc ttcattgctg 420
aggttgagcag tgctgtgtgc gccttggtgt acaccacaat ggctgagcac ttcctgacgt 480
tgctggtagt gcctgccatc aagaaagatt atggttccca ggaagacttc actcaagtgt 540
ggaacaccac catgaaaggg ctcaagtgtc gtggcttcac caactatacg gattttgagg 600
actcacccta cttcaaagag aacagtgcct ttccccatt ctgttgcaat gacaacgtca 660
ccaacacagc caatgaaacc tgcaccaagc aaaaggctca cgacaaaaaa gttagagggtt 720
gcttcaatca gctttgtat gacatccgaa ctaatgcagt caccgtgggt ggtgtggcag 780
ctggaattgg gggcctcgag ctggctgccca tgattgtgtc catgtatctg tactgcaatc 840
tacaataagt ccacttctgc ctctgccact actgctgccca catgggaact gtgaagaggc 900
accctggcaa gcagcagtga ttgggggagg ggacaggatc taacaatgtc acttggggcca 960
gaatggacct gccctttctg ctccagactt ggggctagat agggaccact ccttttagcg 1020
atgcctgact ttccttccat tggtgggtgg atgggtgggg ggcattccag agcctctaag 1080
gtagccagtt ctgttgcca ttccccagc ctattaaacc cttgatatgc cccctaggcc 1140
tagtggtgat cccagtgtc tactggggga tgagagaaag gcattttata gcctgggcat 1200
aagtgaaatc agcagagcct ctgggtggat gtgtagaagg cacttcaaaa tgcataaacc 1260
tgttacaatg ttaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1289

```

```

<210> 112
<211> 315
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 112
Met Val Phe Thr Val Arg Leu Leu His Ile Phe Thr Val Asn Lys Gln
1 5 10 15
Leu Gly Pro Lys Ile Val Ile Val Ser Lys Met Met Lys Asp Val Phe
20 25 30
Phe Phe Leu Phe Phe Leu Gly Val Trp Leu Val Ala Tyr Gly Val Ala
35 40 45
Thr Glu Gly Leu Leu Arg Pro Arg Asp Ser Asp Phe Pro Ser Ile Leu
50 55 60
Arg Arg Val Phe Tyr Arg Pro Tyr Leu Gln Ile Phe Gly Gln Ile Pro
65 70 75 80
Gln Glu Asp Met Asp Val Ala Leu Met Glu His Ser Asn Cys Ser Ser
85 90 95
Glu Pro Gly Phe Trp Ala His Pro Pro Gly Ala Gln Ala Gly Thr Cys
100 105 110
Val Ser Gln Tyr Ala Asn Trp Leu Val Val Leu Leu Val Ile Phe

```


		115					120					125			
Leu	Leu	Val	Ala	Asn	Ile	Leu	Leu	Val	Asn	Leu	Leu	Ile	Ala	Met	Phe
		130					135					140			
Ser	Tyr	Thr	Phe	Gly	Lys	Val	Gln	Gly	Asn	Ser	Asp	Leu	Tyr	Trp	Lys
145					150					155					160
Ala	Gln	Arg	Tyr	Arg	Leu	Ile	Arg	Glu	Phe	His	Ser	Arg	Pro	Ala	Leu
				165					170					175	
Ala	Pro	Pro	Phe	Ile	Val	Ile	Ser	His	Leu	Arg	Leu	Leu	Leu	Arg	Gln
			180					185					190		
Leu	Cys	Arg	Arg	Pro	Arg	Ser	Pro	Gln	Pro	Ser	Ser	Pro	Ala	Leu	Glu
		195					200					205			
His	Phe	Arg	Val	Tyr	Leu	Ser	Lys	Glu	Ala	Glu	Arg	Lys	Leu	Leu	Thr
	210					215					220				
Trp	Glu	Ser	Val	His	Lys	Glu	Asn	Phe	Leu	Leu	Ala	Arg	Ala	Arg	Asp
225					230					235					240
Lys	Arg	Glu	Ser	Asp	Ser	Glu	Arg	Leu	Lys	Arg	Thr	Ser	Gln	Lys	Val
				245					250					255	
Asp	Leu	Ala	Leu	Lys	Gln	Leu	Gly	His	Ile	Arg	Glu	Tyr	Glu	Gln	Arg
			260					265					270		
Leu	Lys	Val	Leu	Glu	Arg	Glu	Val	Gln	Gln	Cys	Ser	Arg	Val	Leu	Gly
		275					280					285			
Trp	Val	Ala	Glu	Ala	Leu	Ser	Arg	Ser	Ala	Leu	Leu	Pro	Pro	Gly	Gly
		290				295					300				
Pro	Pro	Pro	Pro	Asp	Leu	Pro	Gly	Ser	Lys	Asp					
305					310					315					

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<210> 113
<211> 553
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien
```

	<400>	113													
Met	Val	Gln	Arg	Leu	Trp	Val	Ser	Arg	Leu	Leu	Arg	His	Arg	Lys	Ala
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Gln	Leu	Leu	Leu	Val	Asn	Leu	Leu	Thr	Phe	Gly	Leu	Glu	Val	Cys	Leu
			20					25					30		
Ala	Ala	Gly	Ile	Thr	Tyr	Val	Pro	Pro	Leu	Leu	Leu	Glu	Val	Gly	Val
		35					40					45			
Glu	Glu	Lys	Phe	Met	Thr	Met	Val	Leu	Gly	Ile	Gly	Pro	Val	Leu	Gly
	50					55					60				
Leu	Val	Cys	Val	Pro	Leu	Leu	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	His	Trp	Arg	Gly
65				70					75					80	
Arg	Tyr	Gly	Arg	Arg	Arg	Pro	Phe	Ile	Trp	Ala	Leu	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ile
			85						90				95		
Leu	Leu	Ser	Leu	Phe	Leu	Ile	Pro	Arg	Ala	Gly	Trp	Leu	Ala	Gly	Leu
			100					105					110		
Leu	Cys	Pro	Asp	Pro	Arg	Pro	Leu	Glu	Leu	Ala	Leu	Leu	Ile	Leu	Gly
		115					120					125			
Val	Gly	Leu	Leu	Asp	Phe	Cys	Gly	Gln	Val	Cys	Phe	Thr	Pro	Leu	Glu
	130					135					140				
Ala	Leu	Leu	Ser	Asp	Leu	Phe	Arg	Asp	Pro	Asp	His	Cys	Arg	Gln	Ala
145				150					155					160	
Tyr	Ser	Val	Tyr	Ala	Phe	Met	Ile	Ser	Leu	Gly	Gly	Cys	Leu	Gly	Tyr
			165						170					175	
Leu	Leu	Pro	Ala	Ile	Asp	Trp	Asp	Thr	Ser	Ala	Leu	Ala	Pro	Tyr	Leu
			180					185					190		
Gly	Thr	Gln	Glu	Glu	Cys	Leu	Phe	Gly	Leu	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ile	Phe	Leu
		195					200					205			
Thr	Cys	Val	Ala	Ala	Thr	Leu	Leu	Val	Ala	Glu	Glu	Ala	Ala	Leu	Gly
	210					215					220				
Pro	Thr	Glu	Pro	Ala	Glu	Gly	Leu	Ser	Ala	Pro	Ser	Leu	Ser	Pro	His
225				230						235				240	

Cys Cys Pro Cys Arg Ala Arg Leu Ala Phe Arg Asn Leu Gly Ala Leu
 245 250 255
 Leu Pro Arg Leu His Gln Leu Cys Cys Arg Met Pro Arg Thr Leu Arg
 260 265 270
 Arg Leu Phe Val Ala Glu Leu Cys Ser Trp Met Ala Leu Met Thr Phe
 275 280 285
 Thr Leu Phe Tyr Thr Asp Phe Val Gly Glu Gly Leu Tyr Gln Gly Val
 290 295 300
 Pro Arg Ala Glu Pro Gly Thr Glu Ala Arg Arg His Tyr Asp Glu Gly
 305 310 315 320
 Val Arg Met Gly Ser Leu Gly Leu Phe Leu Gln Cys Ala Ile Ser Leu
 325 330 335
 Val Phe Ser Leu Val Met Asp Arg Leu Val Gln Arg Phe Gly Thr Arg
 340 345 350
 Ala Val Tyr Leu Ala Ser Val Ala Ala Phe Pro Val Ala Ala Gly Ala
 355 360 365
 Thr Cys Leu Ser His Ser Val Ala Val Val Thr Ala Ser Ala Ala Leu
 370 375 380
 Thr Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ala Leu Gln Ile Leu Pro Tyr Thr Leu Ala
 385 390 395 400
 Ser Leu Tyr His Arg Glu Lys Gln Val Phe Leu Pro Lys Tyr Arg Gly
 405 410 415
 Asp Thr Gly Gly Ala Ser Ser Glu Asp Ser Leu Met Thr Ser Phe Leu
 420 425 430
 Pro Gly Pro Lys Pro Gly Ala Pro Phe Pro Asn Gly His Val Gly Ala
 435 440 445
 Gly Gly Ser Gly Leu Leu Pro Pro Pro Ala Leu Cys Gly Ala Ser
 450 455 460
 Ala Cys Asp Val Ser Val Arg Val Val Val Gly Glu Pro Thr Glu Ala
 465 470 475 480
 Arg Val Val Pro Gly Arg Gly Ile Cys Leu Asp Leu Ala Ile Leu Asp
 485 490 495
 Ser Ala Phe Leu Leu Ser Gln Val Ala Pro Ser Leu Phe Met Gly Ser
 500 505 510
 Ile Val Gln Leu Ser Gln Ser Val Thr Ala Tyr Met Val Ser Ala Ala
 515 520 525
 Gly Leu Gly Leu Val Ala Ile Tyr Phe Ala Thr Gln Val Val Phe Asp
 530 535 540
 Lys Ser Asp Leu Ala Lys Tyr Ser Ala
 545 550

<210> 114
 <211> 241
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 114
 Met Gln Cys Phe Ser Phe Ile Lys Thr Met Met Ile Leu Phe Asn Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Ile Phe Leu Cys Gly Ala Ala Leu Leu Ala Val Gly Ile Trp Val
 20 25 30
 Ser Ile Asp Gly Ala Ser Phe Leu Lys Ile Phe Gly Pro Leu Ser Ser
 35 40 45
 Ser Ala Met Gln Phe Val Asn Val Gly Tyr Phe Leu Ile Ala Ala Gly
 50 55 60
 Val Val Val Phe Ala Leu Gly Phe Leu Gly Cys Tyr Gly Ala Lys Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Ser Lys Cys Ala Leu Val Thr Phe Phe Phe Ile Leu Leu Leu Ile
 85 90 95
 Phe Ile Ala Glu Val Ala Ala Ala Val Val Ala Leu Val Tyr Thr Thr
 100 105 110
 Met Ala Glu His Phe Leu Thr Leu Leu Val Val Pro Ala Ile Lys Lys

[illegible]

```
<210> 115
<211> 366
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

<400>	115						
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catttctactg	tgatgtatat	tgtgttgcaa	aaaaaaaaa	gtgtctttgt	ttaaaattac		120
ttggtttgtg	aatccatctt	gctttttccc	catttgaact	agctttaact	ccatctctga		180
actggtagaa	aaacatctga	agagctagtc	tatcagcatc	tgacagggtga	attggatggt		240
tctcagaacc	atttcaccca	gacagcctgt	ttctatcctg	tttaataaat	tagtttggtg		300
tctctacatg	cataacaaac	cctgctccaa	tctgtcacat	aaaagtctgt	gacttgaagt		360
ttaqtc							366

```
<210> 116
<211> 282
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

```
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(282)
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

<400> 116						
acaaagatga	accatttcct	atattatagc	aaaattaaaa	tctacccgta	ttctaataatt	60
gagaaatgag	atnaaacaca	atnttataaa	gtctacttag	agaagatcaa	gtgacctcaa	120
agacttttact	atthttcata	tttaagacac	atgattttatc	ctatthttagt	aacctgggttc	180
atacgttataa	caaaggataa	tgtgaacagc	agagaggatt	tgttggcaga	aaatctatgt	240
tcaatctnqa	actatctana	tcacaacacat	ttctatttctt	tt		282

```
<210> 117
<211> 305
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

```
<220>  
<221> misc_feature  
<222> (1)...(305)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

<400> 117
acacatgtcg cttcactgcc ttcttagatg cttctggtca acatanagga acagggacca 60
tattttatcct ccctcctgaa acaattgcaa aataanacaa aatatatgaa acaattgcaa 120

```

aataaggcaa aatatatgaa acaacaggtc tcgagatatt ggaaatcagt caatgaagga      180
tactgatccc tgatcactgt cctaatagcag gatgtgggaa acagatgagg tcacctctgt      240
gactgccccca gcttactgcc tgtagagagt ttctangctg cagttcagac agggagaaat      300
tggtg                                              305

```

```

<210> 118
<211> 71
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(71)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 118
accaaggtgt ntgaatctct gacgtgggga tctctgattc ccgcacaatc tgagtggaaa      60
aantcctggg t                                              71

```

```

<210> 119
<211> 212
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(212)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 119
actccggttg gtgtcagcag cacgtggcat tgaacatngc aatgtggagc ccaaaccaca      60
gaaaatgggg tgaaattggc caactttcta tnaacttatg ttggcaantt tgccaccaac      120
agtaagctgg cccttctaataaaaagaaaat tgaaaggttt ctcactaanc ggaattaant      180
aatggantca aganactccc aggcctcagc gt                      212

```

```

<210> 120
<211> 90
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(90)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 120
actcgttgca natcaggggc cccccagagt caccgttgca ggagtccttc tgggtcttgcc      60
ctccgccggc gcagaacatg ctgggggtgt                      90

```

```

<210> 121
<211> 218
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(218)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 121
tgtancgtga anacgacaga naggggtgtc aaaaatggag aanccttgaa gtcattttga      60
gaataagatt tgctaaaaaga tttggggcta aaacatgggt attgggagac atttctgaag      120

```

atatncangt aaattangga atgaattcat gggtcttttg ggaattcctt tacgatngcc	180
agcatanact tcatgtgggg atancagcta cccttgta	218

<210> 122
 <211> 171
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 122	
taggggtgta tgcaactgta aggacaaaaa ttgagactca actggcttaa ccaataaagg	60
catttgtag ctcattggaac aggaagtcgg atgggtgggc atcttcagtg ctgcatgagt	120
caccaccccg gcggggtcat ctgtgccaca ggtccctgtt gacagtgcgg t	171

<210> 123
 <211> 76
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(76)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 123	
tgtagcgtga agacnacaga atgggtgtgtg ctgtgctatc caggaacaca tttattatca	60
ttatcaanta ttgtgt	76

<210> 124
 <211> 131
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 124	
acctttcccc aaggccaatg tcctgtgtgc taactggccg gctgcaggac agctgcaatt	60
caatgtgctg ggtcatatgg aggggaggag actctaaaat agccaatttt attctcttgg	120
ttaagatttg t	131

<210> 125
 <211> 432
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 125	
actttatcta ctggctatga aatagatggt ggaaaattgc gttaccaact ataccactgg	60
cttgaaaaag aggtgatagc tcttcagagg acttgtgact ttgtctcaga tgctgaagaa	120
ctacagtctg catttggcag aaatgaagat gaatttggat taaatgagga tgctgaagat	180
ttgcctcacc aaacaaaagt gaaacaactg agagaaaaatt ttcaggaaaa aagacagtgg	240
ctcttgaagt atcagtcact ttgtgagaatg tttcttagtt actgcatact tcatggatcc	300
catgggtggg gtcttgcac tgtaagaatg gaattgattt tgcttttgca agaattctcag	360
caggaaacat cagaaccact attttctagc cctctgtcag agcaaacctc agtgcctctc	420
ctctttgctt gt	432

<210> 126
 <211> 112
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 126	
acacaacttg aatagtaaaa tagaaactga gctgaaattt ctaattcact ttctaaccat	60
agtaagaatg atatttcccc ccagggatca ccaaatattt ataaaaattt gt	112

<210> 127

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<211> 54
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 127
accacgaaac cacaacaag atggaagcat caatccactt gccaaagcaca gcag      54

<210> 128
<211> 323
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 128
acctcattag taattgtttt gttgtttcat ttttttctaa tgtctcccct ctaccagctc      60
acctgagata acagaatgaa aatggaagga cagccagatt tctcctttgc tctctgctca      120
ttctctctga agtctaggtt acccattttg gggaccatt ataggcaata aacacagttc      180
ccaaagcatt tggacagttt cttgtttgtg tttagaatgg ttttcctttt tcttagcctt      240
ttcctgcaaa aggctcactc agtcctttgc ttgctcagtg gactgggctc cccagggcct      300
aggctgcctt cttttccatg tcc                                          323

<210> 129
<211> 192
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(192)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 129
acatacatgt gtgtatatTT ttaaatatca cttttgtatc actctgactt tttagcatatc      60
tgaaaacaca ctaacataat ttntgtgaac catgatcaga tacaacccaa atcattcatc      120
tagcacattc atctgtgata naaagatagg tgagtttcat ttccttcacg ttggccaatg      180
gataaacaaa gt                                          192

<210> 130
<211> 362
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(362)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 130
ccctttttta tggaatgagt agactgtatg tttgaanatt tanccacaac ctctttgaca      60
tataatgacg caacaaaaag gtgctgttta gtcctatggt tcagtttatg cccctgacaa      120
gtttccattg tgttttgccg atcttctggc taategtggt atcctccatg ttattagtaa      180
ttctgtattc cattttgtta acgcctggta gatgtaacct gctangaggc taactttata      240
cttattttaa agctcttatt ttgtggtcat taaaatggca atttatgtgc agcactttat      300
tgcagcagga agcacgtgtg ggttggttgt aaagctcttt gctaattcta aaaagtaatg      360
gg                                          362

<210> 131
<211> 332
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature

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<222> (1)...(332)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 131

ctttttgaaa gatcgtgtcc actcctgtgg acatcttgtt ttaatggagt ttcccatgca	60
gtangactgg tatggttgca gctgtccaga taaaaacatt tgaagagctc caaaatgaga	120
gttctcccag gttcgccctg ctgctccaag tctcagcagc agcctctttt aggaggcatc	180
ttctgaacta gattaaggca gcttgtaa atgatgtgat ttgggtttatt atccaactaa	240
cttccatctg ttatcactgg agaaagccca gactcccan gacnggtacg gattgtgggc	300
atanaaggat tgggtgaagc tggcgttgtg gt	332

<210> 132

<211> 322

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(322)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 132

acttttgcca ttttgtatat ataaacaatc ttgggacatt ctctgaaaa ctaggtgtcc	60
agtggctaag agaactcgat ttcaagcaat tctgaaagga aaaccagcat gacacagaat	120
ctcaaattcc caaacagggg ctctgtggga aaaatgaggg aggaccttg tatctcgggt	180
tttagcaagt taaaatgaan atgacaggaa aggcttatt atcaacaaag agaagagttg	240
ggatgcttct aaaaaaaact ttggtagaga aaataggaat gctnaatcct agggaagcct	300
gtaacaatct acaattggtc ca	322

<210> 133

<211> 278

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(278)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 133

acaagccttc acaagtttaa ctaaattggg attaatcttt ctgtanttat ctgcataatt	60
cttggttttc tttccatctg gctcctgggt tgacaatttg tggaaacaac tctattgcta	120
ctatttaaaa aaaatcacia atctttccct ttaagctatg ttnaattcaa actattcctg	180
ctattcctgt tttgtcaaag aaattatatt tttcaaaaata tgtntatttg tttgatgggt	240
cccacgaaac actaataaaa accacagaga ccagcctg	278

<210> 134

<211> 121

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(121)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 134

gtttanaaaa cttgttttagc tccatagagg aaagaatggt aaactttgta ttttaaaaca	60
tgattctctg aggttaaact tgggtttcaa atgttatatt tacttgtatt ttgcttttgg	120
t	121

<210> 135

<211> 350
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(350)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 135
 acttanaacc atgcctagca catcagaatc cctcaaagaa catcagtata atcctataacc 60
 atancaagtgt gtgactgggtt aagcgtgcga caaagggtcag ctggcacatt acttgtgtgc 120
 aaacttgata cttttgttct aagtaggaac tagtatacag tncctaggan tggtagtcca 180
 ggggtccccc caactcctgc agccgctcct ctgtgccagn ccctgnaagg aactttcgtc 240
 ccacctcaat caagccctgg gccatgttac ctgcaattgg ctgaacaaac gtttgctgag 300
 ttcccaagga tgcaaaacct ggtgctcaac tcctggggcg tcaactcagt 350

<210> 136
 <211> 399
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(399)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 136
 tgtaccgtga agacgacaga agttgcatgg cagggacagg gcagggccga ggccagggtt 60
 gctgtgattg tatccgaata ntcctcgtga gaaaagataa tgagatgacg tgagcagcct 120
 gcagacttgt gtctgccttc aanaagccag acaggaaggc cctgcctgcc ttggctctga 180
 cctggcggcc agccagccag ccacaggtgg gcttcttcct tttgtggtga caacnccaag 240
 aaaactgcag agggccaggg tcaggtgtna gtgggtangt gaccataaaa caccagggtgc 300
 tcccaggaac ccgggcaaag gccatcccca cctacagcca gcatgcccac tggcgtgatg 360
 ggtgcagang gatgaagcag ccagntgttc tgctgtggt 399

<210> 137
 <211> 165
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(165)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 137
 actggtgtgg tnggggggtga tgctgggtgt anaagttgan gtgacttcan gatggtgtgt 60
 ggaggaagtg tgtgaacgta gggatgtaga ngttttggcc gtgctaaatg agcttcggga 120
 ttggctggtc ccactgggtg tcaactgtcat tgggtgggtt cctgt 165

<210> 138
 <211> 338
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(338)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 138

actcactgga	atgccacatt	cacaacagaa	tcagaggtct	gtgaaaacat	taatggctcc	60
ttaacttctc	cagtaagaat	cagggacttg	aaatggaaac	gttaacagcc	acatgcccac	120
tgctgggcag	tctcccatgc	cttccacagt	gaaagggctt	gagaaaaatc	acatccaatg	180
tcatgtgttt	ccagccacac	caaaaggtgc	ttgggggtgga	gggctggggg	catananggt	240
cangcctcag	gaagcctcaa	gttccattca	gctttgccac	tgtacattcc	ccatntttaa	300
aaaaactgat	gccttttttt	tttttttttg	taaaattc			338

<210> 139

<211> 382

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 139

gggaatcttg	gtttttggca	tctggtttgc	ctatagccga	ggccactttg	acagaacaaa	60
gaaagggact	tcgagtaaga	aggtgattta	cagccagcct	agtgcccgaa	gtgaaggaga	120
attcaaacag	acctcgtcat	tcttggtgtg	agcctggtcg	gctcaccgcc	tatcatctgc	180
atttgcttta	ctcaggtgct	accggactct	ggccccgat	gtctgtagtt	tcacaggatg	240
ccttatttgt	cttctacacc	ccacagggcc	ccctacttct	tcggatgtgt	ttttaataat	300
gtcagctatg	tgccccatcc	tccttcatgc	cctccctccc	tttccctacca	ctgctgagtg	360
gcctggaact	tgtttaaagt	gt				382

<210> 140

<211> 200

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(200)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 140

accaaaactt	ctttctgttg	tgttngattt	tactataggg	gtttngcttn	ttctaaanat	60
acttttcatt	taacancttt	tgtttaagtgt	caggctgcac	tttgctccat	anaattattg	120
ttttcacatt	tcaacttgta	tgtgtttgtc	tcttanagca	ttggtgaaat	cacatatttt	180
atattcagca	taaaggagaa					200

<210> 141

<211> 335

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(335)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 141

actttatttt	caaaacactc	atatgttgca	aaaaacacat	agaaaaataa	agtttggtgg	60
gggtgctgac	taaacttcaa	gtcacagact	tttatgtgac	agattggagc	agggtttggt	120
atgcatgtag	agaaccctaa	ctaattttatt	aaacaggata	gaaacaggct	gtctgggtga	180
aatggttctg	agaaccatcc	aattcacctg	tcagatgctg	atanactagc	tcttcagatg	240
tttttctacc	agttcagaga	tnggttaatg	actanttcca	atggggaaaa	agcaagatgg	300
attcacaac	caagtaattt	taaacaaaga	cactt			335

<210> 142

<211> 459

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(459)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 142

accagggttaa	tattgccaca	tatatccttt	ccaattgcgg	gctaaacaga	cgtgtattta	60
gggttggtta	aagacaaccc	agcttaatat	caagagaaat	tgtgaccttt	catggagtat	120
ctgatggaga	aaacactgag	ttttgacaaa	tcttatttta	ttcagatagc	agtctgatca	180
cacatggtcc	aacaacactc	aaataataaa	tcaaataatna	tcagatgtta	aagattgggtc	240
ttcaaacatc	atagccaatg	atgccccgct	tgccctataat	ctctccgaca	taaaaccaca	300
tcaacacctc	agtggccacc	aaaccattca	gcacagcttc	cttaactgtg	agctgtttga	360
agctaccagt	ctgagcacta	ttgactatnt	ttttcangct	ctgaatagct	ctagggatct	420
cagcangggg	gggaggaacc	agctcaacct	tggcgctant			459

<210> 143

<211> 140

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 143

acatttcctt	ccaccaagtc	aggactcctg	gcttctgtgg	gagttcttat	cacctgaggg	60
aaatccaaac	agtctctcct	agaaaggaat	agtgtcacca	acccaccca	tctccctgag	120
accatccgac	ttccctgtgt					140

<210> 144

<211> 164

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(164)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 144

acttcagtaa	caacatacaa	taacaacatt	aagtgtatat	tgccatcttt	gtcattttct	60
atctatacca	ctctcccttc	tgaaaacaan	aatcactanc	caatcactta	tacaaatttg	120
aggcaattaa	tccatatttg	ttttcaataa	ggaaaaaaag	atgt		164

<210> 145

<211> 303

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(303)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 145

acgtagacca	tccaactttg	tatttgtaat	ggcaaacatc	cagnagcaat	tcctaaacaa	60
actggagggt	atattatccc	aattatccca	ttcattaaca	tgccctcctc	ctcagggtat	120
gcaggacagc	tatcataagt	cggcccaggc	atccagatac	taccatttgt	ataaaacttca	180
gtaggggagt	ccatccaagt	gacaggtcta	atcaaaggag	gaaatggaac	ataagcccag	240
tagtaaaatn	ttgcttagct	gaaacagcca	caaaagactt	accgccgtgg	tgattaccat	300
caa						303

<210> 146

<211> 327

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(327)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 146
 actgcagctc aattagaagt ggtctctgac tttcatcanc ttctccctgg gctccatgac 60
 actggcctgg agtgactcat tgctctgggt ggttgagaga gctcctttgc caacaggcct 120
 ccaagtcagg gctgggattt gtttcctttc cacattctag caacaatatg ctggccactt 180
 cctgaacagg gaggggtgga ggagccagca tggaaacaagc tgccactttc taaagtagcc 240
 agacttgccc ctgggcctgt cacacctact gatgaccttc tgtgcctgca ggatggaatg 300
 taggggtgag ctgtgtgact ctatggt 327

<210> 147
 <211> 173
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(173)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 147
 acattgtttt tttagataa agcattgana gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg 60
 actggaacac ataccacat ctttgttctg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt 120
 atattcaagc acatatgtta tatattattc agttccatgt ttatagccta gtt 173

<210> 148
 <211> 477
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(477)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 148
 acaaccactt tatctcatcg aattttttaac ccaaactcac tcaactgtgcc tttctatcct 60
 atgggatata ttatttgatg ctccatttca tcacacatat atgaataata cactcatact 120
 gccctactac ctgctgcaat aatcacattc ccttcctgtc ctgaccctga agccattggg 180
 gtggctcctag tggccatcag tccangcctg caccttgagc ccttgagctc cattgctcac 240
 nccanccac ctcaccgacc ccatectctt acacagctac ctccctgtgc tctaacccca 300
 tagattatnt ccaaattcag tcaattaagt tactattaac actctacccg acatgtccag 360
 caccactggg aagccttctc cagccaacac acacacacac acacncacac acacacatat 420
 ccaggcacag gctacctcat cttcacaatc acccctttaa ttaccatgct atggtgg 477

<210> 149
 <211> 207
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 149
 acagttgtat tataatatca agaaataaac ttgcaatgag agcattttaag agggaagaac 60
 taacgtatatt tagagagcca aggaagggtt ctgtggggag tgggatgtaa ggtggggcct 120
 gatgataaat aagagtcagc caggtaagtg ggtggtgtgg tatgggcaca gtgaagaaca 180
 tttcaggcag agggaacagc agtgaaa 207

<210> 150
 <211> 111
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(111)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 150
 accttgattt cattgctgct ctgatggaaa cccaactatc taatttagct aaaacatggg 60
 cacttaaatg tggtcagtgt ttggacttgt taactantgg catctttggg t 111

<210> 151
 <211> 196
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 151
 agcgcggcag gtcatttga acattccaga tacctatcat tactcgatgc tgttgataac 60
 agcaagatgg ctttgaactc agggtcacca ccagctattg gaccttacta tgaaaaccat 120
 ggataccaac cggaaaaccc ctatcccgca cagcccactg tgggtcccccac tgtctacgag 180
 gtgcatccgg ctcagt 196

<210> 152
 <211> 132
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 152
 acagcacttt cacatgtaag aagggagaaa ttcctaaatg taggagaaag ataacagAAC 60
 cttccccttt tcatctagtg gtggaaacct gatgctttat gttgacagga atagaaccag 120
 gagggagttt gt 132

<210> 153
 <211> 285
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(285)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 153
 acaanacca nganaggcca ctggccgtgg tgtcatggcc tccaaacatg aaagtgtcag 60
 cttctgctct tatgtcctca tctgacaact ctttaccatt tttatcctcg ctcagcagga 120
 gcacatcaat aaagtccaaa gtcttggact tggccttggc ttggaggaag tcatcaacac 180
 cctggctagt gaggtgacgg cgccgctcct ggatgacggc atctgtgaag tcgtgcacca 240
 gtctgcaggc cctgtggaag cgccgtccac acggagtnag gaatt. 285

<210> 154
 <211> 333
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 154
 accacagtcc tgttgggcca gggcttcagt accctttctg tgaaaagcca tattatcacc 60
 accccaaatt tttccttaaa tatctttaac tgaaggggtc agcctcttga ctgcaaagac 120
 cctaagccgg ttacacagct aactcccact ggccctgatt tgtgaaattg ctgctgcctg 180
 attggcacag gagtgcgaagg tgttcagctc ccctcctccg tggaacgaga ctctgatttg 240
 agtttcacaa attctcgggc cacctcgtca ttgctcctct gaaataaaat ccggagaatg 300
 gtcaggcctg tctcatccat atggatcttc cgg 333

<210> 155

<211> 308
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(308)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 155
 actggaaata ataaaaccca catcacagtg ttgtgtcaaa gatcatcagg gcatggatgg 60
 gaaagtgcctt tgggaactgt aaagtgccta acacatgatc gatgattttt gttataatat 120
 ttgaatcacg gtgcatacaa actctcctgc ctgctcctcc tgggccccag cccagcccc 180
 atcacagctc actgctctgt tcatccaggc ccagcatgta gtggctgatt cttcttggct 240
 gcttttagcc tccanaagtt tctctgaagc caaccaaacc tctangtgta aggcattgctg 300
 gccctggg 308

<210> 156
 <211> 295
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 156
 accttgctcg gtgcttgga catattagga actcaaaata tgagatgata acagtgccta 60
 ttattgatta ctgagagaac tgtagacat ttagttgaag attttctaca caggaaactga 120
 gaataggaga ttatgtttgg cctcatatt ctctcctatc ctcttgctc cattctatgt 180
 ctaatatatt ctcaatcaaa taaggtagc ataatcagga aatcgaccaa ataccaatat 240
 aaaaccagat gtctatcctt aagattttca aatagaaaac aaattaacag actat 295

<210> 157
 <211> 126
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 157
 acaagtttaa atagtgcctg cactgtgcat gtgctgaaat gtgaaatcca ccacatttct 60
 gaagagcaaa acaaattctg tcatgtaatc tctatcttgg gtcgtgggta tatctgtccc 120
 cttagt 126

<210> 158
 <211> 442
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(442)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 158
 acccactggg cttggaaaca cccatcctta atacgatgat ttttctgtcg tgtgaaaatg 60
 aanccagcag gctgcccta gtcagtcctt ccttcagag aaaaagagat ttgagaaagt 120
 gcctgggtaa ttcaccatta atttcctccc ccaaactctc tgagtcttcc cttaatatatt 180
 ctggtgggtc tgaccaaagc aggtcatggg ttgttgagca tttgggatcc cagtgaagta 240
 natgtttgta gccttgcata cttagccctt cccacgcaca aacggagtgg cagagtgggtg 300
 ccaaccctgt tttccagtc cagtagaca gattcacagt gcggaattct ggaagctgga 360
 nacagacggg ctctttgcag agccgggact ctgagangga catgagggcc tctgcctctg 420
 tgttcattct ctgatgtcct gt 442

<210> 159
 <211> 498
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(498)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 159

acttccaggt	aacgttggtg	tttccgttga	gcctgaactg	atgggtgacg	ttgtaggttc	60
tccaacaaga	actgagggtg	cagagcgggt	aggggaagagt	gctgttccag	ttgcacctgg	120
gctgctgtgg	actgttggtg	attcctcact	acggcccaag	gttgtggaac	tggcanaaag	180
gtgtgttggt	gganttgagc	tcgggcggct	gtggtaggtt	gtgggctctt	caacaggggc	240
tgctgtggtg	cggggangtg	aangtggtgt	gtcacttgag	cttggccagc	tctggaaagt	300
antanattct	tcctgaaggc	cagcgcttgt	ggagctggca	ngggtcantg	ttgtgtgtaa	360
cgaaccagtg	ctgctgtggg	tgggtgtana	tcctccacaa	agcctgaagt	tatggtgtcn	420
tcaggaana	atgtggttgc	agtgtccctg	ggcngctgtg	gaaggttgta	nattgtcacc	480
aagggaataa	gctgtggt					498

<210> 160

<211> 380

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(380)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 160

acctgcatcc	agcttccctg	ccaaactcac	aaggagacat	caacctctag	acagggaaac	60
agcttcagga	tacttccagg	agacagagcc	accagcagca	aaacaaatat	tcccatgcct	120
ggagcatggc	atagagggaag	ctganaaatg	tgggggtctga	ggaagccatt	tgagtctggc	180
cactagacat	ctcatcagcc	acttgtgtga	agagatgccc	catgacccca	gatgcctctc	240
ccacccttac	ctccatctca	cacacttgag	ctttccactc	tgtataattc	taacatcctg	300
gagaaaaatg	gcagtttgac	cgaacctgtt	cacaacggta	gaggctgatt	tctaacgaaa	360
cttgtagaat	gaagcctgga					380

<210> 161

<211> 114

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 161

actccacatc	ccctctgagc	aggcggttgt	cgttcaaggt	gtatttggcc	ttgcctgtca	60
cactgtccac	tggcccctta	tccacttggt	gcttaatccc	tcgaaagagc	atgt	114

<210> 162

<211> 177

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 162

actttctgaa	tcgaatcaaa	tgatacttag	tgtagtttta	atatcctcat	atatatcaaa	60
gttttactac	tctgataatt	ttgtaaacca	ggtaaccaga	acatccagtc	atacagcttt	120
tggtgatata	taacttgga	ataaccagct	ctggtgatac	ataaaaactac	tcactgt	177

<210> 163

<211> 137

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(137)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 163
 catttataca gacaggcgtg aagacattca cgacaaaaac gcgaaattct atcccgtgac 60
 canagaaggc agctacggct actcctacat cctggcgtgg gtggccttcg cctgcacctt 120
 catcagcggc atgatgt 137

<210> 164
 <211> 469
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(469)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 164
 cttatcacia tgaatgttct cctgggcagc gttgtgatct ttgccacctt cgtgacttta 60
 tgcaatgcat catgctattt catacctaata gagggagttc caggagattc aaccaggaaa 120
 tgcatggatc tcaaaggaaa caaacaccca ataaactcgg agtggcagac tgacaactgt 180
 gagacatgca cttgctacga aacagaaatt tcatgttgca cccttgtttc tacacctgtg 240
 ggttatgaca aagacaactg ccaaagaatc ttcaagaagg aggactgcaa gtatatcgtg 300
 gtggagaaga aggacccaaa aaagacctgt tctgtcagtg aatggataat ctaatgtgct 360
 tctagtaggc acagggtctc caggccaggc ctcattctcc tctggcctct aatagtcaat 420
 gattgtgtag ccatgcctat cagtaaaaag atntttgagc aaacacttt 469

<210> 165
 <211> 195
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(195)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 165
 acagtttttt atanatatcg acattgccgg cacttgtgtt cagtttcata aagctggtgg 60
 atcgctgtc atccactatt ccttggttag agtaaaaatt attcttatag cccatgtccc 120
 tgcaggccgc ccgcccgtag ttctcgttcc agtcgtcttg gcacacaggg tgccaggact 180
 tcctctgaga tgagt 195

<210> 166
 <211> 383
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(383)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 166
 acatcttagt agtgtggcac atcagggggc catcagggtc acagtcactc atagcctcgc 60
 cgaggctcga gtccacacca ccggtgtagg tgtgctcaat cttgggcttg gcgcccacct 120
 ttggagaagg gatatgctgc acacacatgt ccacaaagcc tgtgaactcg ccaaagaatt 180
 ttgacagacc agcctgagca aggggcggat gttcagcttc agctcctcct tcgtcaggtg 240
 gatgccaaac tgcgtctangg tccgtgggaa gctgggtgtcc acntcaccta caacctgggc 300
 gangatctta taaagaggct ccnagataaa ctccacgaaa cttctctggg agctgctagt 360

nggggccttt ttggtgaact ttc 383

<210> 167
 <211> 247
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(247)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 167
 acagagccag accttggcca taaatgaanc agagattaag actaaacccc aagtcganat 60
 tggagcagaa actggagcaa gaagtgggcc tggggctgaa gtagagacca aggccactgc 120
 tatanccata cacagagcca actctcaggc caaggcnatg gttggggcag anccagagac 180
 tcaatctgan tccaaagtgg tggctggaac actggtcatg acanaggcag tgactctgac 240
 tgangtc 247

<210> 168
 <211> 273
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(273)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 168
 acttctaagt tttctagaag tggaaggatt gtantcatcc tgaaaatggg tttacttcaa 60
 aatccctcan ccttggtcct cactactgtc tatactgana gtgtcatggt tccacaaagg 120
 gctgacacct gagcctgnat tttcactcat ccctgagaag ccctttccag tagggtgggc 180
 aattccaac ttccttgcca caagcttccc aggttttctc ccctggaaaa ctccagcttg 240
 agtcccagat acactcatgg gctgccctgg gca 273

<210> 169
 <211> 431
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(431)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 169
 acagccttgg ctccccaaa ctccacagtc tcagtgcaga aagatcatct tccagcagtc 60
 agctcagacc aggggtcaaag gatgtgacat caacagtttc tggtttcaga acaggttcta 120
 ctactgtcaa atgaccccc atacttcctc aaaggctgtg gtaagttttg cacaggtgag 180
 ggcagcagaa agggggtant tactgatgga caccatcttc tctgtatact ccacactgac 240
 cttgccatgg gcaaaggccc ctaccacaaa aacaatagga tcaactgctg gcaccagctc 300
 acgcacatca ctgacaaccg ggatggaaaa agaantgcc aactttcatac atccaactgg 360
 aaagtgatct gatactggat tcttaattac cttcaaaagc ttctgggggc catcagctgc 420
 tcgaacactg a 431

<210> 170
 <211> 266
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(266)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 170
 acctgtgggc tgggctgtta tgctgtgccc ggctgttgaa agggagttca gaggtggagc 60
 tcaaggagct ctgcaggcat tttgccaanc ctctccanag canagggagc aacctacact 120
 ccccgtctaga aagacaccag attggagtcc tgggaggggg agttggggtg ggcatttgat 180
 gtatacttgt cacctgaatg aangagccag agaggaanga gacgaanatg anattggcct 240
 tcaaagctag gggctctggca ggtgga 266

<210> 171
 <211> 1248
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(1248)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 171
 ggcagccaaa tcataaacgg cgaggactgc agcccgcact cgcagccctg gcaggcggca 60
 ctggtcatgg aaaacgaatt gttctgctcg ggctgcctgg tgcattccga gtgggtgctg 120
 tcagccgcac actgtttcca gaagtgaatg cagagctcct acaccatcgg gctgggcctg 180
 cacagtcttg aggcgacca agagccaggg agccagatgg tggaggccag cctctccgta 240
 cggcacccag agtacaacag acccttgctc gctaaccgacc tcatgctcat caagttggac 300
 gaatccgtgt ccgagtctga caccatccgg agcatcagca ttgcttcgca gtgccctacc 360
 gcggggaact cttgcctcgt ttctggctgg ggtctgctgg cgaacggcag aatgcctacc 420
 gtgctgcagt gcgtgaacgt gtcggtggtg tctgaggagg tctgcagtaa gctctatgac 480
 ccgctgtacc accccagcat gttctgcgcc ggccggaggc aagaccagaa ggactcctgc 540
 aacggtgact ctggggggcc cctgatctgc aacgggtact tgcagggcct tgtgtctttc 600
 ggaaaagccc cgtgtggcca agttggcgtg ccagggtgtct acaccaacct ctgcaaattc 660
 actgagtggg tagagaaaac cgtccaggcc agttaactct ggggactggg aacctatgaa 720
 attgaccccc aaatacatcc tgcggaagga attcaggaat atctgttccc agcccctcct 780
 ccctcaggcc caggagtcca ggccccagc ccctcctccc tcaaaccaag ggtacagatc 840
 ccagccccct cctccctcag acccaggagt ccagaccccc cagccccctc tccctcagac 900
 ccaggagtcc agcccctcct ccctcagacc caggagtcca gacccccag cccctcctcc 960
 ctccagacca ggggtccagg cccccaaccc ctccctccctc agactcagag gtccaagccc 1020
 ccaaccntc attccccaga cccagaggtc cagggtccag cccctcntcc ctccagacca 1080
 gcggtccaat gccacctaga cntccctgt acacagtgcc cccttggtgc acgttgacct 1140
 aaccttacca gttggtttt catttttngt ccctttcccc tagatccaga aataaagttt 1200
 aagagaagng caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1248

<210> 172
 <211> 159
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> VARIANT
 <222> (1)...(159)
 <223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 172
 Met Val Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser
 20 25 30
 Glu Ser Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr
 35 40 45
 Ala Gly Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly

56

50		55		60
Arg Met Pro Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu				
65		70		75
Glu Val Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe				80
	85		90	95
Cys Ala Gly Gly Gln Xaa Gln Xaa Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser				110
	100		105	
Gly Gly Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe				125
	115		120	
Gly Lys Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn				140
	130		135	
Leu Cys Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser				155
145	150			

<210> 173
 <211> 1265
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(1265)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 173

ggcagccgc	actcgcagcc	ctggcaggcg	gcactggtca	tggaaaacga	attgttctgc	60
tcgggcgtcc	tgggtgcatcc	gcagtgggtg	ctgtcagccg	cacactgttt	ccagaactcc	120
tacaccatcg	ggctgggcct	gcacagtctt	gaggccgacc	aagagccagg	gagccagatg	180
gtggaggcca	gcctctccgt	acggcaccga	gagtacaaca	gacccttgct	cgctaacgac	240
ctcatgtctca	tcaagttgga	cgaatccgtg	tccgagtctg	acaccatccg	gagcatcagc	300
attgcttcgc	agtgccttac	cgcggggaac	tcttgccctg	tttctggctg	gggtctgctg	360
gcgaacggtg	agctcacggg	tgtgtgtctg	ccctcttcaa	ggaggtccctc	tgcccagtcg	420
cgggggctga	cccagagctc	tgcgtcccag	gcagaatgcc	taccgtgctg	cagtgcgtga	480
acgtgtcggt	ggtgtctgag	gaggtctgca	gtaagctcta	tgaccgcgtg	taccacccca	540
gcatgttctg	cgccggcgga	gggcaagacc	agaaggactc	ctgcaacggt	gactctgggg	600
ggcccctgat	ctgcaacggg	tacttgacag	gccttgtgtc	tttcggaaaa	gcccgtgtg	660
gccaaagtgg	cgtgccagg	gtctacacca	acctctgcaa	attcactgag	tggatagaga	720
aaaccgtcca	ggccagttaa	ctctggggac	tgggaaccca	tgaaattgac	ccccaaatac	780
atcctgcgga	aggaattcag	gaatatctgt	tcccagcccc	tcctccctca	ggcccaggag	840
tccaggcccc	cagcccctcc	tcctcaaacc	caagggtaca	gatccccagc	ccctcctccc	900
tcagaccag	gagtcacag	ccccagccc	ctcctccctc	agaccagga	gtccagcccc	960
tcctccntca	gaccagggag	tccagacccc	ccagcccctc	ctccctcaga	cccagggggt	1020
gaggccccca	acccctcctc	cttcagagtc	agaggtccaa	gcccccaacc	cctcgttccc	1080
cagaccaga	ggttnnagg	ccagcccctc	ttcctcaga	cccagnggtc	caatgccacc	1140
tagattttcc	ctgnacacag	tgcccccttg	tggnangttg	acccaacctt	accagttggt	1200
ttttcatttt	tngtcccttt	cccctagatc	cagaaataaa	gtttaagaga	ngngcaaaaa	1260
aaaaa						1265

<210> 174
 <211> 1459
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(1459)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 174

ggtcagccgc	acactgtttc	cagaagtggag	tgcagagctc	ctacaccatc	gggctggggc	60
tgcacagtct	tgaggccgac	caagagccag	ggagccagat	ggtaggggcc	agcctctccg	120
tacggcaccc	agagtacaac	agacccttgc	tcgctaacga	cctcatgctc	atcaagttgg	180

acgaatccgt	gtccgagtct	gacaccatcc	ggagcatcag	cattgcttcg	cagtgccta	240
ccgcggggaa	ctcttgccct	gtttctggct	ggggtctgct	ggcgaacggt	gagctcacgg	300
gtgtgtgtct	gccctcttca	aggaggtcct	ctgcccagtc	gcgggggctg	acccagagct	360
ctgctgtcca	ggcagaatgc	ctaccgtgct	gcagtgcgtg	aacgtgtcgg	tgggtgtctga	420
ngaggtctgc	antaagctct	atgacccgct	gtaccacccc	ancatgttct	gcgccggcgg	480
agggcaagac	cagaaggact	cctgcaacgt	gagagagggg	aaaggggagg	gcaggcgact	540
cagggaaagg	tggagaaggg	ggagacagag	acacacaggg	ccgcatggcg	agatgcagag	600
atggagagac	acacagggag	acagtgacaa	ctagagagag	aaactgagag	aaacagagaa	660
ataaacacag	gaataaagag	aagcaaagga	agagagaaac	agaaacagac	atggggaggc	720
agaaacacac	acacatagaa	atgcagttga	ccttccaaca	gcatggggcc	tgagggcggt	780
gacctccacc	caatagaaaa	tectcttata	acttttgact	ccccaaaaac	ctgactagaa	840
atagcctact	gttgacgggg	agccttacca	ataacataaa	tagtcgattt	atgcatacgt	900
tttatgcatt	catgatatac	ctttgttga	attttttgat	atttctaagc	tacacagttc	960
gtctgtgaat	ttttttaaat	tgttgcaact	ctcctaaaa	ttttctgatg	tgtttattga	1020
aaaaatccaa	gtataagtgg	acttgtgcat	tcaaacaggg	gttgttcaag	ggtcaactgt	1080
gtaccagag	ggaaacagtg	acacagattc	atagaggtga	aacacgaaga	gaaacaggaa	1140
aaatcaagac	tctacaaaga	ggctgggcag	ggtggctcat	gcctgtaatc	ccagcacttt	1200
gggaggcgag	gcaggcgag	cacttgagg	aaggagttca	agaccagcct	ggccaaaatg	1260
gtgaaatcct	gtctgtacta	aaaatacaaa	agtttagctg	atatgggtgg	aggcgctgt	1320
aatcccagct	acttgggagg	ctgaggcagg	agaattgctt	gaatatggga	ggcagaggtt	1380
gaagtgaagt	gagatcacac	cactatactc	cagctggggc	aacagagtaa	gactctgtct	1440
caaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaa					1459

<210> 175

<211> 1167

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc feature

<222> (1)...(1167)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 175

gcgcagccct	ggcaggcgcc	actggtcagt	gaaaacgaat	tggtctgctc	gggcgtcctg	60
gtgcatccgc	agtgggtgct	gtcagccgca	cactgtttcc	agaactccta	caccatcggg	120
ctgggcctgc	acagtcttga	ggccgaccaa	gagccaggga	gccagatggg	ggaggccagc	180
ctctccgtac	ggcaccacaga	gtacaacaga	ctcttgctcg	ctaaccgacct	catgtctatc	240
aagttggacg	aatccgtgtc	cgagtctgac	accatccgga	gcatcagcat	tgcttcgcag	300
tgccctaccg	cggggaactc	ttgcctcgtn	tctggctggg	gtctgctggc	gaacggcaga	360
atgcctaccg	tgctgcactg	cgtgaacgtg	tcgggtgggt	ctgaggangt	ctgcagtaag	420
ctctatgacc	cgctgtacca	ccccagcatg	ttctgcgcgg	gcggagggca	agaccagaag	480
gactcctgca	acgggtgactc	tgggggggccc	ctgatctgca	acgggtactt	gcagggcctt	540
gtgtctttcg	gaaaagcccc	gtgtggccaa	cttggcgctg	cagggtgtcta	caccaacctc	600
tgcaaatcca	ctgagtggat	agagaaaaacc	gtccagncca	gttaactctg	gggactggga	660
acccatgaaa	ttgaccccca	aatacatcct	gcggaangaa	ttcaggaata	tctgttccca	720
gcccctcctc	cctcaggccc	aggagtccag	gccccagcc	cctcctccct	caaaaccaagg	780
gtacagatcc	ccagcccttc	ctccctcaga	cccaggagtc	cagacccccc	agcccctcnt	840
ccntcagacc	caggagtcca	gcccctcctc	cntcagacgc	aggagtccag	accccccagc	900
ccntcntccg	tcagaccacg	gggtgcaggc	ccccaacccc	tcntccntca	gagtcagagg	960
tcgaagcccc	caaccctcgt	ttccccagac	ccagaggtnc	aggtcccagc	ccctcctccc	1020
tcagaccacg	cggtccaatg	ccacctagan	tnccctgta	cacagtgcgc	ccttgtggca	1080
ngttgaccca	accttaccag	ttgggttttc	atTTTTTgtc	cctttccctt	agatccagaa	1140
ataaagtnta	agagaagcgc	aaaaaaa				1167

<210> 176

<211> 205

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (1)...(205)

<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 176

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Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp
 1      5      10      15
Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu
      20      25      30
Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val
      35      40      45
Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Leu Leu Leu
      50      55      60
Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser
      65      70      75      80
Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly
      85      90      95
Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met
      100     105     110
Pro Thr Val Leu His Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Xaa Val
      115     120     125
Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala
      130     135     140
Gly Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly
      145     150     155     160
Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys
      165     170     175
Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Leu Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys
      180     185     190
Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Xaa Ser
      195     200     205

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<210> 177

<211> 1119

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 177

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gcgcactcgc agccctggca ggccggcactg gtcattggaaa acgaattggt ctgctcgggc      60
gtcctgggtgc atccgcagtg ggtgctgtca gccgcacact gtttccagaa ctctacacc      120
atcgggctgg gctgcacag tcttgaggcc gaccaagagc caggagacca gatggtggag      180
gccagcctct ccgtacggca cccagagtag aacagaccct tgctcgctaa cgacctcatg      240
ctcatcaagt tggacgaatc cgtgtccgag tctgacacca tccggagcat cagcattgct      300
tcgcagtgcc ctaccgcggg gaactcttgc ctctgttctg gctggggtct gctggcgaac      360
gatgctgtga ttgccatcca gtcccagact gtgggaggct gggagtgtga gaagctttcc      420
caaccctggc aggttgttac catttcggca acttcagtg caaggacgtc ctgctgcatc      480
ctcactgggt gtcactact gtcactgca tcaccggaa cactgtgatc aactagccag      540
caccatagtt ctccgaagtc agactatcat gattactgtg ttgactgtgc tgtctattgt      600
actaaccatg ccgatgttta ggtgaaatta gcgtcacttg gcctcaacca tcttggtatc      660
cagttatcct cactgaattg agatttcctg cttcagtgtc agccattccc acataatttc      720
tgacctacag aggtgaggga tcatatagct cttcaaggat gctggtactc ccctcacaaa      780
ttcatttctc ctgtttagt gaaagggtgc cctctggag cctcccaggg tgggtgtgca      840
ggtcacaatg atgaatgtat gatcgtgttc ccattaccca aagcctttaa atccctcatg      900
ctcagtacac cagggcaggt ctagcatttc ttcatttagt gtatgctgtc cattcatgca      960
accacctcag gactcctgga ttctctgcct agttgagctc ctgcatgctg cctccttggg     1020
gaggtgaggg agagggccca tggttcaatg ggatctgtgc agttgtaaca cattaggtgc     1080
ttaataaaca gaagctgtga tgttaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa     1119

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<210> 178

<211> 164

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> VARIANT
 <222> (1)...(164)
 <223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 178
 Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp
 1 5 10 15
 Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu
 20 25 30
 Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val
 35 40 45
 Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu
 50 55 60
 Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser
 65 70 75 80
 Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly
 85 90 95
 Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Ala Val
 100 105 110
 Ile Ala Ile Gln Ser Xaa Thr Val Gly Gly Trp Glu Cys Glu Lys Leu
 115 120 125
 Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Gly Cys Thr Ile Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Ala Arg
 130 135 140
 Thr Ser Cys Cys Ile Leu Thr Gly Cys Ser Leu Leu Leu Thr Ala Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Pro Gly Thr Leu

<210> 179
 <211> 250
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 179
 ctggagtgcc ttgtgtgttc aagccctgc aggaagcaga atgcaccttc tgaggcacct 60
 ccagctgccc ccggccggg gatgcgaggc tcggagcacc cttgcccgc tgtgattgct 120
 gccaggcact gttcatctca gcttttctgt ccctttgctc ccggcaagcg cttctgctga 180
 aagttcatat ctggagcctg atgtcttaac gaataaaggc cccatgctcc acccgaaaaa 240
 aaaaaaaaaa 250

<210> 180
 <211> 202
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 180
 actagtccag tgtgtgtgaa ttccattgtg ttggggcccaa cacaatggct acctttaaca 60
 tcacccagac cccgccctg cccgtgcccc acgctgctgc taacgacagt atgatgctta 120
 ctctgctact cggaactat ttttatgtaa ttaatgtatg ctttcttgtt tataaatgcc 180
 tgatttaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aa 202

<210> 181
 <211> 558
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(558)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 181
tccytttgkt naggtttkkg agacamccck agacctwaan ctgtgtcaca gacttcyngg      60
aatgttttagg cagtgttagt aatttcytcg taatgattct gttattactt tcctnattct      120
ttattcctct ttcttctgaa gattaatgaa gttgaaaatt gaggtggata aatacaaaaa      180
ggtagtgtga tagtataagt atctaagtgc agatgaaagt gtgttatata tatccattca      240
aaattatgca agttagtaat tactcagggt taactaaatt actttaatat gctgttgaa      300
ctactctggt ccttggctag aaaaaattat aaacaggact ttgttagttt gggaagccaa      360
attgataata ttctatgttc taaaagttgg gctatacata aattattaag aaatatggaw      420
ttttattccc aggaatatgg kgttcatttt atgaatatta cscrggatag awgtwtgagt      480
aaaaycagtt ttggtwaata ygtwaatatg tcmtaaataa acaakgcttt gacttatttc      540
caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa

```

<210> 182

<211> 479

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(479)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 182
acagggwttk grgatgcta agsccccrga rwtggttga tccaaccctg gcttwttttc      60
agaggggaaa atggggccta gaagttacag mscatytagy tgggtgcgmg gcacccctgg      120
cstcacacag astcccagat agctgggact acaggcacac agtcactgaa gcaggccctg      180
ttwgcaattc acgttgccac ctccaactta aacattcttc atatgtgatg tccttagtca      240
ctaaggttaa actttcccac ccagaaaagg caacttagat aaaatcttag agtactttca      300
tactmttcta agtcctcttc cagcctcact kkgagtctcm cytggggggt gataggaant      360
ntctcttgge ttctcaata aartctctat ycatctcatg ttaatttggt tacgcataa      420
awtgstgara aaattaaat gttctggtty mactttaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa      479

```

<210> 183

<211> 384

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

```

<400> 183
aggcgggagc agaagctaaa gccaaagccc aagaagagtg gcagtgccag cactgggtgcc      60
agtaccagta ccaataacag tgccagtgcc agtgccagca ccagtgggtg cttcagtgtc      120
ggtgccagcc tgaccgccac tctcacattt gggctcttcg ctggccttgg tggagctggt      180
gccagcacca gtggcagctc tgggtgcctg ggtttctcct acaagtgaga ttttagatat      240
tgtaatcctt gccagtcttt ctcttcaagc cagggtgcat cctcagaaac ctactcaaca      300
cagcactcta ggcagccact atcaatcaat tgaagttgac actctgcatt aratctattt      360
gccatttcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaa

```

<210> 184

<211> 496

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(496)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 184
accgaattgg gaccgctggc ttataagcga tcatgtyynt ccrgtatkac ctcaacgagc      60
aggagatcgc agtctatacg ctgaagaaat ttgaccgat gggacaacag acctgctcag      120
cccatcctgc tcggttctcc ccagatgaca aatactctsg acaccgaatc accatcaaga      180
aacgcttcaa ggtgctcatg acccagcaac cgcgcctctg cctctgaggg tcccttaaac      240
tgatgtcttt tctgccacct gttacccttc ggagactocg taaccaaaact cttcgagactg      300

```

tgagccctga	tgcctttttg	ccagccatac	tctttggcat	ccagtctctc	gtggcgattg	360
attatgcttg	tgtgaggcaa	tcatgggtgc	atcacccata	aaggggaacac	atttgacttt	420
tttttctcat	attttaaatt	actacmagaw	tattwmagaw	waaatgawtt	gaaaaactst	480
taaaaaaaaa	aaaaaa					496

<210> 185
 <211> 384
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 185						
gctgtagcc	tatggcgkgg	cccacggagg	ggctcctgag	gccacggrac	agtgacttcc	60
caagtatcyt	gcgscgctc	ttctaccgtc	cctacctgca	gatcttcggg	cagattcccc	120
aggaggacat	ggacgtggcc	ctcatggagc	acagcaactg	ytcgctggag	cccggcttct	180
gggcacaccc	tcctggggcc	caggcgggca	cctgcgtctc	ccagtatgcc	aactggctgg	240
tgggtgctgt	cctcgtcatc	ttcctgctcg	tggccaacat	cctgctggtc	aacttgctca	300
ttgccatggt	cagttacaca	ttcggcaaag	tacagggcaa	cagcgatctc	tactgggaag	360
gcgcagcggt	accgcctcat	ccgg				384

<210> 186
 <211> 577
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(577)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 186						
gagttagctc	ctccacaacc	ttgatgaggt	cgtctgcagt	ggcctctcgc	ttcataccgc	60
tnccatcgtc	atactgtagg	tttgccacca	cytcctggca	tcttggggcg	gcntaatatt	120
ccaggaaact	ctcaatcaag	tcaccgtcga	tgaacctgt	gggctgggtc	tgtcttcgc	180
tcggtgtgaa	aggatctccc	agaaggagt	ctcgatcttc	cccacacttt	tgatgacttt	240
attgagtcga	ttctgcatgt	ccagcaggag	gttgtaccag	ctctctgaca	gtgaggtcac	300
cagccctatc	atgccgttga	mcgtgccgaa	garcaccgag	ccttgtgtgg	gggkkaagt	360
ctcaccaga	ttctgcatc	ccagagagcc	gtggcaaaag	acattgacaa	actcggccag	420
gtggaaaaag	amcamctcct	ggargtgctn	gccgctcctc	gtcmgttggt	ggcagcgctw	480
tccttttgac	acacaaacaa	gttaaaggca	ttttcagccc	ccagaaantt	gtcatcatcc	540
aagatntcgc	acagcactna	tccagttggg	attaaat			577

<210> 187
 <211> 534
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(534)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 187						
aacatcttcc	tgtataatgc	tgtgtaatat	cgatccgatn	ttgtctgstg	agaatycatw	60
actkggaaaa	gmaacattaa	agcctggaca	ctgggtattaa	aattcacaat	atgcaacact	120
ttaaacagtg	tgtcaatctg	ctcccyynac	tttgtcatca	ccagtctggg	aakaagggta	180
tgccctattc	acacctgtta	aaagggcgct	aagcattttt	gattcaacat	cttttttttt	240
gacacaagtc	gcacaaaagc	aaaagtaaac	agttatyaat	ttgttagcna	attcactttc	300
ttcatgggac	agagccatyt	gatttaaaaa	gcaaatgca	taatatagag	cttyggggagc	360
tgatatttga	gcggaagagt	agcctttcta	cttcaccaga	cacaactccc	tttcatattg	420
ggatgttnac	naaagtwatg	tctctwacag	atgggatgct	tttgtggcaa	ttctgttctg	480
aggatctccc	agttttattta	ccacttgca	aagaaggcgt	tttcttctc	aggc	534

<210> 188
 <211> 761
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(761)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 188
 agaaaaccagt atctctnaaa acaacctctc ataccttggt gacctaatTT tgtgtgcgtg 60
 tgtgtgtgcg cgcataattat atagacaggc acatcttttt tacttttgta aaagcttatg 120
 cctcttttgg atctatatct gtgaaagttt taatgatctg ccataatgtc ttggggacct 180
 ttgtcttctg tgtaaatggg actagagaaa acacctatnt tatgagtcaa tctagttngt 240
 ttatttcgac atgaaggaaa ttccagatn acaacactna caaactctcc ctkgackarg 300
 ggggacaaaag aaaagcaaaa ctgamcataa raaacaatwa cctggtgaga arttgcataa 360
 acagaaatwr ggtagtatat tgaarnacag catcattaaa rmgttwtktt wttctccctt 420
 gcaaaaaaca tgtacngact tcccgttgag taatgccaaag ttgttttttt tatnataaaa 480
 cttgcccttc attacatggt tnaaagtggg gtgggtggggc aaaatattga aatgatggaa 540
 ctgactgata aagctgtaca aataagcagt gtgcctaaca agcaacacag taatgttgac 600
 atgcttaatt cacaaatgct aatttcatta taaatgtttg ctaaaatata ctttgaacta 660
 tttttctgtn ttcccagagc tgagatntta gattttatgt agtatnaagt gaaaaantac 720
 gaaaataata acattgaaga aaaananaaa aaanaaaaaa a 761

<210> 189
 <211> 482
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(482)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 189
 tttttttttt tttgccgatn ctactatttt attgcaggan gtgggggtgt atgcaccgca 60
 caccgggggt atnagaagca agaaggaagg agggagggca cagccccttg ctgagcaaca 120
 aagccgcctg ctgccttctc tgtctgtctc ctggtgcagg cacatgggga gaccttcccc 180
 aaggcagggg ccaccagtcg aggggtggga atacaggggg tgggngtgt gcataagaag 240
 tgataggcac aggccaccg gtacagaccc ctgcgtcct gacaggtnga ttctgaccag 300
 gtcatttgac cctgccagg cacagcgtan atctggaaaa gacagaatgc tttccttttc 360
 aaatttggt ngtcatngaa ngggcanttt tccaantnng gctnngtctt ggtacncttg 420
 gttcggccca gtcncngtc caaaaantat tcaccnct ccnaattgct tgcnggnccc 480
 cc 482

<210> 190
 <211> 471
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(471)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 190
 tttttttttt ttttaaaaca gtttttcaca acaaaattta ttagaagaat agtggttttg 60
 aaaactctcg catccagtga gaactacat acaccacatt acagctngga atgtntctca 120
 aatgtctggt caaatgatac aatggaacca ttcaatctta cacatgcacg aaagaacaag 180
 cgcttttgac atacaatgca caaaaaaaaa aggggggggg gaccacatgg attaaaattt 240
 taagtactca tcacatacat taagacacag ttctagtcca gtcnaaaatc agaactgcnt 300

tgaaaaattt	catgtatgca	atccaaccaa	agaacttnat	tggtgatcat	gantncteta	360
ctacatcnac	cttgatcatt	gccaggaacn	aaaagttnaa	ancacncngt	acaaaaanaa	420
tctgtaattn	anttcaacct	ccgtacngaa	aaatnttnnt	tatacactcc	c	471

<210> 191
 <211> 402
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(402)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 191						
gagggattga	aggtctgttc	tastgtcggm	ctgttcagcc	accaactcta	acaagttgct	60
gtcttccact	cactgtctgt	aagcttttta	acccagacwg	tatcttcata	aatagaacaa	120
attcttcacc	agtcacatct	tctaggacct	ttttggattc	agttagtata	agctcttcca	180
cttcctttgt	taagacttca	tctggtaaag	tcttaagttt	tgtagaaagg	aattyaattg	240
ctcgttctct	aacaatgtcc	tctccttgaa	gtatttggtc	gaacaaccca	cctaaagtcc	300
ctttgtgcac	ccattttaaa	tatacttaat	agggcattgk	tnactagggt	taaattctgc	360
aagagtcac	tgctcgcaaa	agttgcgtta	gtatatctgc	ca		402

<210> 192
 <211> 601
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(601)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 192						
gagctcggat	ccaataatct	ttgtctgagg	gcagcacaca	tatncagtgc	catggnaact	60
ggtctacccc	acatgggagc	agcatgccgt	agntatataa	ggtcattccc	tgagtcagac	120
atgcytyttt	gaytaccgtg	tgccaagtgc	tggtgattct	yaacacacyt	ccatcccggt	180
cttttgtgga	aaaactggca	cttktctgga	actagcarga	catcacttac	aaattcaccc	240
acgagacact	tgaaggtgt	aacaaagcga	ytcttgcat	gctttttgtc	cctccggcac	300
cagttgtcaa	tactaacccg	ctggtttgcc	tccatcacat	ttgtgatctg	tagctctgga	360
tacatctcct	gacagtactg	aagaacttct	tcttttggtt	caaaagcarg	tcttggtgcc	420
tgttggatca	ggttccatt	tcccagtcyg	aatgttcaca	tggtcatatt	wacttcccac	480
aaaacattgc	gatttgaggc	tcagcaacag	caaatcctgt	tccggcattg	gctgcaagag	540
cctcgatgta	gccggccagc	gccaaaggcag	gcgccgtgag	ccccaccagc	agcagaagca	600
g						601

<210> 193
 <211> 608
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(608)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 193						
atacagccca	natcccacca	cgaagatgcg	cttggtgact	gagaacctga	tgcggtcact	60
ggtcccgtctg	tagccccagc	gactctccac	ctgctgggaag	cggttgatgc	tgactctcyt	120
cccaacgcag	gcagmagcgg	gscgggtcaa	tgaactccay	tcgtggcttg	gggtkgacgg	180
tkaagtgcag	gaagaggctg	accacctcgc	ggtccaccag	gatgcccgac	tgtgcgggac	240
ctgcagcgaa	actcctcgat	ggtcatgagc	gggaagcgaa	tgaggcccag	ggccttgccc	300

```

agaaccttcc gcctgttctc tggcgtcacc tgcagctgct gccgctgaca ctccggcctcg      360
gaccagcgga caaacggcrt tgaacagccg cacctcacgg atgcccagtg tgtcgcgctc      420
caggammgsc accagcgtgt ccaggtaaat gtcgggtgaag ccctccgcgg gtrattggcg      480
ctgcagtggt tttgtcgatg ttctccaggc acaggctggc cagctgcggg tcatcgaaga      540
gtcgcgcctg cgtgagcagc atgaaggcgt tgtcggctcg cagttcttct tcaggaactc      600
cacgcaat                                         608

```

```

<210> 194
<211> 392
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(392)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 194
gaacggctgg accttgccct gcattgtgct tgctggcagg gaataccttg gcaagcagyt      60
ccagtccgag cagccccaga ccgctgccgc ccgaagctaa gcctgcctct ggccttcccc      120
tccgcctcaa tgcagaacca gtatggggag cactgtgttt agagttaaga gtgaacactg      180
tttgatttta cttgggaatt tcctctgtta tatagctttt cccaatgcta atttccaaac      240
aacaacaaca aaataacatg tttgcctgtt aagttgtata aaagtaggtg attctgtatt      300
taaagaaaat attactgtta catatactgc ttgcaatttc tgtatttatt gktnctstgg      360
aaataaatat agttattaaa ggttgtcant cc                                         392

```

```

<210> 195
<211> 502
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(502)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 195
ccsttkgagg ggtkaggkyc cagttgccga gtggaagaaa caggccagga gaagtgcgtg      60
ccgagctgag gcagatgttc ccacagtgc cccagagacc stgggstata gtytctgacc      120
cctcncaagg aaagaccacs ttctggggac atgggctgga gggcaggacc tagaggcacc      180
aagggaaggc cccattccgg ggstgttccc cgaggaggaa gggaaggggc tctgtgtgcc      240
ccccasgagg aagagggcct gagtccctgg atcagacacc ccttcacgtg tatccccaca      300
caaatgcaag ctacccaagg tcccctctca gtccccttcc stacaccctg amcggccact      360
gscscacacc caccagagc acgccaccgg ccatggggar tgtgctcaag gartcgcnng      420
gcarcgtgga catctngtcc cagaaggggg cagaatctcc aatagangga ctgarcmstt      480
gctnanaaaa aaaaanaaaa aa                                         502

```

```

<210> 196
<211> 665
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(665)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 196
ggttacttgg tttcattgcc accacttagt ggatgtcatt tagaaccatt ttgtctgctc      60
cctctggaag ccttgccgag agcggacttt gtaattgttg gagaataact gctgaatttt      120
wagctgtttk gagttgatts gcaccactgc acccacaact tcaatatgaa aacyawttga      180
actwatttat tatcttgtga aaagtataac aatgaaaatt ttgttcatac tgtattkac      240

```

```

aagtatgatg aaaagcaawa gatatatatt cttttattat gttaaattat gattgccatt 300
attaatcggc aaaatgtgga gtgtatgttc ttttcacagt aatatatgcc ttttgtaact 360
tcacttggtt attttattgt aaatgartta caaaattctt aatttaagar aatggtagt 420
watatttatt tcattaattt ctttcctkgt ttacgtwaat tttgaaaaga wtgcatgatt 480
tcttgacaga aatcgatctt gatgctgtgg aagtagtttg acccacatcc ctatgagttt 540
ttcttagaat gtataaagg ttagcccat cnaacttcaa agaaaaaaat gaccacatac 600
tttgcaatca ggctgaaatg tggcatgctn ttctaattcc aactttataa actagcaaan 660
aagtg 665

```

```

<210> 197
<211> 492
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(492)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 197
tttntttttt ttttttttgc aggaaggatt ccatttattg tggatgcatt ttcacaatat 60
atgtttattg gagcgatcca ttatcagtga aaagtatcaa gtgtttataa natttttagg 120
aaggcagatt cacagaacat gctngtcngc ttgcagtttt acctcgtna gatnacagag 180
aattatagtc naaccagtaa acnaggaatt tacttttcaa aagattaaat ccaaactgaa 240
caaaattcta ccctgaaact tactccatcc aaatattgga ataanagtca gcagtgatac 300
attctcttct gaactttaga ttttctagaa aaatatgtaa tagtgatcag gaagagctct 360
tgttcaaaaag tacaacnaag caatgttccc ttaccatagg ccttaattca aactttgatc 420
catttcactc ccacacggg agtcaatgct acctgggaca cttgtatttt gttcatnctg 480
ancntggctt aa 492

```

```

<210> 198
<211> 478
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(478)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 198
tttnttttgn atttcantct gtannaanta ttttcattat gtttattana aaaatatnaa 60
tgtntccacn acaaatcatn ttacntnagt aagaggccan ctacattgta caacatacac 120
tgagtatatt ttgaaaagga caagttttaa gtanacncat attgccganc atancacatt 180
tatacatggc ttgattgata ttttagcacag canaaactga gtgagttacc agaaanaaat 240
natatatgtc aatcngattt aagatacaaa acagatccta tgggtacatan catcntgtag 300
gagttgtggc tttatgttta ctgaaagtca atgcagttcc tgtacaaaga gatggccgta 360
agcattctag tacctctact ccatgggtta gaatcgta cttatgttta catatgtnc 420
gggtaagaat tgtgttaagt naanttatgg agaggtccan gagaaaaatt tgatncaa 478

```

```

<210> 199
<211> 482
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(482)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 199
agtgacttgt cctccaacaa aacccttga tcaagtttgt ggcactgaca atcagacct 60

```

```

tgctagttcc tgtcatctat tgcctactaa atgcagactg gagggggacca aaaaggggca 120
tcaactccag ctggattatt ttggagcctg caaatctatt cctacttgta cggactttga 180
agtgattcag tttcctctac ggatgagaga ctggctcaag aatatcctca tgcagcttta 240
tgaagccnac tctgaacacg ctggttatct nagatgagaa ncagagaaat aaagtcnaga 300
aaatttacct ggangaaaag aggctttngg ctggggacca tcccattgaa ccttctctta 360
anggacttta agaanaaact accacatgtn tgtngtatcc tgggtgccngg ccgtttantg 420
aacntngacn ncacccttnt ggaatanant cttgacngcn tcctgaactt gctcctctgc 480
ga 482

```

```

<210> 200
<211> 270
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(270)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 200
cggccgcaag tgcaactcca gctggggccg tgcggacgaa gattctgcca gcagttggtc 60
cgactgcgac gacggcggcg gcgacagtcg caggtgcagc gcgggcgccct ggggtcttgc 120
aaggctgagc tgacgcgcga gaggtcgtgt cacgtccac gaccttgacg ccgtcgggga 180
cagccggaac agagcccggt gaangcggga ggcctcgggg agcccctcgg gaagggcggc 240
ccgagagata cgcaggtgca ggtggccgcc 270

```

```

<210> 201
<211> 419
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(419)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 201
tttttttttt ttttggaaac tactgcgagc acagcaggtc agcaacaagt ttattttgca 60
gctagcaagg taacagggta gggcatggtt acatgttcag gtcaacttcc tttgtcgtgg 120
ttgattggtt tgtctttatg ggggcggggg ggggtagggg aaancgaagc anaantaaca 180
tggagtgggt gcaccctccc tgtagaacct gggtacnaaa gcttggggca gttcacctgg 240
tctgtgaccg tcatttttct gacatcaatg ttattagaag tcaggatatc ttttagagag 300
tccactgtnt ctggagggag attagggttt cttgccanaa tccaancaa atccacntga 360
aaaagttgga tgatncangt acngaatacc ganggcatan ttctcatant cggtggcc 419

```

```

<210> 202
<211> 509
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(509)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 202
ttnttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt 60
tggcacttaa tccattttta tttcaaaatg tctacaaant ttnaatncnc cattatacng 120
gtnatnttnc aaaaatctaaa nnttattcaa atntnagcca aantccttac ncaaantnaa 180
tacnncnaaa aatcaaaaat atacntntct ttcagcaaac ttngttacat aaattaaaaa 240
aatatatacg gctgggtgtt tcaaagtaca attatcttaa cactgcaaac atnttttnaa 300
ggaactaaaa taaaaaaaaa cactnccgca aagggttaaag ggaacaacaa attcntttta 360

```

caacancnnc	nattataaaa	atcatatctc	aaatcttagg	ggaatatata	cttcacacng	420
ggatcttaac	ttttactnca	ctttgtttat	ttttttanaa	ccattgtntt	gggcccaaca	480
caatgnaat	ncncncncnc	tgactagt				509

<210> 203

<211> 583

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(583)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 203

tttttttttt	ttttttttga	ccccctctt	ataaaaaaca	agttaccatt	ttattttact	60
tacacatatt	tattttataa	ttggtattag	atattcaaaa	ggcagctttt	aaaatcaaac	120
taaatggaaa	ctgccttaga	tacataattc	ttaggaatta	gcttaaaatc	tgccataaagt	180
gaaaatcttc	tctagctctt	ttgactgtaa	atttttgact	cttgtaaaac	atccaaattc	240
atttttcttg	tctttaaaat	tatctaattc	ttccattttt	tccctattcc	aagtcaattt	300
gcttctctag	cctcatttcc	tagctcttat	ctactattag	taagtggctt	ttttcctaaa	360
agggaaaaca	ggaagagana	atggcacaca	aaacaaacat	tttatattca	tatttctacc	420
tacgttaata	aaatagcatt	ttgtgaagcc	agctcaaaag	aaggccttaga	tccttttatg	480
tccatttttag	tcactaaacg	atatacnaag	tgccagaatg	caaaagggtt	gtgaacattt	540
attcaaaagc	taatataaga	tatttcacat	actcatcttt	ctg		583

<210> 204

<211> 589

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(589)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 204

ttttttttnt	tttttttttt	ttttttntct	ttcttttttt	ttganaatga	ggatcgagtt	60
tttactcttc	tagatagggc	atgaagaaaa	ctcatctttc	cagctttaaa	ataacaatca	120
aatctcttat	gctatatcat	attttaagtt	aaactaatga	gtcactggct	tatcttctcc	180
tgaaggaaat	ctgttcattc	ttctcattca	tatagtata	tcaagtacta	ccttgcatat	240
tgagagggtt	ttcttctcta	tttacacata	tatttccatg	tgaatttgta	tcaaaccttt	300
attttcatgc	aaactagaaa	ataatgtntt	cttttgcata	agagaagaga	acaatatnag	360
cattacaaaa	ctgctcaaat	tgtttgtaa	gnttatccat	tataattagt	tnggcaggag	420
ctaatacaaa	tcacatttac	ngacnagcaa	taataaaact	gaagtaccag	ttaaataatcc	480
aaaataatta	aaggaacatt	tttagcctgg	gtataattag	ctaattcact	ttacaagcat	540
ttattnagaa	tgaattcaca	tgttattatt	ccntagccca	acacaatgg		589

<210> 205

<211> 545

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(545)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 205

ttttnttttt	ttttttcagt	aataatcaga	acaatattta	tttttatatt	taaaattcat	60
agaaaagtgc	cttacattta	ataaaagtgt	gtttctcaaa	gtgatcagag	gaattagata	120
tngtcttgaa	caccaatatt	aatttgagga	aaatacacca	aaatacatta	agtaaattat	180

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ttaagatcat agagcttgta agtgaaaaga taaaatttga cctcagaaac tctgagcatt 240
aaaaatccac tattagcaaa taaattacta tggacttctt gctttaattt tgtgatgaat 300
atgggggtgc actggttaac caacacattc tgaaggatac attacttagt gatagattct 360
tatgtacttt gctanatnac gtggatatga gttgacaagt ttctctttct tcaatctttt 420
aaggggcnga ngaaatgagg aagaaaagaa aaggattacg catactgttc tttctatngg 480
aaggattaga tatgtttcct ttgccaatat taaaaaata ataatgttta ctactagtga 540
aacc 545

```

<210> 206

<211> 487

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(487)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 206

```

tttttttttt ttttttagtc aagtttctna tttttattat aattaaagtc ttggtcattt 60
catttattag ctctgcaact tacatattta aattaaagaa acgttnttag acaactgtna 120
caatttataa atgtaagggtg ccattattga gtanatatat tcctccaaga gtggatgtgt 180
cccttctccc accaactaat gaancagcaa cattagttaa attttattag tagatnatac 240
actgctgcaa acgctaattc tcttctccat ccccatgtng atattgtgta tatgtgtgag 300
ttggtanagaa tgcatcanca atctnacaat caacagcaag atgaagctag gcntgggctt 360
tcggtgaaaa tagactgtgt ctgtctgaat caaatgatct gacctatcct cgggtggcaag 420
aactcttoga accgcttcct caaaggcngc tgccacattt gtggcntctn ttgcacttgt 480
ttcaaaa 487

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<210> 207

<211> 332

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(332)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 207

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tgaattggct aaaagactgc atttttanaa ctagcaactc ttatttcttt cctttaaaaa 60
tacatagcat taaatcccaa atcctattta aagacctgac agcttgagaa ggtcactact 120
gcatttatag gaccttctgg tggttctgct gttacntttg aantctgaca atccttgana 180
atctttgcat gcagaggagg taaaagggtat tggattttca cagaggaana acacagcgca 240
gaaatgaagg ggccaggctt actgagcttg tccactggag ggctcatggg tgggacatgg 300
aaaagaaggc agcctaggcc ctggggagcc ca 332

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<210> 208

<211> 524

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(524)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 208

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agggcggtgt gcggaggcgc ttactgtttt gtctcagtaa caataaatac aaaaagactg 60
gttgtgttcc ggcccatccc aaccacgaag ttgatttctc ttgtgtgcag agtgactgat 120
tttaaaggac atggagcttg tcacaatgtc acaatgtcac agtgtgaagg gcacactcac 180
tcccgcgtga ttcacattta gcaaccaaca atagctcatg agtccatact tgtaaatact 240

```

tttggcagaa tacttnttga aacttgcaga.tgataactaa gatccaagat atttcccaaa	300
gtaaaatagaa gtgggtcata atattaatta cctgttcaca tcagcttcca tttacaagtc	360
atgagcccag acactgacat caaactaagc ccacttagac tcctcaccac cagtctgtcc	420
tgatcatcaga caggaggctg tcaccttgac caaatttca ccagtcaatc atctatccaa	480
aaaccattac ctgatccact tccggtaatg caccaccttg gtga	524

<210> 209
 <211> 159
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 209	
gggtgaggaa atccagagtt gccatggaga aaattccagt gtcagcattc ttgctccttg	60
tggccctctc ctacactctg gccagagata ccacagtcaa acctggagcc aaaaaggaca	120
caaaggactc tcgacccaaa ctgcccaga ccctctcca	159

<210> 210
 <211> 256
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(256)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 210	
actccctggc agacaaaggc agaggagaga gctctgttag ttctgtgttg ttgaactgcc	60
actgaatttc tttccacttg gactattaca tgccanttga gggactaatg gaaaaacgta	120
tggggagatt ttanccaatt tangtntgta aatggggaga ctggggcagg cgggagagat	180
ttgcagggtg naaatgggan ggctgggttg ttanatgaac agggacatag gaggtaggca	240
ccaggatgct aaatca	256

<210> 211
 <211> 264
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(264)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 211	
acattgtttt tttgagataa agcattgaga gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg	60
actggaacac ataccacacat ctttgttctg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt	120
atattcaagc acatatgtta tatattattc agttccatgt ttatagccta gttaaggaga	180
ggggagatac attcngaaag aggactgaaa gaaatactca agtnggaaaa cagaaaaaga	240
aaaaaaggag caaatgagaa gcct	264

<210> 212
 <211> 328
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(328)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 212	
acccaaaaat ccaatgctga atatttggtc tcattattcc canattcttt gattgtcaaa	60

ggattttaatg	ttgtctcagc	ttgggcactt	cagttaggac	ctaaggatgc	cagccggcag	120
gtttatatat	gcagcaacaa	tattcaagcg	cgacaacagg	ttattgaact	tgccccccag	180
ttnaatttca	ttcccattga	cttgggatcc	ttatcatcag	ccagagagat	tgaaaattta	240
cccctacnac	tctttactct	ctgganaggg	ccagtgggtg	tagctataag	cttggccaca	300
tttttttttc	ctttattcct	ttgtcaga				328

<210> 213
 <211> 250
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(250)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 213						
acttatgagc	agagcgacat	atccnagtgt	agactgaata	aaactgaatt	ctctccagtt	60
taaagcattg	ctcactgaag	ggatagaagt	gactgccagg	agggaaagta	agccaaggct	120
cattatgccca	aagganatat	acatttcaat	tctccaaact	tcttcctcat	tccaagagtt	180
ttcaatattt	gcatgaacct	gctgataanc	catgttaana	aacaaatata	tctctnacct	240
tctcatcggt						250

<210> 214
 <211> 444
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(444)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 214						
accagaatc	caatgctgaa	tatttggtt	cattattccc	agattctttg	attgtcaaag	60
gatttaatgt	tgctcagct	tgggcacttc	agttaggacc	taaggatgcc	agccggcagg	120
tttatatatg	cagcaacaat	attcaagcgc	gacaacagg	tattgaactt	gcccggcagg	180
tgaatttcat	tcccattgac	ttgggatcct	tatcatcagc	canagagatt	gaaaattttac	240
ccctacgact	ctttactctc	tggagagggc	cagtgggtgg	agctataagc	ttggccacat	300
ttttttttcc	ttttattcctt	tgtcagagat	gcgattcctc	catatgctan	aaaccaacag	360
agtgactttt	acaaaattcc	tataganatt	gtgaataaaa	ccttacctat	agttgccatt	420
actttgctct	ccctaataata	cctc				444

<210> 215
 <211> 366
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(366)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 215						
acttatgagc	agagcgacat	atccaagtgt	anactgaata	aaactgaatt	ctctccagtt	60
taaagcattg	ctcactgaag	ggatagaagt	gactgccagg	agggaaagta	agccaaggct	120
cattatgccca	aagganatat	acatttcaat	tctccaaact	tcttcctcat	tccaagagtt	180
ttcaatattt	gcatgaacct	gctgataagc	catgttgaga	aacaaatata	tctctgacct	240
tctcatcggt	aagcagaggc	tgtaggcaac	atggaccata	gcgaanaaaa	aacttagtaa	300
tccaagctgt	tttctacact	gtaaccaggt	ttccaaccaa	ggtggaaatc	tcctatactt	360
ggtgcc						366

<210> 216
 <211> 260
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(260)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 216
 ctgtataaac agaactccac tgcangaggg agggccgggc caggagaatc tccgcttgtc 60
 caagacaggg gcctaaggag ggtctccaca ctgctnntaa gggctnttnc atttttttat 120
 taataaaaag tnnaaaaggc ctcttctcaa cttttttccc ttnggctgga aaatttaaaa 180
 atcaaaaatt tcctnaagtt ntcaagctat catatatact ntatcctgaa aaagcaacat 240
 aattcttctt tccctccttt 260

<210> 217
 <211> 262
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(262)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 217
 acctacgtgg gtaagtttan aaatgttata atttcaggaa naggaacgca tataattgta 60
 tcttgccctat aattttctat tttaataagg aaatagcaaa ttgggggtggg gggaatgtag 120
 ggcatcttac agtttgagca aaatgcaatt aaatgtggaa ggacagcact gaaaaatfff 180
 atgaataatc tgtatgatta tatgtctcta gagtagattt ataattagcc acttacccta 240
 atatccttca tgcttgtaaa gt 262

<210> 218
 <211> 205
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(205)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 218
 accaagggtg tgcattaccg gaantggatc aangacacca tcgtggccaa cccctgagca 60
 cccctatcaa ctcccttttg tagtaaaactt ggaaccttgg aaatgaccag gccaaagactc 120
 aggcctcccc agttctactg acctttgtcc ttangntntna ngccagggt tgctaggaaa 180
 anaaatcagc agacacaggt gtaaa 205

<210> 219
 <211> 114
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 219
 tactgttttg tctcagtaac aataaataca aaaagactgg ttgtgttccg gcccaccca 60
 accacgaagt tgatttctct tgtgtgcaga gtgactgatt ttaaaggaca tgga 114

<210> 220
 <211> 93
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 220

actagccagc acaaaaaggca gggtagcctg aattgctttc tgctctttac atttctttta 60
aaataagcat ttagtgctca gtccctactg agt 93

<210> 221

<211> 167

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(167)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 221

actangtgca ggtgcgacaca aatatttgct gatattccct tcatcttgga ttccatgagg 60
tcttttgccc agcctgtggc tctactgtag taagtttctg ctgatgagga gccagnatgc 120
ccccactac cttccctgac gctcccccana aatcacccaa cctctgt 167

<210> 222

<211> 351

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 222

agggcgtggt gcggaggcg gtactgacct cattagtagg aggatgcatt ctggcacccc 60
gttcttcacc tgtccccaa tccttaaaag gccatactgc ataaagtcaa caacagataa 120
atgtttgctg aattaaagga tggatgaaaa aaattaataa tgaatttttg cataatccaa 180
ttttctcttt tatatttcta gaagaagttt ctttgagcct attagatccc gggaatcttt 240
taggtgagca tgattagaga gctttaggt tgcttttaca tatatctggc atatttgagt 300
ctcgatcaa aacaatagat tggtaaagggt ggtattattg tattgataag t 351

<210> 223

<211> 383

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(383)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 223

aaaacaaaca aacaaaaaaa acaattcttc attcagaaaa attatcttag ggactgatat 60
tggttaattat ggtcaattta atwrttrtkt ggggcatttc cttacattgt cttgacaaga 120
ttaaaatgtc tgtgccaaaa ttttgatatt tatttgagga cttcttatca aaagtaatgc 180
tgccaaagga agtctaagga attagtagtg ttcccmcac ttgtttggag tgtgctattc 240
taaaagattt tgatttcctg gaatgacaat tatattttta ctttggtggg ggaaanagtt 300
ataggaccac agtcttcact tctgatactt gtaaattaat cttttattgc acttgttttg 360
accattaagc tatatgttta aaa 383

<210> 224

<211> 320

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 224

cccctgaagg cttcttggtta gaaaatagta cagttacaac caataggaac aacaaaaaga 60
aaaagtttgt gacattgtag tagggagtgt gtacccttca ctcccatca aaaaaaaat 120
ggatacatgg ttaaaggata raagggaat attttatcat atgttctaaa agagaaggaa 180

gagaaaatac	tactttctcr	aaatggaagc	ccttaaaggt	gctttgatac	tgaaggacac	240
aaatgtggcc	gtccatcctc	ctttaragtt	gcatgacttg	gacacggtaa	ctgttgacgt	300
tttaractcm	gcattgtgac					320

<210> 225
 <211> 1214
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 225						
gaggactgca	gcccgcactc	gcagccctgg	caggcgccac	tggtcatgga	aaacgaattg	60
ttctgctcgg	gcgtcctggg	gcatccgcag	tgggtgctgt	cagccgcaca	ctgtttccag	120
aaactctaca	ccatcggtgt	gggcctgcac	agtcttgagg	ccgaccaaga	gccagggagc	180
cagatgggtg	agggcagcct	ctccgtacgg	caccagaggt	acaacagacc	cttgctcgct	240
aacgacctca	tgctcatcaa	gttggacgaa	tccgtgtccg	agtctgacac	catccggagc	300
atcagcattg	cttcgcagtg	ccctaccgcg	gggaactctt	gcctcgtttc	tggtctgggt	360
ctgctggcga	acggcagaat	gcctaccgtg	ctgcagtgcg	tgaacgtgtc	ggtggtgtct	420
gaggaggctc	gcagtaagct	ctatgaccgg	ctgtaccacc	ccagcatggt	ctgcgccggc	480
ggagggcaag	accagaagga	ctcctgcaac	ggtgactctg	gggggcccct	gatctgcaac	540
gggtacttgc	agggccttgt	gtctttcgga	aaagccccgt	gtggccaagt	tggtctgcca	600
ggtgtctaca	ccaacctctg	caaattcact	gagtggatag	agaaaaccgt	ccaggccagt	660
taactctggg	gactgggaac	ccatgaaatt	gacccccaaa	tacatcctgc	ggaaggaatt	720
caggaatatc	tggtcccagc	ccctcctccc	tcaggcccg	gagtcagggc	ccccagcccc	780
tcctccctca	aaccaagggt	acagatcccc	agccccctct	ccctcagacc	caggagtcca	840
gacccccccag	ccctcctctc	ctcagaccca	ggagtccagc	ccctcctccc	tcagacccag	900
gagtccagac	ccccagcccc	ctctcctctc	agaccagggg	gtccaggccc	ccaaccctc	960
ctccctcaga	ctcagaggtc	caagccccc	accctcctt	ccccagacc	agaggtccag	1020
gtcccagccc	ctctcctctc	agaccagcgg	gtccaatgcc	acctagactc	tcctgttaca	1080
cagtgcctcc	ttgtggcag	ttgacccaac	cttaccagtt	ggtttttcat	ttttgtccc	1140
tttcccttag	atccagaaat	aaagtctaag	agaagcgcaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	1200
aaaaaaaaaa	aaaa					1214

<210> 226
 <211> 119
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 226						
accagtatg	tgacgggaga	cggaacccca	tgtgacagcc	cactccacca	gggttcccaa	60
agaacctggc	ccagtcataa	tcattcatcc	tgacagtggc	aataatcacg	ataaccagt	119

<210> 227
 <211> 818
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 227						
acaattcata	gggacgacca	atgaggacag	ggaatgaacc	cggctctccc	ccagccctga	60
tttttgctac	atatggggtc	ccttttcatt	ctttgcaaaa	acactgggtt	ttctgagaac	120
acggacgggt	cttagcaca	tttgtgaaat	ctgtgtaraa	ccgggctttg	caggggagat	180
aattttctct	ctctggagga	aaggtggtga	ttgacaggca	gggagacagt	gacaaggcta	240
gagaaaagcca	cgctcggcct	tctctgaacc	aggatggaac	ggcagacccc	tgaaaacgaa	300
gcttgtcccc	ttccaatcag	ccacttctga	gaacccccat	ctaacttctt	actggaaaag	360
agggcctcct	caggagcagt	ccaagagtgt	tcaaagataa	cgtgacaact	accatctaga	420
ggaaaagggtg	caccctcagc	agagaagccg	agagcttaac	tctggtcgtt	tccagagaca	480
acctgctggc	tgtcttgagg	tgcgcccagc	ctttgagagg	ccactacccc	atgaacttct	540
gccatccact	ggacatgaag	ctgaggacac	tgggcttcaa	cactgagttg	tcagtggagg	600
gacaggctct	gccctcaagc	cggctgaggg	cagcaaccac	tctcctcccc	tttctcacgc	660
aaagccattc	ccacaaatcc	agaccatacc	atgaagcaac	gagacccaaa	cagtttggtg	720
caagaggata	tgaggactgt	ctcagcctgg	ctttgggctg	acaccatgca	cacacacaag	780
gtccacttct	aggttttcag	cctagatggg	agtcgtgt			818

<210> 228
 <211> 744
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 228
 actggagaca ctgttgaact tgatcaagac ccagaccacc ccaggtctcc ttcgtgggat 60
 gtcattgacgt ttgacatacc tttggaacga gcctcctcct tggaagatgg aagaccgtgt 120
 tcgtggccga cctggcctct cctggcctgt ttcttaagat gcggagtcac atttcaatgg 180
 taggaaaagt ggcttcgtaa aatagaagag cagtcactgt ggaactacca aatggcgaga 240
 tgctcgggtgc acattggggg gctttgggat aaaagattta tgagccaact attctctggc 300
 accagattct aggccagttt gttccactga agcttttccc acagcagtc acctctgcag 360
 gctggcagct gaatggcttg ccggtggctc tgtggcaaga tcacactgag atcgatgggt 420
 gagaaggcta ggatgcttgt ctagtgtct tagctgtcac gttggctcct tccaggttg 480
 ccagacggtg ttggccactc ctttctaaaa cacaggcgcc ctctgtgtga cagtgacccg 540
 ccgtgggtatg ccttggccca ttccagcagt ccagttatg catttcaagt ttgggggttg 600
 ttcttttctg taatgttctt ctgtgtgtgc agctgtcttc atttcttggg ctaagcagca 660
 ttgggagatg tggaccagag atccactcct taagaaccag tggcgaaaga cactttcttt 720
 cttcactctg aagtagctgg tgggt 744

<210> 229
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 229
 cgagtctggg ttttgtctat aaagtttgat ccctcctttt ctcattccaaa tcatgtgaac 60
 cattacacat cgaaataaaa gaaaggtggc agacttgccc aacgccaggc tgacatgtgc 120
 tgaggggttg ttgtttttta attattattg tttagaaacgt caccacagct ccctgttaat 180
 ttgtatgtga cagccaactc tgagaaggtc ctatttttcc acctgcagag gatccagctc 240
 cactaggctc ctcttgccc tcacactgga gtctccgcca gtgtgggtgc cactgacat 300

<210> 230
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 230
 cagcagaaca aatacaata tgaagagtgc aaagatctca taaaatctat gctgaggaat 60
 gagcgacagt tcaaggagga gaagcttgca gagcagctca agcaagctga ggagctcagg 120
 caatataaag tcctggttca cactcaggaa cgagagctga ccaggttaag ggagaagttg 180
 cgggaaggga gaggatgcctc cctctcattg aatgagcatc tccaggccct cctcactccg 240
 gatgaaccgg acaagtccca ggggcaggac ctccaagaaa cagacctcgg ccgcgaccac 300
 g 301

<210> 231
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 231
 gcaagcacgc tggcaaatct ctgtcaggtc agctccagag aagccattag tcatttttagc 60
 caggaactcc aagtccacat ccttggcaac tggggacttg cgcagggttag ccttgaggat 120
 ggcaacacgg gacttctcat caggaaagtgg gatgtagatg agctgatcaa gacggccagg 180
 tctgaggatg gcaggatcaa tgatgtcagg ccggttggtg ccgccaatga tgaacacatt 240
 tttttttgtg gacatgccat ccatttctgt caggatctgg ttgatgactc ggtcagcagc 300
 c 301

<210> 232
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 232
 agtaggtatt tcgtgagaag ttcaacacca aaactggaac atagttctcc ttcaagtgtt 60
 ggcgacagcg gggcttcctg attctggaat ataactttgt gtaaattaac agccacctat 120
 agaagagtcc atctgctgtg aaggagagac agagaactct gggttccgtc gtcctgtcca 180
 cgtgctgtac caagtgtctg tgccagcctg ttacctgttc tctgtaaaa tctggctaata 240
 gctcttgtgt atcacttctg attctgacaa tcaatcaatc aatggcctag agcactgact 300
 g 301

<210> 233
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 233
 atgactgact tcccagtaag gctctctaag gggtaagtag gaggatccac aggatttgag 60
 atgctaaggc cccagagatc gtttgatcca accctcttat tttcagaggg gaaaatgggg 120
 cctagaagtt acagagcatc tagctgggtgc gctggcacc cttggcctcac acagactccc 180
 gagttagctgg gactacaggc acacagtcac tgaagcaggc cctgttagca attctatgag 240
 taaaaattaa catgagatga gtagagactt tattgagaaa gcaagagaaa atcctatcaa 300
 c 301

<210> 234
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 234
 aggtcctaca catcgagact catccatgat tgatatgaat ttaaaaatta caagcaaaga 60
 cattttattc atcatgatgc tttcttttgt ttcttctttt cgttttcttc tttttctttt 120
 tcaatttcag caacatactt ctcaatttct tcaggattta aaatcttgag ggattgatct 180
 cgctcatga cagcaagttc aatgtttttg ccactgact gaaccacttc caggagtgcc 240
 ttgatcacca gcttaatggg cagatcatct gcttcaatgg cttcgtcagt atagttcttc 300
 t 301

<210> 235
 <211> 283
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 235
 tggggctgtg catcaggcgg gtttgagaaa tattcaattc tcagcagaag ccagaatttg 60
 aattccctca tcttttaggg aatcatttac caggtttga gaggattcag acagctcagg 120
 tgctttcact aatgtctctg aacttctgtc cctctttgtt catggatagt ccaataaata 180
 atgttatctt tgaactgatg ctcataggag agaataaag aactctgagt gatataca 240
 ttagggattc aaagaaatat tagatttaag ctcacactgg tca 283

<210> 236
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 236
 aggtcctcca ccaactgcct gaagcacggg taaaattggg aagaagtata gtgcagcata 60
 aatactttta aatcgatcag atttccctaa ccacatgca atcttcttca ccagaagagg 120
 tcggagcagc atcatataa ccaagcagaa tgcgtaatag ataaatacaa tggatatag 180
 tgggtagacg gcttcatgag tacagtgtac tgtggatcg taatctggac ttgggttgta 240
 aagcatcgtg taccagtcag aaagcatcaa tactcgacat gaacgaatat aaagaacacc 300
 a 301

<210> 237
 <211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 237

cagtggtagt	ggtggtggac	gtggcgttgg	tcgtggtgcc	ttttttggtg	cccgtcacia	60
actcaatttt	tggtcgctcc	tttttgccct	tttccaattt	gtccatctca	attttctggg	120
ccttggtctaa	tgctcatag	taggagtcct	cagaccagcc	atggggatca	aacatatcct	180
ttgggtagtt	ggtgccaaagc	tcgtcaatgg	cacagaatgg	atcagcttct	cgtaaatcta	240
gggttccgaa	attctttctt	cctttggata	atgtagttca	tatccattcc	ctcctttatc	300
t						301

<210> 238

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 238

gggcagggtt	tttttttttt	ttttttgatg	gtgcagaccc	ttgctttatt	tgtctgactt	60
gttcacagtt	cagccccctg	ctcagaaaac	caacgggcca	gctaaggaga	ggaggaggca	120
ccttgagact	tccggagtcg	aggctctcca	gggttcccca	gcccataaat	cattttctgc	180
accccctgcc	tggaagcag	ctccctgggg	ggtgggaatg	ggtgactaga	agggatttca	240
gtgtgggacc	cagggctctgt	tcttcacagt	aggaggtgga	agggatgact	aatttcttta	300
t						301

<210> 239

<211> 239

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 239

ataagcagct	aggggaattct	ttatttagta	atgtcctaac	ataaaaagttc	acataactgc	60
ttctgtcaaa	ccatgatact	gagctttgtg	acaacccaga	aataactaag	agaaggcaaa	120
cataatacct	tagagatcaa	gaaacattta	cacagttcaa	ctgtttaaaa	atagctcaac	180
attcagccag	tgagtagagt	gtgaatgcc	gcatacacag	tatacaggtc	cttcaggga	239

<210> 240

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 240

ggtcctaattg	aagcagcagc	ttccacattt	taacgcaggt	ttacgggtgat	actgtccttt	60
gggatctgcc	ctccagtgg	accttttaag	gaagaagtgg	gccaagcta	agttccacat	120
gctgggtgag	ccagatgact	tctgttcctt	ggtcactttc	ttcaatgggg	cgaatggggg	180
ctgccagggt	tttaaaatca	tgcttcatct	tgaagcacac	ggtcacttca	ccctcctcac	240
gctgtgggtg	tactttgatg	aaaataccca	ctttgttggc	ctttctgaag	ctataatgtc	300

<210> 241

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 241

gaggtctggt	gctgaggtct	ctgggctagg	aagaggagtt	ctgtggagct	ggaagccaga	60
cctcttttga	ggaaactcca	gcagctatgt	tggtgtctct	gaggggaatgc	aacaaggctg	120
ctcctccatg	tattggaaaa	ctgcaaaactg	gactcaactg	gaaggaagtg	ctgctgccag	180
tgtgaagaac	cagcctgagg	tgacagaaac	ggaagcaaac	aggaacagcc	agtcttttct	240
tctcctcct	gtcatacggg	ctctctcaag	catcctttgt	tgtcaggggc	ctaaaaggga	300
g						301

<210> 242

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 242

ccgaggtcct	gggatgcaac	caatcactct	gtttcacgtg	acttttatca	ccatacaatt	60
tgtggcattt	cctcattttc	tacattgtag	aatcaagagt	gtaaataaat	gtatatcgat	120
gtcttcaaga	atatatcatt	cctttttcac	tagaaccat	tcaaaatata	agtcaagaat	180
cttaatatca	acaaatata	caagcaaact	ggaaggcaga	ataactacca	taatttagta	240
taagtacca	aagttttata	aatcaaaagc	cctaatagata	accattttta	gaattcaatc	300
a						301

<210> 243

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 243

aggtaagtcc	cagtttgaag	ctcaaaagat	ctggtatgag	cataggctca	tcgacgacat	60
ggtggcccaa	gctatgaaat	cagagggagg	cttcatctgg	gcctgtaaaa	actatgatgg	120
tgacgtgcag	tcggactctg	tggcccaagg	gtatggctct	ctcggcatga	tgaccagcgt	180
gctggtttgt	ccagatggca	agacagtaga	agcagaggct	gcccacggga	ctgtaacccg	240
tcactaccgc	atgttccaga	aaggacagga	gacgtccacc	aatcccattg	cttccatttt	300
t						301

<210> 244

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 244

gctggtttgc	aagaatgaaa	tgaatgattc	tacagctagg	acttaacctt	gaaatggaaa	60
gtcatgcaat	cccatttgca	ggatctgtct	gtgcacatgc	ctctgtagag	agcagcattc	120
ccagggaacct	tgaaacagct	tgacactgta	agggtgcttg	tccccaagac	acatccctaaa	180
agggtgttga	atggtgaaaa	cgtcttcctt	ctttattgcc	ccttcttatt	tatgtgaaca	240
actgtttgtc	ttttgtgtat	cttttttaaa	ctgtaaagtt	caattgtgaa	aatgaatatc	300

<210> 245

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 245

gtctgagtat	ttaaaatggt	attgaaatta	tccccaacca	atgttagaaa	agaaagaggt	60
tatatactta	gataaaaaat	gaggtgaatt	actatccatt	gaaatcatgc	tcttagaatt	120
aaggccagga	gatattgtca	ttaatgtara	cttcaggaca	ctagagtata	gcagccctat	180
gttttcaaag	agcagagatg	caattaaata	ttgttttagca	tcaaaaaggc	cactcaatac	240
agctaataaa	atgaaagacc	taattttctaa	agcaattctt	tataatttac	aaagttttta	300
g						301

<210> 246

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 246

ggtctgtcct	acaatgcctg	cttcttgaaa	gaagtcggca	ctttctagaa	tagctaaata	60
acctgggctt	attttaaaga	actatttgta	gctcagattg	gttttcctat	ggctaaaata	120
agtgtctctt	gtgaaaatta	aataaaacag	ttaattcaaa	gccttgatat	atgttaccac	180
taacaatcat	actaaatata	ttttgaagta	caaagtttga	catgctctaa	agtgacaacc	240
caaatgtgtc	ttacaaaaca	cgttcctaac	aaggatgct	ttacactacc	aatgcagaaa	300
c						301

<210> 247
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 247
 aggtcctttg gcagggctca tggatcagag ctcaaactgg agggaaaggc atttcgggta 60
 gcctaagagg gcgactggcg gcagcacaaac caaggaaggc aagggtgttt cccccacgt 120
 gtgtcctgtg ttcagggtcg acacacaatc ctcatgggaa caggatcacc catgcgctgc 180
 ccttgatgat caagggttgg gcttaagtgg attaagggag gcaagttctg ggttccttgc 240
 cttttcaaac catgaagtca ggctctgtat ccctcctttt cctaactgat attctaacta 300
 a 301

<210> 248
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 248
 aggtccttgg agatgccatt tcagccgaag gactcttctw ttcggaagta caccctcact 60
 attaggaaga ttcttagggg taatttttct gaggaaggag aactagccaa cttaagaatt 120
 acaggaagaa agtggttttg aagacagcca aagaaataaa agcagattaa attgtatcag 180
 gtacattcca gctgtttggc aactccataa aaacatttca gattttaatc ccgaatttag 240
 ctaatgagac tggatttttg ttttttatgt tgtgtgtcgc agagctaaaa actcagttcc 300
 c 301

<210> 249
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 249
 gtccagagga agcacctggg gctgaactag gcttgccctg ctgtgaactt gcacttggag 60
 ccctgacgct gctgttctcc ccgaaaaacc cgaccgacct ccgcgatctc cgtcccgcgc 120
 ccaggagagac acagcagtga ctacagagctg gtgcgcacact gtgcctccct cctcaccgcc 180
 catcgtaatg aattattttg aaaattaatt ccaccatcct ttcagattct ggatggaaag 240
 actgaatctt tgactcagaa ttgtttgctg aaaagaatga tgtgactttc ttagtcattt 300
 a 301

<210> 250
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 250
 ggtctgtgac aaggacttgc aggtctgtggg aggcaagtga cccttaacac tacacttctc 60
 cttatcttta ttggcttgat aaacataatt atttctaaca ctagcttatt tccagttgcc 120
 cataagcaca tcagtacttt tctctggctg gaatagtaaa ctaaagtatg gtacatctac 180
 ctaaaagact actatgtgga ataatacata ctaatgaagt attacatgat ttaaagacta 240
 caataaaacc aaacatgctt ataacattaa gaaaaacaat aaagatacat gattgaaacc 300
 a 301

<210> 251
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 251
 gccgaggtcc tacattttgc ccagtttccc cctgcaccc ctcaggggcc cctgcctcat 60
 agacaacctc atagagcata ggagaactgg ttgccctggg ggcaggggga ctgtctggat 120
 ggcaggggtc ctcaaaaatg ccactgtcac tgccaggaaa tgcttctgag cagtacacct 180
 cattgggatc aatgaaaagc ttcaagaaat cttcaggctc actctcttga aggcccgga 240

cctctggagg ggggcagtg aatcccagct ccaggacgga tcctgtcgaa aagatatcct 300
c 301

<210> 252
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 252
gcaaccaatc actctgtttc acgtgacttt tatcaccata caatttgtgg catttcctca 60
ttttctacat tgtagaatca agagtgtaaa taaatgtata tcgatgtctt caagaatata 120
tcatttccttt ttcactagga acccattcaa aatataagtc aagaatctta atatcaacaa 180
atatatcaag caaactggaa ggcagaataa ctaccataat ttagtataag taccctaaagt 240
tttataaatc aaaagcccta atgataacca tttttagaat tcaatcatca ctgtagaatc 300
a 301

<210> 253
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 253
ttccctaaga agatgttatt ttgttgggtt ttgttccccc tccatctcga ttctcgtacc 60
caactaaaaa aaaaaataa agaaaaatg tgctgcgttc tgaaaaataa ctcttagct 120
tggtctgatt gttttcagac cttaaaatat aaacttgttt cacaagcttt aatccatgtg 180
gatttttttt cttagagaac cacaaaacat aaaaggagca agtcggactg aatacctgtt 240
tccatagtgc ccacagggtg ttcctcacat tttctccata ggaaaatgct ttttcccaag 300
g 301

<210> 254
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 254
cgctgcgect ttcccttggg ggaggggcaa ggccagaggg ggtccaagtg cagcacgagg 60
aacttgacca attcccttga agcgggtggg tttaaccctg taaatgggaa caaaatcccc 120
ccaaatctct tcatcttacc ctggtggact cctgactgta gaattttttg gttgaaacaa 180
gaaaaaataa aagcttttga cttttcaagg ttgcttaaca ggtactgaaa gactggcctc 240
acttaaactg agccaggaaa agctgcagat ttattaatgg gtgtgttagt gtgcagtgcc 300
t 301

<210> 255
<211> 302
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 255
agcttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt ttcattaaaa aatagtgtct tttattataa 60
attactgaaa tgtttctttt ctgaatataa atataaatat gtgcaaagtt tgacttggat 120
tggtgatttt ttgagttctt caagcatctc ctaataccct caagggcctg agtagggggg 180
aggaaaaagg actggagggt gaatctttat aaaaaacaag agtgattgag gcagattgta 240
aacattatta aaaaacaaga aacaaacaaa aaaatagaga aaaaaaccac cccaacacac 300
aa 302

<210> 256
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 256

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gttcagaaaa acattgaagg tggcttccca aagtctaact agggataccc cctctagcct    60
aggaccctcc tccccacacc tcaatccacc aaaccatcca taatgcaccc agataggccc    120
acccccaaaa gcctggacac cttgagcaca cagttatgac caggacagac tcatctctat    180
aggcaaatag ctgctggcaa actggcatta cctggtttgt ggggatgggg gggcaagtgt    240
gtggcctctc ggcttggtta gcaagaacat tcagggtagg cctaagttaa tcgtgttagt    300
t                                                                    301

```

<210> 257

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 257

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gttgtggagg aactctggct tgctcattaa gtctactga ttttactat cccctgaatt    60
tccccactta tttttgtctt tcaactatcg aggccttaga agaggtctac ctgcctccag    120
tcttacctag tccagtctac cccctggagt tagaatggcc atcctgaagt gaaaagtaat    180
gtcacattac tcccttcagt gatttcttgt agaagtgcc atccctgaat gccaccaaga    240
tcttaattct cacaatttta atcttatctc tttgactcct ctttacaccg gagaaggctc    300
c                                                                    301

```

<210> 258

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 258

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cagcagtagt agatgccgta tgccagcacg cccagcactc ccaggatcag caccagcacc    60
aggggcccag ccaccaggcg cagaagcaag ataaacagta ggctcaagac cagagccacc    120
cccaggggcaa caagaatcca ataccaggac tggggcaaat cttcaaagat cttacactg    180
atgtctcggg cattgaggct gtcaataana cgctgatccc ctgctgtatg gtggtgtcat    240
tggtgatccc tgggagcgcc ggtggagtaa cgttggtcca tggaaagcag cgcccacaac    300
t                                                                    301

```

<210> 259

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 259

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tcatatatgc aaacaaatgc agactangcc tcaggcagag actaaaggac atctcttggg    60
gtgtcctgaa gtgatttggg cccctgaggg cagacacctt agtaggaatc ccagtgggaa    120
gcaaagccat aaggaagccc aggattcctt gtgatcagga agtgggcccag gaaggtctgt    180
tccagctcac atctcatctg catgcagcac ggaccggatg cgcccactgg gtcttggctt    240
ccctcccatc ttctcaagca gtgtccttgt tgagccattt gcatccttgg ctccagggtg    300
c                                                                    301

```

<210> 260

<211> 301

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 260
 ttttttttct ccctaaggaa aaagaaggaa caagtctcat aaaaccaa at aagcaatgg 60
 aagggtgtctt aacttgaaaa agattaggag tcaactggttt acaagttata attgaatgaa 120
 agaactgtaa cagccacagt tggccatttc atgccaatgg cagcaaaca caggattaac 180
 tagggcaaaa taaataagt tgtggaagcc ctgataagt cttaataaac agactgattc 240
 actgagacat cagtacctgc ccgggcggcc gctcgagccg aattctgcag atatccatca 300
 c 301

<210> 261
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 261
 aaatattcga gcaaactctg taactaatgt gtctccataa aaggctttga actcagtga 60
 tctgtctcca tccacgattc tagcaatgac ctctcggaca tcaaagctcc tcttaagggt 120
 agcaccaact attccataca attcatcagc aggaaataaa ggctcttcag aagggtcaat 180
 ggtgacatcc aatttcttct gataatttag attcctcaca accttcctag ttaagtgaag 240
 ggcagatga tcatccaaag ccagtggtc acttactcca gactttctgc aatgaagatc 300
 a 301

<210> 262
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 262
 gaggagagcc tgttacagca tttgtaagca cagaatactc caggagtatt tgtaattgtc 60
 tgtgagcttc ttgccgcaag tctctcagaa atttaaaaag atgcaaatcc ctgagtcacc 120
 cctagacttc ctaaaccaga tcctctgggg ctggaacctg gcactctgca tttgtaatga 180
 gggctttctg gtgcacacct aattttgtgc atctttgcc taaatcctgg attagtccc 240
 catcattacc cccacattat aatgggatag attcagagca gatactctcc agcaaaagaat 300
 c 301

<210> 263
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 263
 tttagcttgt ggtaaatgac tcacaaaact gattttaaaa tcaagttaat gtgaattttg 60
 aaaattacta cttaatccta attcacaata acaatggcat taaggtttga cttgagttgg 120
 ttcttagtat tatttatggg aaataggctc ttaccacttg caaataactg gccacatcat 180
 taatgactga cttccagta aggtctctta aggggtaagt angaggatcc acaggatttg 240
 agatgctaag gcccagaga tcggttgatc caacctctt attttcagag gggaaaatgg 300
 g 301

<210> 264
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 264
 aaagacgtta aaccactcta ctaccacttg tggaactctc aaagggtaaa tgacaaasc 60

aatgaatgac	tctaaaaaca	atattttacat	ttaatggttt	gtagacaata	aaaaaacaag	120
gtggatagat	ctagaattgt	aacattttta	gaaaaccata	scatttgaca	gatgagaaag	180
ctcaattata	gatgcaaagt	tataactaaa	ctactatagt	agtaaagaaa	tacatttcac	240
acccttcata	taaattcact	atcttggcct	gaggcactcc	ataaaatgta	tcacgtgcat	300
a						301

<210> 265
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

tgcccaagtt	atgtgtaagt	gtatccgcac	ccagaggtaa	aactacactg	tcatctttgt	60
cttcttgtga	cgcagtattt	cttctctggg	gagaagccgg	gaagtcttct	cctggctcta	120
catattcttg	gaagtctcta	atcaactttt	gttccatttg	tttcatttct	tcaggaggga	180
ttttcagttt	gtcaacatgt	tctctaacaa	cacttgccca	tttctgtaaa	gaatccaaag	240
cagtccaagg	ctttgacatg	tcaacaacca	gcataactag	agtatccttc	agagatacgg	300
c						301

<210> 266
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

taccgtctgc	ccttcctccc	atccaggcca	tctgcgaatc	tacatgggtc	ctcctattcg	60
acaccagatc	actctttcct	ctaccacacg	gcttgctatg	agcaagagac	acaacctcct	120
ctcttctgtg	ttccagcttc	ttttcctgtt	cttcccaccc	cttaagttct	attcctgggg	180
atagagacac	caatacccat	aacctctctc	ctaagcctcc	ttataacca	gggtgcacag	240
cacagactcc	tgacaactgg	taaggccaat	gaactgggag	ctcacagctg	gctgtgcctg	300
a						301

<210> 267
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

aaagagcaca	ggccagctca	gcctgccctg	gccatctaga	ctcagcctgg	ctccatgggg	60
gtttctcagt	ctgagtcctt	ccaggaaaag	ctcacctaga	ccttctgagg	ctgaatcttc	120
atcctcacag	gcagcttctg	agagcctgat	attcctagcc	ttgatggctt	ggagtaaagc	180
ctcattctga	ttcctctcct	tcttttcttt	caagttggct	ttcctcacat	ccctctgttc	240
aattcgcttc	agcttgtctg	ctttagccct	catttcacga	agcttcttct	ctttggcatc	300
t						301

<210> 268
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

aatgtctcac	tcaactactt	cccagcctac	cgtggcctaa	ttctgggagt	tttcttctta	60
gatcttggga	gagctgggtc	ttctaaggag	aaggaggaag	gacagatgta	actttggatc	120
tcgaagagga	agtctaattg	aagtaattag	tcaacgggtc	ttgttttagac	tcttggaata	180
tgctgggttg	ctcagtgagc	ccttttggag	aaagcaagta	ttattcttaa	ggagtaacca	240
cttcccattg	ttctactttc	taccatcatc	aattgtatat	tatgtattct	ttggagaact	300
a						301

<210> 269
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

```

<400> 269
taacaatata cactagctat ctttttaact gtccatcatt agcaccaatg aagattcaat    60
aaaattacct ttattcacac atctcaaaac aattctgcaa attcttagtg aagtttaact    120
atagtcacag accttaaata ttcacattgt tttctatgtc tactgaaaat aagttcacta    180
cttttctgga tattctttac aaaatcttat taaaattcct ggtattatca cccccaatta    240
tacagtagca caaccacctt atgtagtttt tacatgatag ctctgtagaa gtttcacatc    300
t                                                                301

```

```

<210> 270
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 270
cattgaagag cttttgcgaa acatcagaac acaagtgcct ataaaaattaa ttaagcctta    60
cacaagaata catattcctt ttatttctaa ggagttaaac atagatgtag ctgatgtgga    120
gagcttgctg gtgcagtgca tattggataa cactattcat ggccgaattg atcaagtcaa    180
ccaactcctt gaactggatc atcagaagaa ggggtggtgca cgatatactg cactagataa    240
tggaccaacc aactaaattc tctcaccagg ctgtatcagt aaactggcct aacagaaaac    300
a                                                                301

```

```

<210> 271
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 271
aaaaggttct cataagatta acaatttaaa taaatatttg atagaacatt ctttctcatt    60
tttatagctc atcttttagg ttgatattca gttcattgct cccttgctgt tcttgatcca    120
gaattgcaat cacttcatca gcctgtattc gctccaattc tctataaagt gggccaagg    180
tgaaccacag agccacagca cactcttttc ccttggtgac tgccttcacc ccatganggt    240
tctctctctc agatganaac tgatcatgcg cccacatttt ggggtttata gaagcagtc    300
c                                                                301

```

```

<210> 272
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 272
taaattgcta agccacagat aacaccaatc aaatggaaca aatcactgtc ttcaaagtgc    60
ttatcagaaa accaaatgag cctggaatct tcataatacc taaacatgcc gtatttagga    120
tccaataatt ccctcatgat gagcaagaaa aattctttgc gcacctctcc tgcatccaca    180
gcatcttctc caacaaatat aacottgagt ggcttcttgt aatctatgtt ctttgttttc    240
ctaaggactt ccattgcate tcctacaata ttttctctac gcaccactag aattaagcag    300
g                                                                301

```

```

<210> 273
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 273
 acatgtgtgt atgtgtatct ttgggaaan aanaagacat cttgtttayt atttttttgg 60
 agagangctg ggacatggat aatcacwtaa tttgctayta tyactttaat ctgactygaa 120
 gaaccgtcta aaaataaaat ttaccatgtc dtatatcct tatagtatgc ttatttcacc 180
 ttytttctgt ccagagagag tatcagtgc ananatttma ggggaamac atgmattggg 240
 gggactnty tttacngagm accctgcccg sgcgcctcg makcngantt ccgcsananc 300
 t 301

<210> 274
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 274
 cttatatact ctttctcaga ggcaaaagag gagatgggta atgtagacaa ttctttgagg 60
 aacagtaaat gattattaga gagaangaat ggaccaagga gacagaaatt aacttgtaaa 120
 tgattctctt tggaatctga atgagatcaa gaggccagct ttagcttggt gaaaagtcca 180
 tctaggtatg gttgcattct cgtcttctt tctgcagtag ataagaggt aaccgaaggc 240
 aattgtgctt cttttgataa gaagctttct tggcatatc aggaaattcc aganaaagtc 300
 c 301

<210> 275
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 275
 tcggtgtcag cagcacgtgg cattgaacat tgcaatgtgg agcccaaacc acagaaaatg 60
 ggggtgaaatt ggccaacttt ctattaactt atgttggcaa ttttgccacc aacagtaagc 120
 tggcccttct aataaaaagaa aattgaaagg tttctcacta aacggaatta agtagtgag 180
 tcaagagact ccaggcctc agcgtacctg cccgggcggc cgctcgaagc cgaattctgc 240
 agatatccat cacactggcg gncgctcgan catgcatcta gaaggnccaa ttcgccctat 300
 a 301

<210> 276
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 276
 tgtacacata ctcaataaat aaatgactgc attgtgggtat tattactata ctgattatat 60
 ttatcatgtg acttctaatt agaaaatgta tccaaaagca aaacagcaga tatacaaaat 120
 taaagagaca gaagatagac attaacagat aaggcaactt atacattgag aatccaaatc 180
 caatacattt aaacatttgg gaaatgaggg ggacaaatgg aagccagatc aaatttgtgt 240
 aaaactattc agtatgtttc ccttgcttca tgtctgagaa ggctctcctt caatggggat 300
 g 301

<210> 277
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 277
 tttgttgatg tcagtatttt attacttgcg ttatgagtgc tcacctggga aattctaaag 60
 atacagagga cttggaggaa gcagagcaac tgaatttaat ttaaaagaag gaaaacattg 120
 gaatcatggc actcctgata ctttcccaaa tcaacactct caatgccccca ccctcgtcct 180
 caccatagtg gggagactaa agtggccacg gatttgcctt anggtgtgcag tgcgttctga 240
 gttcncgtgc gattacatct gaccagtctc ctttttccga agtcctntccg ttcaatcttg 300
 c 301

<210> 278
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 278
 taccactaca ctccagcctg ggcaacagag caagacctgt ctcaaagcat aaaatggaat 60
 aacatatcaa atgaaacagg gaaaatgaag ctgacaattt atggaagcca gggcttggtca 120
 cagtctctac tgttattatg cattacctgg gaatttatat aagcccttaa taataatgcc 180
 aatgaacatc tcatgtgtgc tcacaatgtt ctggcactat tataagtgtc tcacagggtt 240
 tatgtgttct tcgtaacttt atggantagg tactcggccg cgaacacgct aagccgaatt 300
 c 301

<210> 279
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 279
 aaagcaggaa tgacaaagct tgcttttctg gtatgttcta ggtgtattgt gacttttact 60
 gttatattaa ttgccaatat aagtaaatat agattatata tgtatagtgt ttcacaaagc 120
 ttagaccttt accttcacg caccacacag tgcttgatat ttcagagtca gtcattgggt 180
 atacatgtgt agttccaaag cacataagct agaanaanaa atatttctag ggagcactac 240
 catctgtttt cacatgaaat gccacacaca tagaactcca acatcaattt cattgcacag 300
 a 301

<210> 280
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 280
 ggtactggag ttttcctccc ctgtgaaaac gtaactactg ttgggagtga attgaggatg 60
 tagaaagggtg gtggaaccaa attgtggtca atggaaatag gagaatatgg ttctcactct 120
 tgagaaaaaa acctaaagatt agcccaggta gttgcctgta acttcagttt ttctgcctgg 180
 gtttgatata gtttaggggtt ggggttagat taagatctaa attacatcag gacaaagaga 240
 cagactatta actccacagt taattaagga ggtatgttcc atgtttattt gttaaagcag 300
 t 301

<210> 281
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 281
 aggtacaaga aggggaatgg gaaagagctg ctgctgtggc attgttcaac ttggatatc 60
 gccgagcaat ccaaactctg aatgaagggg catcttctga aaaaggagat ctgaatctca 120
 atgtggtagc aatggcttta tcgggttata cggatgagaa gaactccctt tggagagaaa 180
 tgtgtagcac actgcgatta cagctaaata acccgatttt gtgtgtcatg tttgcatttc 240
 tgacaagtga aacaggatct tacgatggag ttttgtatga aaacaaagt gtagtacctc 300
 g 301

<210> 282
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 282
 caggtactac agaattaaaa tactgacaag caagtagttt cttggcgtgc acgaattgca 60
 tccagaaccc aaaaatttaag aaattcaaaa agacattttg tgggcacctg ctgacacaga 120
 agcgagaaag caaagcccag gcagaacat gctaaccctta cagctcagcc tgcacagaag 180
 cgagaagca aagcccaggc agaaccatgc taaccttaca gctcagcctg cacagaagcg 240
 cagaagcaaa gccccaggcag aacatgctaa ctttacagct cagcctgcac agaagcacag 300
 a 301

<210> 283
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 283
 atctgtatac ggcagacaaa ctttatarag ttagagagagg tgagcgaaag gatgcaaaag 60
 cactttgagg gctttataat aatatgctgc ttgaaaaaaa aaatgtgtag ttgatactca 120
 gtgcatctcc agacatagta aggggttgct ctgaccaatc aggtgatcat tttttctatc 180
 acttcccagg tttttatgca aaattttggt aaattctata atggtgatat gcatctttta 240
 ggaaacatat acatttttaa aaatctattt tatgtaagaa ctgacagacg aatttgcttt 300
 g 301

<210> 284
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 284
 caggtacaaa acgctattaa gtggcttaga atttgaacat ttgtggtctt tatttacttt 60
 gcttcgtgtg tgggcaaagc aacatcttcc ctaaatatat attaccaaga aaagcaagaa 120
 gcagattagg tttttgacaa aacaaacagg ccaaaagggg gctgacctgg agcagagcat 180
 ggtgagaggc aaggcatgag agggcaagtt tgttgtggac agatctgtgc ctactttatt 240
 actggagtaa aagaaaacaa agttcattga tgtcgaagga tatatacagt gttagaaatt 300
 a 301

<210> 285
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 285
 acatcaccat gatcggatcc cccacccatt atacgttgta tgtttacata aatactcttc 60
 aatgatcatt agtgttttaa aaaaaatact gaaaactcct tctgcatccc aatctctaac 120
 caggaaagca aatgctatct acagacctgc aagccctccc tcaaacnaaa ctatttctgg 180
 attaaatatg tctgacttct tttgaggtca cacgactagg caaatgctat ttacgatctg 240
 caaaagctgt ttgaagagtc aaagcccca tgtgaacacg atttctggac cctgtaacag 300
 t 301

<210> 286
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 286
 taccactgca ttccagcctg ggtgacagag tgagactccg tctccaaaaa aaactttgct 60
 tgtatattat ttttgcctta cagtggatca ttctagtagg aaaggacagt aagatttttt 120
 atcaaaatgt gtcatgccag taagagatgt tatattcttt tctcatttct tccccacca 180
 aaaataagct accatatagc ttataagtct caaatttttg ctttttacta aaatgtgatt 240
 gtttctgttc attgtgtatg cttcatcacc tatattaggg aaattccatt ttttccttg 300
 t 301

<210> 287
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 287
 tacagatctg ggaactaaat attaaaaatg agtgtggctg gatatatgga gaatgttggg 60
 ccagaagga acgtagagat cagatattac aacagctttg ttttgagggg tagaaatatg 120
 aaatgatttg gttatgaacg cacagtttag gcagcagggc cagaatcctg accctctgcc 180
 ccgtggttat ctccctccca gcttggctgc ctcatgttat cacagtattc cattttgttt 240
 gttgcatgtc ttgtgaagcc atcaagattt tctcgtctgt tttcctctca ttggtaatgc 300
 t 301

<210> 288
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 288
 gtacacctaa ctgcaaggac agctgaggaa tgtaatgggc agccgctttt aaagaagtag 60
 agtcaatagg aagacaaatt ccagttccag ctcaagtctg gtatctgcaa agctgcaaaa 120
 gatcttttaa gacaatttca agagaatatt tccttaaagt tggcaatttg gagatcatal 180
 aaaagcatct gcttttgtga tttaatttag ctcatctggc cactggaaga atccaaacag 240
 tctgccttaa ttttgatga atgcatgatg gaaattcaat aatttagaaa gttaaaaaaa 300
 a 301

<210> 289
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 289
 ggtacactgt ttccatgtta tgtttctaca cattgctacc tcagtgtctc tggaaactta 60
 gcttttgatg tctccaagta gtccaccttc atttaactct ttgaaactgt atcatctttg 120
 ccaagtaaga gtggtggcct atttcagctg ctttgacaaa atgactggct cctgacttaa 180

88

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cgttctataa atgaatgtgc tgaagcaaag tgcccatggt ggcggcgaan aagagaaaga      240
tgtgttttgt tttggactct ctgtgggtccc ttccaatgct gtgggtttcc aaccagnnga      300
a                                                    301

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```

<210> 290
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 290
acactgagct cttcttgata aatatacaga atgcttggca tatacaagat tctatactac      60
tgactgatct gttcatttct ctcaacagctc ttacccccc aaagcttttcc accctaagtg      120
ttctgacctc ctttttcta ctcacagtagg atagaggcag anccacctac aatgaacatg      180
gagttctatc aagaggcaga aacagcacag aatcccagtt ttaccattcg ctagcagtgc      240
tgccctgaac aaaaacattt ctccatgtct cattttcttc atgcctcaag taacagtgcg      300
a                                                    301

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```

<210> 291
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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```

<400> 291
caggtagcaa tttcttctat cctagaaaca ttccatttta tgttgttgaa acataacaac      60
tatatcagct agattttttt tctatgcttt acctgctatg gaaaatttga cacattctgc      120
tttactcttt tgtttatagg tgaatcacia aatgtatttt tatgtattct gtagttcaat      180
agccatggct gtttacttca tttaatttat ttagcataaa gacattatga aaaggcctaa      240
acatgagctt cacttcccc aactaacta agcatctggt atttcttaac cgtaatgcct      300
a                                                    301

```

```

<210> 292
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 292
accttttagt agtaatgtct aataataaat aagaaatcaa ttttataagg tccatatagc      60
tgtattaaat aattttttaag tttaaaagat aaaataccat catttttaaat gttggtattc      120
aaaaccaaag natataaccg aaaggaaaaa cagatgagac ataaaatgat ttgcnagatg      180
ggaaatatag tasttyatga atgttnatta aattccagtt ataatagtgg ctacacactc      240
tcactacaca cacagacccc acagtcctat atgccacaaa cacatttcca taacttgaaa      300
a                                                    301

```

```

<210> 293
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 293
ggtaccaagt gctgggtgcc gcctgttacc tgttctcact gaaaagtctg gctaagtctc      60
ttgtgtagtc acttctgatt ctgacaatca atcaatcaat ggcctagagc actgactggt      120
aacacaaacg tcactagcaa agtagcaaca gctttaagtc taaatacaaa gctgttctgt      180

```

gtgagaattt tttaaaaggc tacttgtata ataacccttg tcatttttaa tgtacctcgg 240
 ccgcgaccac gctaagccga attctgcaga tatccatcac actggcggcc gctcgagcat 300
 g 301

<210> 294
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien
 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 294
 tgaccataa caatatacac tagctatctt tttaactgtc catcattagc accaatgaag 60
 attcaataaa attaccttta ttcacacatc tcaaaacaat tctgcaaatt cttagtgaag 120
 tttaactata gtcacaganc ttaaataatc acattgtttt ctatgtctac tgaaaataag 180
 ttcactactt ttctgggata ttctttacaa aatcttatta aaattcctgg tattatcacc 240
 cccaattata cagtagcaca accaccttat gtagttttta catgatagct ctgtagaggt 300
 t 301

<210> 295
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 295
 gtactctttc tctccctcc tctgaattta attctttcaa cttgcaattt gcaaggatta 60
 cacatttcac tgtgatgtat attgtgttgc aaaaaaaaaa gtgtctttgt ttaaaattac 120
 ttggtttgtg aatccatctt gctttttccc cattggaact agtcattaac ccatctctga 180
 actggtagaa aaacrtctga agagctagtc tatcagcatc tgacaggaga attggatggt 240
 tctcagaacc atttcacca gacagcctgt ttctatcctg ttaataaat tagtttgggt 300
 tctct 305

<210> 296
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 296
 aggtactatg ggaagctgct aaaataatat ttgatagtaa aagtatgtaa tgtgctatct 60
 cacctagtag taaactaaaa ataaactgaa actttatgga atctgaagtt attttccttg 120
 attaaataga attaataaac caatatgagg aaacatgaaa ccatgcaatc tactatcaac 180
 ttgaaaaaag tgattgaacg aaccacttag ctttcagatg atgaacactg ataagtcatt 240
 tgtcattact ataaatttta aaatctgtta ataagatggc ctatagggag gaaaaagggg 300
 c 301

<210> 297
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(300)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 297
 actgagtttt aactggacgc caagcaggca aggctggaag gttttgctct ctttgtgcta 60
 aaggttttga aaaccttgaa ggagaatcat ttgacaaga agtacttaag agtctagaga 120
 acaaagangt gaaccagctg aaagctctcg ggggaanctt acatgtgttg ttaggcctgt 180

tccatcattg ggagtgcact ggccatccct caaaatttgt ctgggctggc ctgagtggtc 240
accgcacctc ggccgcgacc acgctaagcc gaattctgca gatatccatc acactggcgg 300

<210> 298
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 298
tatgggggttt gtcacccaaa agctgatgct gagaaaggcc tccctggggc ccctcccgcg 60
ggcatctgag agacctggtg ttccagtgtt tctggaaatg ggtcccagtg ccgccggctg 120
tgaagctctc agatcaatca cgggaagggc ctggcggtgg tgccacctg gaaccaccct 180
gtcctgtctg tttacatttc actaycaggt tttctctggg cattacnatt tgttccccta 240
caacagtgac ctgtgcattc tgctgtggcc tgctgtgtct gcaggtggct ctcagcgagg 300
t 301

<210> 299
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 299
gttttgagac ggagtttcac tcttgttgcc cagactggac tgcaatggca gggctctctgc 60
tactgcacc ctctgcctcc caggttcgag caattctcct gcctcagcct cccaggtagc 120
tgggattgca ggctcagcc accataccca gctaattttt ttgtattttt agtagagacg 180
gagtttcgcc atgttggcc gctggtctca aactcctgac ctcaagcgac ctgcctgcct 240
cgccctccca aagtgtctga attataggca tgagtcaaca cgccagcct aaagatatatt 300
t 301

<210> 300
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 300
attcagtttt atttgtgcc ccagtatctg taaccaggag tgccacaaaa tcttgccaga 60
tatgtcccac accactggg aaaggctccc acctggctac ttctctatc agctgggtca 120
gctgcattcc acaaggttct cagcctaatt agtttcaact cctgccagtc tcaaaactta 180
gtaaagcaag accatgacat tccccacgg aaatcagagt ttgccccacc gtcttgttac 240
tataaagcct gcctctaaca gtccttgctt cttcacacca atcccagagc catcccccat 300
g 301

<210> 301
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 301
ttaaattttt gagaggataa aaaggacaaa taatctagaa atgtgtcttc ttcagtctgc 60
agaggacccc aggtctccaa gcaaccacat ggtcaagggc atgaataatt aaaagtgggt 120
gggaactcac aaagaccctc agagctgaga caccacaac agtgggagct cacaaagacc 180
ctcagagctg agacaccac aacagtggga gctcacaaag accctcagag ctgagacacc 240
cacaacagca cctcgttcag ctgccacatg tgtgaataag gatgcaatgt ccagaagtgt 300
t 301

<210> 302
<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 302

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aggtacacat ttagcttgtg gtaaatgact cacaaaactg attttaaaat caagttaatg      60
tgaattttga aaattactac ttaatcctaa ttcacaataa caatggcatt aagggttgac      120
ttgagttggg tcttagtatt atttatggta aataggctct taccacttgc aaataactgg      180
ccacatcatt aatgactgac ttcccagtaa ggctctctaa ggggtaagta ggaggatcca      240
caggatttga gatgctaagg ccccagagat cgtttgatcc aaccctctta ttttcagagg      300
g                                                                    301

```

<210> 303

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 303

```

aggtaccaac tgtggaaata ggtagaggat cattttttct ttccatatca actaagttgt      60
atattgtttt ttgacagttt aacacatctt cttctgtcag agattctttc acaatagcac      120
tggctaattg aactaccgct tgcatgttaa aaatgggtgg ttgtgaaatg atcataggcc      180
agtaacgggt atgtttttct aactgatctt ttgctcgctc caaagggacc tcaagacttc      240
catcgatttt atatctgggg tctagaaaag gagttaatct gttttccctc ataaattcac      300
c                                                                    301

```

<210> 304

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 304

```

acatggatgt tattttgcag actgtcaacc tgaatttgta tttgcttgac attgcctaatt      60
tattagtttc agtttcagct taccactttt ttgtctgcaa catgcaraas agacagtgcc      120
cttttttagtg tatcatatca ggaatcatct cacattgggt tgtgccatta ctgggtgcagt      180
gactttcagc cacttgggta aggtggagtt ggccatatgt ctccactgca aaattactga      240
ttttcctttt gtaattaata agtgtgtgtg tgaagattct ttgagatgag gtatatatct      300
c                                                                    301

```

<210> 305

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 305

```

gangtacagc gtggtcaagg taacaagaag aaaaaaatgt gagtggcatc ctgggatgag      60
caggggggaca gacctggaca gacacgttgt catttgctgc tgtgggtagg aaaatgggcg      120
taaaggagga gaaacagata caaaatctcc aactcagtat taaggatttc tcatgcctag      180
aatattggta gaaacaagaa tacattcata tggcaataaa ctaaccatgg tggaacaaaa      240
ttctgggatt taagttggat accaangaaa ttgtattaaa agagctgttc atggaataag      300
a                                                                    301

```

<210> 306

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 306

Val Leu Gly Trp Val Ala Glu Leu

1

5

<210> 307
 <211> 637
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 307

acaggggratg	aagggaaagg	gagaggatga	ggaagccccc	ctggggattt	ggtttggtcc	60
ttgtgatcag	gtggtctatg	gggcttatcc	ctacaaagaa	gaatccagaa	ataggggcac	120
attgaggaat	gatacttgag	cccaaagagc	attcaatcat	tgttttattt	gccttmtttt	180
cacaccattg	gtgagggagg	gattaccacc	ctgggggttat	gaagatgggt	gaacacccca	240
cacatagcac	cggagatatg	agatcaacag	tttcttagcc	atagagattc	acagcccaga	300
gcaggaggac	gcttgccacac	catgcaggat	gacatggggg	atgcgctcgg	gattggtgtg	360
aagaagcaag	gactgttaga	ggcaggcttt	atagtaacaa	gacggtgggg	caaactctga	420
tttcogtggg	ggaatgtcat	ggtcttgctt	tactaagttt	tgagactggc	aggtagtga	480
actcattagg	ctgagaacct	tgtggaatgc	acttgaccga	sctgatagag	gaagtagcca	540
ggtgggagcc	tttcccagtg	ggtgtgggac	atatctggca	agattttgtg	gcactcctgg	600
ttacagatac	tggggcagca	aataaaactg	aatcttg			637

<210> 308
 <211> 647
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(647)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 308

acgattttca	ttatcatgta	aatcgggtca	ctcaaggggc	caaccacagc	tgggagccac	60
tgctcagggg	aaggttcata	tgggactttc	tactgcccga	ggttctatac	aggatataaa	120
ggngcctcac	agtatagatc	tggtagcaaa	gaagaagaaa	caaacactga	tctctttctg	180
ccaccctctt	gacccttttg	aactcctctg	accctttaga	acaagcctac	ctaatatctg	240
ctagagaaaa	gaccaacaac	ggcctcaaag	gatctcttac	catgaaggtc	tcagctaatt	300
cttggttaag	atgtgggttc	cacattaggt	tctgaatatg	gggggaaggg	tcaatttgct	360
catttttgtt	gtggataaag	tcaggatgcc	cagggggccag	agcagggggc	tgcttgcttt	420
gggaacaatg	gctgagcata	taaccatagg	ttatggggaa	caaaacaaca	tcaaagtcac	480
tgtatcaatt	gccatgaaga	cttgaggggac	ctgaatctac	cgattcatct	taaggcagca	540
ggaccagttt	gagtggaac	aatgcagcag	cagaatcaat	ggaaacaaca	gaatgattgc	600
aatgtccttt	tttttctcct	gcttctgact	tgataaaagg	ggaccgt		647

<210> 309
 <211> 460
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 309

actttatagt	ttaggctgga	cattggaaaa	aaaaaaaaagc	cagaacaaca	tgtgatagat	60
aatatgattg	gctgcacact	tccagactga	tgaatgatga	acgtgatgga	ctattgtatg	120
gagcacatct	tcagcaagag	ggggaaatac	tcatcatttt	tggccagcag	ttgtttgatc	180
accaaacatc	atgccagaat	actcagcaaa	ccttcttagc	tcttgagaag	tcaaagtccg	240
ggggaattta	ttcctggcaa	ttttaattgg	actccttatg	tgagagcagc	ggctaccag	300
ctgggggtgt	ggagcgaacc	cgtcactagt	ggacatgcag	tggcagagct	cctggtaacc	360
acctagagga	atacacaggc	acatgtgtga	tgccaagcgt	gacacctgta	gcactcaaat	420
ttgtcttggt	tttgtctttc	ggtgtgtaag	attcttaagt			460

<210> 310
 <211> 539
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

```

<400> 310
acgggactta tcaaataaag ataggaaaag aagaaaactc aaatattata ggcagaaatg      60
ctaaaggttt taaaatatgt caggattgga agaaggcatg gataaagaac aaagttcagt      120
taggaaagag aaacacagaa ggaagagaca caataaaagt cattatgtat tctgtgagaa      180
gtcagacagt aagatttgtg ggaaatgggt tggtttgttg tatggtatgt attttagcaa      240
taatctttat ggcagagaaa gctaaaatcc tttagcttgc gtgaatgac acttgctgaa      300
ttcctcaagg taggcatgat gaaggagggt ttagaggaga cacagacaca atgaactgac      360
ctagatagaa agccttagta tactcagcta ggaatagtga ttctgagggc acactgtgac      420
atgattatgt cattacatgt atggtagtga tggggatgat aggaaggaaag aacttatggc      480
atattttcac cccacaaaaa gtcagttaaa tattgggaca ctaaccatcc aggtcaaga      539

```

```

<210> 311
<211> 526
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(526)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 311
caaatttgag ccaatgacat agaattttac aaatcaagaa gcttattctg gggccatttc      60
ttttgacggt ttctctaaac tactaaagag gcattaatga tccataaatt atattatcta      120
catttacagc atttaaaatg tggtcagcat gaaatattag ctacagggga agctaaataa      180
attaaacatg gaataaagat ttgtccttaa atataatcta caagaagact ttgatatttg      240
tttttcacaa gtgaagcatt cttataaagt gtcataacct ttttggggaa actatgggaa      300
aaaatgggga aactctgaag ggttttaagt atcttacctg aagctacaga ctccataacc      360
tctctttaca gggagctcct gcagccccta cagaaatgag tggctgagat tcttgattgc      420
acagcaagag cttctcatct aaaccctttc cttttttagt atctgtgtat caagtataaa      480
agttctataa actgtagtnt acttatttta atcccaaaag cacagt                    526

```

```

<210> 312
<211> 500
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(500)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 312
cctctctctc cccaccccct gactctagag aactggggtt tctcccagta ctccagcaat      60
tcattttctga aagcagttga gccactttat tccaaagtac actgcagatg ttcaaactct      120
ccattttctc ttcccttcca cctgccagtt ttgctgactc tcaacttgtc atgagtgtaa      180
gcattaagga cattatgctt cttcgattct gaagacaggc cctgctcatg gatgactctg      240
gcttcttagg aaaatatatt tcttccaaaa tcagtaggaa atctaaactt atcccctctt      300
tgcagatgtc tagcagcttc agacatttgg ttaagaaccc atgggaaaaa aaaaaatcct      360
tgctaagtgt gtttcctttg taaaccanga ttcttatttg nctgggtatag aatatcagct      420
ctgaacgtgt ggtaaagatt tttgtgtttg aatataggag aaatcagttt gctgaaaagt      480
tagtcttaat tatctattgg

```

```

<210> 313
<211> 718
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(718)

```

<223> n = A, T, C or G

<400> 313

ggagatttgt	gtggtttgca	gccgagggag	accaggaaga	tctgcatggt	gggaaggacc	60
tgatgataca	gaggtgagaa	ataagaaagg	ctgctgactt	taccatctga	ggccacacat	120
ctgctgaaat	ggagataatt	aacatcacta	gaaacagcaa	gatgacaata	taatgtctaa	180
gtagtacat	gtttttgcac	atttccagcc	cttttaaata	tccacacaca	caggaagcac	240
aaaaggaagc	acagagatcc	ctgggagaaa	tgcccggccg	ccatcttggg	tcatcgatga	300
gcctcgccct	gtgcctgntc	ccgcttgtga	gggaaggaca	ttagaaaatg	aattgatgtg	360
ttccttaaag	gatggcagga	aaacagatcc	tggtgtggat	atttatttga	acgggattac	420
agatttgaaa	tgaagtcaca	aagtgcagat	taccaatgag	aggaaaacag	acgagaaaat	480
cttgatgggt	cacaagacat	gcaacaaaca	aaatggaata	ctgtgatgac	acgagcagcc	540
aactggggag	gagataccac	ggggcagagg	tcaggattct	ggccctgctg	cctaactgtg	600
cgttatacca	atcatttcta	tttctaccct	caaacaagct	gtngaatatc	tgacttacgg	660
ttcttntggc	ccacattttc	atnatccacc	ccntcntttt	aannttantic	caaantgt	718

<210> 314

<211> 358

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 314

gtttattttac	attacagaaa	aaacatcaag	acaatgtata	ctatttcaaa	tatatccata	60
cataatcaaa	tatagctgta	gtacatgttt	tcattgggtg	agattaccac	aaatgcaagg	120
caacatgtgt	agatctcttg	tcttattctt	ttgtctataa	tactgtattg	tgtagtccaa	180
gctctcggta	gtccagccac	tgtgaaacat	gtcccttcta	gattaacctc	gtggacgctc	240
ttgttgtatt	gctgaactgt	agtgccctgt	attttgcttc	tgtctgtgaa	ttctgttgct	300
tctggggcat	ttccttgtga	tgagaggac	caccacacag	atgacagcaa	tctgaatt	358

<210> 315

<211> 341

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 315

taccacctcc	ccgctggcac	tgatgagccg	catcaccatg	gtcaccagca	ccatgaaggc	60
atagggtgat	atgaggacat	ggaatgggcc	cccaaggatg	gtctgtccaa	agaagcgagt	120
gacccccatt	ctgaagatgt	ctggaaacct	taccagcagg	atgatgatag	ccccaatgac	180
agtcaccagc	tccccgacca	gccggatatc	gtccttaggg	gtcatgtagg	cttcctgaag	240
tagcttctgc	tgtaaagagg	tggtgtcccg	ggggctcgtg	cggttattgg	tcctgggctt	300
gagggggcgg	tagatgcagc	acatggtgaa	gcagatgatg	t		341

<210> 316

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 316

agactgggca	agactcttac	gccccacact	gcaatttggt	cttggtgccc	tatccattta	60
tgtgggcctt	tctcgagttt	ctgattataa	acaccactgg	agcgatgtgt	tgactggact	120
cattcaggga	gctctgggtg	caatattagt	t			151

<210> 317

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 317

agaactagtg	gatcctaatt	aaataacctga	aacatatatt	ggcattttatc	aatggctcaa	60
atcttcattt	atctctggcc	ttaaccctgg	ctcctgaggc	tgcgccagc	agatcccagg	120
ccagggtctt	gttcttgcca	cacctgcttg	a			151

<210> 318
 <211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 318
 actggtggga ggcgctgttt agttggctgt tttcagaggg gtctttcggg gggacctcct 60
 gctgcaggct ggagtgcttt tttcctggc gggagaccgc acattccact gctgaggctg 120
 tgggggctgt ttatcaggca gtgataaaca t 151

<210> 319
 <211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 319
 aactagtggg tccagagcta taggtacagt gtgatctcag ctttgcaaac acattttcta 60
 catagatagt actaggtatt aatagatatg taaagaaaga aatcacacca ttaataatgg 120
 taagattggg tttatgtgat tttagtgggt a 151

<210> 320
 <211> 150
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 320
 aactagtggg tccactagtc cagtgtgggt gaattccatt gtgttggggg tctagatcgc 60
 gagcggtgc cttttttttt tttttttttg ggggggaatt tttttttttt aatagttatt 120
 gagtgttcta cagcttacag taaataccat 150

<210> 321
 <211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 321
 agcaactttg tttttcatcc aggttatattt aggccttagga tttcctctca cactgcagtt 60
 taggggtggc ttgtaaccag ctatggcata ggtgttaacc aaaggctgag taaacatggg 120
 tgctctgag aaatcaaagt cttcatcac t 151

<210> 322
 <211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(151)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 322
 atccagcatc ttctcctgtt tcttgcttc cttttcttc ttcttasatt ctgcttgagg 60
 tttgggcttg gtcagtttgc cacagggtt ggagatgggt acagtcttct ggcattcggc 120
 attgtgcagg gtcgcttca nacttccagt t 151

<210> 323
 <211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(151)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 323

tgaggacttg	tkttcttttt	ctttattttt	aatcctctta	ckttgtaaat	atattgccta	60
nagactcant	tactaccag	tttgtggtt	twtgaggagaa	atgtaactgg	acagttagct	120
gttcaatyaa	aaagacactt	ancccatgtg	g			151

<210> 324

<211> 461

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc feature

<222> (1)...(461)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 324

acctgtgtgg	aatttcagct	ttcctcatgc	aaaaggattt	tgtatccccg	gcctacttga	60
agaagtggtc	agctaaagga	atccaggttg	ttggttggac	tgtaataacc	tttgatgaaa	120
agagttacta	cgaatcccat	cttgggtcca	gctatatcac	tgacagcatg	gtagaagact	180
gcgaacctca	cttctagact	ttcacggtgg	gacgaaacgg	gttcagaaac	tgccaggggc	240
ctcatacagg	gatatcaaaa	taccctttgt	gctaccagg	ccctggggaa	tcaggtgact	300
cacacaaatg	caatagtgg	tactgcatt	tttacctgaa	ccaaagctaa	acccggtgtt	360
gccaccatgc	accatggcat	gccagagttc	aacactgttg	ctcttgaaaa	ttgggtctga	420
aaaaacgcac	aagagccct	gccctgccct	agctgangca	c		461

<210> 325

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 325

acactgtttc	catgttatgt	ttctacacat	tgctacctca	gtgctcctgg	aaacttagct	60
tttgatgtct	ccaagtagtc	caccttcatt	taactctttg	aaactgtatc	atctttgcca	120
agtaagagtg	gtggcctatt	tcagctgctt	tgacaaaatg	actggctcct	gacttaacgt	180
tctataaatg	aatgtgctga	agcaaagtgc	ccatgggtggc	ggcgaagaag	agaaagatgt	240
gttttgtttt	ggactctctg	tggtcccttc	caatgctgtg	ggtttccaac	caggggaagg	300
gtcccttttg	cattgccaag	tgccataaacc	atgagcacta	cgctaccatg	gttctgcctc	360
ctggccaagc	aggctggttt	gcaagaatga	aatgaatgat			400

<210> 326

<211> 1215

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 326

ggaggactgc	agcccgcaact	cgcagccctg	gcaggcggca	ctgggtcatgg	aaaacgaatt	60
gttctgctcg	ggcgtcctgg	tgcatccgca	gtgggtgctg	tcagccgcac	actgtttcca	120
gaactcctac	accatcgggc	tgggcctgca	cagtcttgag	gccgaccaag	agccagggag	180
ccagatggtg	gaggccagcc	tctccgtacg	gcaccagag	tacaacagac	ccttgctcgc	240
taacgacctc	atgctcatca	agttggacga	atccgtgtcc	gagtctgaca	ccatccggag	300
catcagcatt	gcttcgcagt	gccctaccgc	ggggaactct	tgctcgttt	ctggctgggg	360
tctgctggcg	aacggcagaa	tgctaccgt	gctgcagtgc	gtgaacgtgt	cgggtggtgc	420
tgaggaggtc	tgagtaagc	tctatgacc	gctgtaccac	cccagcatgt	tctgcgccgg	480
cggagggcaa	gaccagaagg	actcctgcaa	cgtgactct	ggggggcccc	tgatctgcaa	540
cgggtacttg	cagggccttg	tgtctttcgg	aaaagccccg	tgtggccaag	ttggcgtgcc	600
aggtgtctac	accaacctct	gcaaattcac	tgagtggata	gagaaaaccg	tccaggccag	660
ttaactctgg	ggactgggaa	cccatgaaat	tgacccccaa	atacatcctg	cgggaaggaat	720
tcaggaatat	ctgttcccag	cccctcctcc	ctcaggccca	ggagtccagg	ccccagccc	780
ctcctccctc	aaaccaaggg	tacagatccc	cagcccctcc	tccctcagac	ccaggagtcc	840

97

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agacccccca gccctcctc cctcagaccc aggagtccag cccctcctcc ctcagaccca 900
ggagtccaga cccccagcc cctcctccct cagaccaggg ggtccaggcc cccaaccct 960
cctccctcag actcagaggt ccaagccccc aaccctcct tccccagacc cagaggtcca 1020
ggtcccagcc cctcctccct cagacccagc ggtccaatgc cacctagact ctccctgtac 1080
acagtgcgcc cttgtggcac gttgacccaa ccttaccagt tggtttttca tttttgtcc 1140
ctttccccta gatccagaaa taaagtctaa gagaagcgca aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1200
aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 1215

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<210> 327
 <211> 220
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

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<400> 327
Glu Asp Cys Ser Pro His Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu Val Met
1      5      10      15
Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val
20     25     30
Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly
35     40     45
Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu
50     55     60
Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu Ala
65     70     75     80
Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser Asp
85     90     95
Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly Asn
100    105    110
Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met Pro
115    120    125
Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Glu Val Cys
130    135    140
Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala Gly
145    150    155    160
Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly Pro
165    170    175
Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys Ala
180    185    190
Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys Lys
195    200    205
Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser
210    215    220

```

<210> 328
 <211> 234
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

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<400> 328
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<210> 329
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 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

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98

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 <213> Homo sapien

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<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

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<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

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<211> 147

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 336

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102

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Pro Glu Arg Ala His Leu Ala Lys Asn Leu Lys Leu Thr Glu Thr Gln
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Val Lys Ile Trp Phe Gln Asn Arg Arg Tyr Lys Thr Lys Arg Lys Gln
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Leu Lys Glu Glu Ala Phe Ser Arg Ala Ser Leu Val Ser Val Tyr Asn
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<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

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<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

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      <400> 338
Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile
      1           5

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<210> 339
<211> 318
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

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      <400> 339
Met Val Glu Leu Met Phe Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Pro Phe Leu
      1           5           10           15
Leu Tyr Met Ala Ala Pro Gln Ile Arg Lys Met Leu Ser Ser Gly Val
      20           25           30
Cys Thr Ser Thr Val Gln Leu Pro Gly Lys Val Val Val Val Thr Gly
      35           40           45
Ala Asn Thr Gly Ile Gly Lys Glu Thr Ala Lys Glu Leu Ala Gln Arg
      50           55           60
Gly Ala Arg Val Tyr Leu Ala Cys Arg Asp Val Glu Lys Gly Glu Leu
      65           70           75           80
Val Ala Lys Glu Ile Gln Thr Thr Thr Gly Asn Gln Gln Val Leu Val
      85           90           95
Arg Lys Leu Asp Leu Ser Asp Thr Lys Ser Ile Arg Ala Phe Ala Lys
      100          105          110
Gly Phe Leu Ala Glu Glu Lys His Leu His Val Leu Ile Asn Asn Ala
      115          120          125
Gly Val Met Met Cys Pro Tyr Ser Lys Thr Ala Asp Gly Phe Glu Met

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103

130	135	140
His Ile Gly Val Asn	His Leu Gly His Phe Leu	Leu Thr His Leu Leu
145	150	155
Leu Glu Lys Leu Lys	Glu Ser Ala Pro Ser Arg	Ile Val Asn Val Ser
165	170	175
Ser Leu Ala His His	Leu Gly Arg Ile His Phe	His Asn Leu Gln Gly
180	185	190
Glu Lys Phe Tyr Asn	Ala Gly Leu Ala Tyr Cys	His Ser Lys Leu Ala
195	200	205
Asn Ile Leu Phe Thr	Gln Glu Leu Ala Arg Arg	Leu Lys Gly Ser Gly
210	215	220
Val Thr Thr Tyr Ser	Val His Pro Gly Thr Val	Gln Ser Glu Leu Val
225	230	235
Arg His Ser Ser Phe	Met Arg Trp Met Trp	Trp Leu Phe Ser Phe
245	250	255
Ile Lys Thr Pro Gln	Gln Gly Ala Gln Thr	Ser Leu His Cys Ala Leu
260	265	270
Thr Glu Gly Leu Glu	Ile Leu Ser Gly Asn His	Phe Ser Asp Cys His
275	280	285
Val Ala Trp Val Ser	Ala Gln Ala Arg Asn Glu	Thr Ile Ala Arg Arg
290	295	300
Leu Trp Asp Val Ser	Cys Asp Leu Leu Gly Leu	Pro Ile Asp
305	310	315

<210> 340
 <211> 483
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 340	
gccgaggtct gccttcacac ggaggacacg agactgcttc ctcaagggct cctgcctgcc	60
tggacactgg tgggaggcgc tgtttagttg gctgttttca gaggggtctt tcggagggac	120
ctcctgctgc aggctggagt gtctttattc ctggcgggag accgcacatt ccactgctga	180
ggttgtgggg gcggtttatc aggcagtgat aaacataaga tgtcatattcc ttgactccgg	240
ccttcaattt tctctttggc tgacgacgga gtccgtggtg tcccgatgta actgaccct	300
gctccaaacg tgacatcact gatgctcttc tcgggggtgc tgatggcccg cttggtcacg	360
tgctcaatct cgccattcga ctcttgctcc aaactgtatg aagacacctg actgcacgtt	420
ttttctgggc ttccagaatt taaagtgaag ggcagcactc ctaagctccg actccgatgc	480
ctg	483

<210> 341
 <211> 344
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 341	
ctgctgctga gtcacagatt tcattataaa tagcctccct aaggaaaata cactgaatgc	60
tatttttact aaccattcta tttttataga aatagctgag agtttctaaa ccaactctct	120
gctgccttac aagtattaaa tattttactt ctttccataa agagttagtc aaaatatgca	180
attaatttaa taatttctga tgatggtttt atctgcagta atatgtatat catctattag	240
aatttactta atgaaaaact gaagagaaca aaatttgtaa ccactagcac ttaagtactc	300
ctgattctta acattgtctt taatgaccac aagacaacca acag	344

<210> 342
 <211> 592
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 342	
acagcaaaaa agaaactgag aagcccaaty tgctttcttg ttaacatcca cttatccaac	60
caatgtggaa acttcttata cttggttcca ttatgaagtt ggacaattgc tgctatcaca	120
cctggcaggt aaaccaatgc caagagagt atggaaacca ttggcaagac tttgttgatg	180

104

accaggattg	gaatattata	aaaatattgt	tgatgggaag	ttgctaaagg	gtgaattact	240
tccctcagaa	gagtgtaaag	aaaagtcaga	gatgctataa	tagcagctat	tttaattggc	300
aagtgccact	gtggaaagag	ttcctgtgtg	tgctgaagtt	ctgaagggca	gtcaaattca	360
tcagcatggg	ctgtttgggtg	caaattgcaa	agcacaggtc	tttttagcat	gctggctctt	420
cccggtgctt	tatgcaaata	atcgctctt	tctaaatttc	tcctaggctt	cattttccaa	480
agttcttctt	ggtttgtgat	gtcttttctg	ctttccatta	attctataaa	atagtatggc	540
ttcaagccacc	cactcttcgc	cttagcttga	ccgtgagtt	cggctgccgc	tg	592

<210> 343
 <211> 382
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

ttcttgacct	cctcctcctt	caagctcaaa	caccacctcc	cttattcagg	accggcactt	60
cttaagtgtt	gtggctttct	ctccagcctc	tcttaggagg	ggtaatggtg	gagttggcat	120
cttgtaactc	tcctttctcc	tttcttcccc	tttctctgcc	cgcctttccc	atcctgtgtg	180
agacttcttg	attgtcagtc	tgtgtcacat	ccagtgattg	ttttggtttc	tgttcccttt	240
ctgactgccc	aaggggctca	gaaccccagc	aatcccttcc	tttactacc	ttcttttttg	300
ggggtagttg	gaagggactg	aaattgtggg	gggaaggtag	gaggcacatc	aataaagagg	360
aaaccaccaa	gctgaaaaaa	aa				382

<210> 344
 <211> 536
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

ctgggcctga	agctgtaggg	taaatcagag	gcaggcttct	gagtgatgag	agtcctgaga	60
caataggcca	cataaacttg	gctggatgga	acctcacaat	aaggtgggtc	cctcttgttt	120
gtttaggggg	atgccaagga	taaggccagc	tcagtatat	gaagagaagc	agaacaaaca	180
agtctttcag	agaaatggat	gcaatcagag	tgggatcccg	gtcacatcaa	ggtcacactc	240
caccttcatg	tgctgaatg	gttgccagg	cagaaaaatc	caccccttac	gagtgcggct	300
tcgaccctat	atcccccgcc	cgcgtccctt	tctccataaa	attcttctta	gtagctatta	360
ccttcttatt	atttgatcta	gaaattgccc	tccttttacc	cctaccatga	gccctacaaa	420
caactaacct	gccactaata	gttatgtcat	ccctcttatt	aatcatcatc	ctagccctaa	480
gtctggccta	tgaatgacta	caaaaaggat	tagactgagc	cgaataacaa	aaaaaa	536

<210> 345
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

accttttgag	gtctctctca	ccacctccac	agccaccgtc	accgtgggat	gtgctggatg	60
tgaatgaagc	ccccatcttt	gtgcctcctg	aaaagagagt	ggaagtgtcc	gaggactttg	120
gcgtggggcca	ggaaatcaca	tcctacactg	cccaggagcc	agacacattt	atggaacaga	180
aaataacata	tcggatttgg	agagacactg	ccaactggct	ggagattaat	ccggacactg	240
gtgccatttc	c					251

<210> 346
 <211> 282
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(282)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 346	60				
cgctgtctg	acactgtgat	catgacagg	gttcaaacag	aaagtgcctg	ggccctcctt

105

ctaagtccttg	ttaccaaaaa	aaggaaaaag	aaaagatctt	ctcagttaca	aattctggga	120
agggagacta	tacctggctc	ttgccctaag	tgagaggtct	tcctcccgc	acaaaaaat	180
agaaaggctt	tctatttcac	tgcccaggt	agggggaagg	agagtaactt	tgagtctgtg	240
ggtctcattt	ccaaggtgc	cttcaatgct	catnaaaacc	aa		282

<210> 347
 <211> 201
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(201)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 347	
acacacataa	tattataaaa
taaatataac	ttttaaaana
tctgagactg	actggaccca
tataaagaat	ttttttttgt
	c
	60
	120
	180
	201

<210> 348
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 348	
ctgttaatca	caacatttgt
agagagaaca	gtgccagaat
aggagacact	ccagcatgg
ggggaaggtt	ttattataga
acctctgcctc	c
	60
	120
	180
	240
	251

<210> 349
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 349	
taaaaatcaa	gccattttaat
aacccttgag	gtgccagag
cagaagggtc	tgaaactctac
agcaattttg	taaaataacca
actcctgggtt	t
	60
	120
	180
	240
	251

<210> 350
 <211> 908
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 350	
ctggacactt	tgcgagggct
agcccgcccg	gtgaagctcg
cggtcggaat	tgctctgggt
cacctgtaaa	tttgatgggg
gttcaagtgc	aacaatgact
tgagtgttac	ctgcgacagg
aggatcatgt	gccacagtcc
ctgtgatatt	tgccagtttg
gtgtaatat	gactgtttctc
ttatgataat	gcatgccaaa
catgtctttg	ggtcgatgtc
	60
	120
	180
	240
	300
	360
	420
	480
	540
	600
	660

ttatgcaaga	acagattatg	cagagaatgc	taacaaatta	gaagaaagt	ccagagaaca	720
ccacatacct	tgtccggaac	attacaatgg	cttctgcatg	catgggaagt	gtgagcattc	780
tatcaatatg	caggagccat	cttgcaagg	tgatgctgg	tatactggac	aacactgtga	840
aaaaaaggac	tacagtgttc	tatacgttgt	tcccggtcct	gtacgatttc	agtatgtctt	900
aatcgacg						908

<210> 351
 <211> 472
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 351						
ccagttat	gcaagtgg	agagcctatt	taccataaat	aatactaaga	accaactcaa	60
gtcaaacctt	aatgccattg	ttattgtgaa	ttaggattaa	gtagtaattt	tcaaaattca	120
cattaacttg	atttttaa	cagwtttgyg	agtcatttac	cacaagctaa	atgtgtacac	180
tatgataaaa	acaaccattg	tattcctggt	tttctaaca	gtcctaattt	ctaactgt	240
atatatcctt	cgacatcaat	gaactttgtt	ttcttttact	ccagtaataa	agtaggcaca	300
gatctgtcca	caacaaactt	gccctctcat	gccttgctc	tcaccatgct	ctgtccagg	360
tcagccccct	tttggcctgt	ttgttttgtc	aaaaacctaa	tctgcttctt	gcttttcttg	420
gtaatatata	tttagggaag	atgttgcttt	gccacacac	gaagcaaagt	aa	472

<210> 352
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 352						
ctcaaagcta	atctctcggg	aatcaaacca	gaaaagggca	aggatcttag	gcatgggtgga	60
tgtggataag	gccagggtcaa	tggctgcaag	catgcagaga	aagagggtaca	tcggagcgtg	120
caggctgcgt	tccgtcctta	cgatgaagac	cacgatgcag	tttccaaaca	ttgccactac	180
atacatggaa	aggaggggga	agccaaccca	gaaatgggct	ttctctaata	ctgggatacc	240
aataagcaca	a					251

<210> 353
 <211> 436
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 353						
ttttttttt	ttttttttt	tttttttaca	caatgcagtc	atztatttat	tgagtatgtg	60
cacattatgg	tattattact	atactgatta	tatttatcat	gtgacttcta	attaraaaat	120
gtatccaaaa	gcaaaacagc	agatatacaa	aattaaagag	acagaagata	gacattaaca	180
gataaggcaa	cttatacatt	gacaatccaa	atccaatata	tttaaactt	tgggaaatga	240
gggggacaaa	tggaagccar	atcaaatttg	tgtaaaacta	ttcagtatgt	ttcccttgct	300
tcattgtctga	raaggctctc	ccttcaatgg	ggatgacaaa	ctccaaatgc	cacacaaatg	360
ttaacagaat	actagattca	cactggaacg	ggggtaaaga	agaaattatt	ttctataaaa	420
gggctcctaa	tgtagt					436

<210> 354
 <211> 854
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 354						
ccttttctag	ttcaccagtt	ttctgcaagg	atgctgggtta	gggagtgtct	gcaggaggag	60
caagtctgaa	accaaatcta	ggaaacatag	gaaacgagcc	aggcacagg	ctggtgggcc	120
atcagggacc	accctttggg	ttgatatttt	gcttaactctg	catcttttga	gtaagatcat	180
ctggcagtag	aagctgttct	ccagggtacat	ttctctagct	catgtacaaa	aacatcctga	240
aggactttgt	cagggtgcctt	gctaaaagcc	agatgcgttc	ggcacttcct	tggtctgagg	300
ttaattgcac	acctacaggc	actgggctca	tgctttcaag	tattttgtcc	tcactttagg	360
gtgagtga	gatccccatt	ataggagcac	ttgggagaga	tcataaaaa	gctgactctt	420
gagtacatgc	agtaatgggg	tagatgtgtg	tgggtgtgtct	tcattcctgc	aagggtgctt	480

107

gttagggagt	gtttccagga	ggaacaagtc	tgaaccaat	catgaaataa	atggtaggtg	540
tgaactggaa	aactaattca	aaagagagat	cgtgatatca	gtgtggttga	tacaccttgg	600
caatatggaa	ggctctaatt	tgcccatatt	tgaataata	attcagcttt	ttgtaataca	660
aaataacaaa	ggattgagaa	tcatggtgtc	taatgtataa	aagacccagg	aaacataaat	720
atatcaactg	cataaatgta	aaatgcatgt	gacccaagaa	ggccccaag	tggcagacaa	780
cattgtacc	attttccctt	ccaaaatgtg	agcggcgggc	ctgctgcttt	caaggctgtc	840
acacgggatg	tcag					854

<210> 355
 <211> 676
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 355						
gaaattaagt	atgagctaaa	ttccctgtta	aaacctctag	gggtgacaga	tctcttcaac	60
caggtcaaag	ctgatctttc	tggaatgtca	ccaaccaagg	gcctatat	atcaaaaagg	120
atccacaagt	catacctgga	tgtcagcgaa	gagggcacgg	aggcagcagc	agccactggg	180
gacagcatcg	ctgtaaaaag	cctaccaatg	agagctcagt	tcaaggcgaa	ccaccccttc	240
ctgttcttta	taaggcacac	tcataccaac	acgatcctat	tctgtggcaa	gcttgcctct	300
ccctaatacg	atggggttga	gtaaggctca	gagttgcaga	tgaggtgcag	agacaatcct	360
gtgactttcc	cacggccaaa	aagctgttca	cacctcacgc	acctctgtgc	ctcagtttgc	420
tcattctgcaa	aatagggtcta	ggatttcttc	caaccatttc	atgagttgtg	aagctaaggc	480
tttgtaatc	atggaaaaag	gtagacttat	gcagaaagcc	tttctggctt	tcttatctgt	540
ggtgtctcat	ttgagtgtcg	tccagtgcga	tgatcaagtc	aatgagtaaa	attttaaggg	600
attagatatt	cttgacttgt	atgtatctgt	gagatcttga	ataagtgacc	tgacatctct	660
gcttaaagaa	aaccag					676

<210> 356
 <211> 574
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 356						
tttttttttt	tttttcagga	aaacattctc	ttactttatt	tgcatctcag	caaaggttct	60
catgtggcac	ctgactggca	tcaaaccaaa	gttcgtaggc	caacaaagat	gggccactca	120
caagcttccc	atttgtagat	ctcagtgcc	atgagtatct	gacacctgtt	cctctcttca	180
gtctcttagg	gaggcttaaa	tctgtctcag	gtgtgctaag	agtgccagcc	caaggkggtc	240
aaaagtccac	aaaactgcag	tctttgctgg	gatagtaagc	caagcagtgc	ctggacagca	300
gagttctttt	cttgggcaac	agataaccag	acaggactct	aatcgtgctc	ttattcaaca	360
ttcttctgtc	tctgcctaga	ctggaataaa	aagccaatct	ctctcgtggc	acaggggaagg	420
agatacaagc	tcgtttacat	gtgatagatc	taacaaagc	atctaccgaa	gtctggtctg	480
gatagacggc	acagggagct	cttaggtcag	cgctgctgg	tggaggacat	tcctgagtcc	540
agctttgcag	cctttgtgca	acagtacttt	ccca			574

<210> 357
 <211> 393
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 357						
tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tacagaatat	aratgcttta	tactgkact	60
taatatggkg	kcttggtcac	tatacttaaa	aatgcaccac	tcataaatat	ttaattcagc	120
aagccacaac	caaracttga	ttttatcaac	aaaaaccct	aaatataaac	ggsaaaaaag	180
atagatataa	ttattccagt	ttttttaaaa	cttaaaarat	attccattgc	cgaattaara	240
araarataag	tgttatatgg	aaagaagggc	attcaagcac	actaaaaaaa	cctgaggkaa	300
gcataatctg	tacaaaatta	aactgtcctt	tttggcattt	taacaaattt	gcaacgktct	360
tttttttctt	tttctgtttt	tttttttttt	tac			393

<210> 358
 <211> 630
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 358
acagggtaaa caggaggatc cttgctctca cggagcttac attctagcag gaggacaata 60
ttaatgttta taggaaaatg atgagtttat gacaaaggaa gtagatagtg ttttacaaga 120
gcatagagta gggaagctaa tccagcacag ggaggtcaca gagacatccc taagggaagt 180
gagtttaaac tgagagaagc aagtgtttaa actgaaggat gtgttgaaga agaagggaga 240
gtagaacaat ttgggcagag ggaaccttat agaccctaag gtgggaaggt tcaaagaact 300
gaaagagagc tagaacagct ggagccgttc tccggtgtaa agaggagtca aagagataag 360
attaaagatg tgaagattaa gatcttggtg gcattcaggg attggcactt ctacaagaaa 420
tactgaagg gagtaatgtg acattacttt tcaacttcagg atggccattc taactccagg 480
gggtagactg gactaggtaa gactggaggc aggtagacct cttctaaggc ctgcgatagt 540
gaaagacaaa aataagtggg gaaattcagg ggatagttaa aatcagtagg acttaatgag 600
caagccagag gttcctccac aacaaccagt 630

<210> 359
<211> 620
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 359
acagcattcc aaaatataca tctagagact aarrgtaaatt gctctatagt gaagaagtaa 60
taattaaaaa atgtactata tatagaaaat ttataatcag aaaaataaat attcaggggag 120
ctcaccagaa gaataaagtg ctctgccagt tattaaagga ttactgtctg tgaattaaat 180
atggcattcc ccaagggaata tagagagatt cttctggatt atgttcaata tttatttcac 240
aggattaact gttttaggaa cagatatataa gcttcgccac ggaagagatg gacaaagcac 300
aaagacaaca tgatacctta ggaagcaaca ctaccctttc aggcataaaa tttggagaaa 360
tgcaacatta tgcttcatga ataatatgta gaaagaaggt ctgatgaaaa tgacatcctt 420
aatgtaagat aactttataa gaattctggg tcaaataaaa ttctttgaag aaaacatcca 480
aatgtcattg acttatcaaa tactatcttg gcatataacc tatgaaggca aaactaaaca 540
aacaaaaagc tcacaccaa caaaaccatc aacttatttt gtattctata acatacgaga 600
ctgtaaaagt gtgacagtgt 620

<210> 360
<211> 431
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 360
aaaaaaaaa agccagaaca acatgtgata gataatatga ttggctgcac acttccagac 60
tgatgaatga tgaacgtgat ggactattgt atggagcaca tcttcagcaa gagggggaaa 120
tactcatcat ttttggccag cagttgtttg atcaccaaac atcatgccag aatactcagc 180
aaaccttctt agctcttgag aagtcaaaat ccgggggaat ttattcctgg caattttaat 240
tggaactcctt atgtgagagc agcggctacc cagctggggg ggtggagcga acccgctact 300
agtggacatg cagtggcaga gctcctggta accacctaga ggaatacaca ggcacatgtg 360
tgatgccaaag cgtgacacct gtagcactca aatttgtctt gtttttgtct ttcggtgtgt 420
agattcttag t 431

<210> 361
<211> 351
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 361
aacttgattt ccgatcaaaa gaatcatcat ctttaccttg acttttcagg gaattactga 60
actttcttct cagaagatag ggcacagcca ttgccttggc ctcaactgaa ggtctgcat 120
ttgggtcctc tgggtctctt ccaagtttcc cagccactcg agggagaaat atcgggaggt 180
ttgacttctc ccggggcttt cccgaggtag tcacctgag ccctgcggcc ctcaaggctg 240
caatcctgga ttcaatgtct gaaacctcgc tctctgcttg ctggacttct gaggccgtca 300
ctgccactct gtctccagc tctgacagct cctcatctgt ggtcctgttg t 351

<210> 362
<211> 463

109

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 362

acttcatcag gccataatgg gtgcctcccg tgagaatcca agcacctttg gactgcgcga	60
tgtagatgag ccggctgaag atcttgcgca tgcgcggtt cagggcgaaag ttcttggcgc	120
ccccggtcac agaaatgacc aggttgggtg ttttcaggtg ccagtgcgtg gtcagcagct	180
cgtaaaggat ttccgcgtcc gtgtcgcagg acagacgtat atacttcctt ttcttcccca	240
gtgtctcaaa ctgaatatcc ccaaaggcgt cggtaggaaa ttccttgggtg tgtttcttgt	300
agttccattt ctacttttgg ttgatctggg tgccttccat gtgctggctc tgggcatagc	360
cacacttgca cacattctcc ctgataagca cgatgggtg gacaggaagg aaggatttca	420
ttgagcctgc ttatggaac tggattgtt agcttaaata gac	463

<210> 363

<211> 653

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (653)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 363

acccccgagt ncctgnctgg catactgnga acgaccaacg acacacccaa gctcggcctc	60
ctcttgngga ttctgggtga catcttcctg aatggcaacc gtgccagwga ggctgtcctc	120
tgggaggcac tacgcaagat gggactgcgt cctgggggtga gacatcctct ccttgagat	180
ctaacgaac ttctcaccta tgagttgtaa agcagaaata cctgnactac agacgagtgc	240
ccaacagcaa ccccccgaa gtatgagttc ctctrgggcc tccgttccta ccatgagasc	300
tagcaagatg naagtgttga gantcattgc agaggttcag aaaagagacc cntcgtgact	360
ggtctgcaca gttcatggag gctgcagatg aggccttggg tgctctggat gctgctgcag	420
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atthtgagaga tccntggtcc agaattccat ttaccttctg ggccagatac caccagaatg	600
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<210> 364

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 364

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aaaacaaggt ggatagatct agaattgtaa cattttaaga aaaccatagc atttgacaga	180
tgagaaagct caattataga tgcaaaagta taactaaact actatagtag taaagaaata	240
catttcacac ccttcatata aattcactat cttggcttga ggcaactccat aaaatgtatc	300
acgtgcatag taaatcttta tatttgctat ggcgttgac tagaggactt ggactgcaac	360
aagtggatgc gcggaaaatg aaatcttctt caatagccca g	401

<210> 365

<211> 356

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 365

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taccagagca tcaagtctct gcagcaggtc attcttgggt aaagaaatga cttccacaaa	180
ctctccatcc cctggctttg gcttcggcct tgcgttttgc gcatcatctc cgtaaatggt	240
gactgtcacg atgtgtatag tacagtttga caagcctggg tccatacaga ccgctggaga	300
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110

<210> 366
 <211> 1851
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 366
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 tcaacttcct taagcctttg tgactcttcc tctgatgtca gctttaagtc ttgttctgga 180
 ttgtgtttt cagaagagat ttttaacatc tgtttttctt tgtagtcaga aagtaactgg 240
 caaattacat gatgatgact agaaacagca tactctctgg ccgtctttcc agatcttgag 300
 aagatacatc aacattttgc tcaagtagag ggctgactat acttgctgat ccacaacata 360
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 cttttcccca tttagtatta tgttggtgt gggcttgtca taggtgggtt ttattacttt 1800
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<210> 367
 <211> 668
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 367
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 accrtataag agcagtgctt tggccattaa tttatctttc attrtagaca gcrtagtgya 180
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 catatcttag gaattcaaaa taacattcca cagctttcac caactagtta tatttaaagg 360
 agaaaactca tttttatgcc atgtattgaa atcaaaccca cctcatgctg atatagttgg 420
 ctactgcata cctttatcag agctgtcctc tttttgttgt caaggacatt aagtgtacat 480
 cgtctgtcca gcaggagttt tactacttct gaattcccat tggcagaggc cagatgtaga 540
 gcagtcctat gagagtgaga agacttttta ggaaattgta gtgcactagc tacagccata 600
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 aaaaaaaa 668

<210> 368
 <211> 1512
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 368

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ttcaaacaga	ttggaaaccc	ggagttacct	gctagttggt	gaaactgggt	ggtagacgcg	180
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tccatgccgg	ctgcttcttc	tgtgaagaag	ccatttggtc	tcaggagcaa	gatgggcaag	300
tggtgctgcc	gttgcttccc	ctgctgcagg	gagagcggca	agagcaacgt	gggcacttct	360
ggagaccacg	acgactctgc	tatgaagaca	ctcaggagca	agatgggcaa	gtggtgccgc	420
cactgcttcc	cctgctgcag	ggggagtggc	aagagcaacg	tgggcgcttc	tggagaccac	480
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actccaagaa	aagttaaaaca	tgtttcagtg	aataagagtc	ctgctccttt	ggcaagttcc	1440
taaaaaacag	taatatagatac	gaggtgatgc	gcctgtcag	ggcaagggtt	aagatatttc	1500
tgatctcgtg	cc					1512

<210> 369

<211> 1853

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 369

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ttcaaacaga	ttggaaaccc	ggagttacct	gctagttggt	gaaactgggt	ggtagacgcg	180
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tccatgccgg	ctgcttcttc	tgtgaagaag	ccatttggtc	tcaggagcaa	gatgggcaag	300
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112

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<210> 370
 <211> 2184
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 370						
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tttctctctga	gaactgcaac	aataaaataca	aggatgctgg	attttgtcaa	atgccttttc	180
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<210> 371
 <211> 1855
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
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 <222> (1)...(1855)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 371						
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cacgcgcacg	ttgcacgcgc	ggcagcggct	tggctggctt	gtaacggctt	gcacgcgcac	120

gccgcccccg	cataaccgct	agactggcct	gtaacggctt	gcaggcgac	gccgcacgcg	180
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<210> 372

<211> 1059

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 372

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gcgcttgrgg	agactmcgat	gacagygcc	tcatggagcc	caggtaccac	gtccgtggag	180
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catctggcct	ctgccaatgg	gaattcagaa	gtagtataaac	tcstgctgga	cagacgatgt	360
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gaagatgaat	gtgcgttaat	gttgctggaa	catggcactg	atccaaatat	tccagatgag	480
tatggaaata	ccactctrca	ctaygctrct	tayaatgaag	ataaattaat	ggccaaagca	540
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<210> 373

<211> 1155

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 373

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114

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gccagagagt	atgctgtttc	tagtcatcat	catgtaattt	gccagttact	ttctgactac	1080
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<210> 374
 <211> 2000
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 374						
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<210> 375

<211> 2040
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 375

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<210> 376
 <211> 329
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 376

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Glu	Tyr	Thr	Ile	Val	His	Ala	Ser	Phe	Ile	Ser	Cys	Ile	Ser	Ser	Ser
		35					40					45			
Leu	Asp	Gly	Gln	Gly	Glu	Arg	Gln	Glu	Gln	Arg	Gly	His	Phe	Trp	Arg
	50					55					60				
Pro	Gln	Arg	Leu	Leu	Cys	Glu	Asp	Ala	Trp	Glu	Gln	Glu	Val	Gln	Val
65					70					75				80	
Val	Leu	Pro	Leu	Leu	Pro	Leu	Leu	Gln	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Asn	Val
			85						90					95	
Val	Ala	Trp	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Phe	Met	Asp	Pro	Arg	Tyr
			100					105					110		
His	Val	His	Gly	Glu	Asp	Leu	Asp	Lys	Leu	His	Arg	Ala	Ala	Trp	Trp
			115				120						125		

116

Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp
 130 135 140
 Val Asn Lys Arg Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Val Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys
 165 170 175
 Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Thr Lys Ala
 180 185 190
 Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly
 195 200 205
 Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr
 210 215 220
 Ala Val Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr
 225 230 235 240
 Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu
 245 250 255
 Leu Gly Ile His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys
 260 265 270
 Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu
 275 280 285
 Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Pro Leu Leu
 290 295 300
 Glu Gln Asn Val Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu Glu Arg Arg Pro Glu
 305 310 315 320
 Ser Met Leu Phe Leu Val Ile Ile Met
 325

<210> 377
 <211> 148
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> VARIANT
 <222> (1)...(148)
 <223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 377
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 1 5 10 15
 Trp Thr Ser Ser Thr Glu Leu Pro Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys
 20 25 30
 Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Xaa Asp Lys
 35 40 45
 Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu
 50 55 60
 Val Val Lys Leu Xaa Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Xaa Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp
 85 90 95
 Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro
 100 105 110
 Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Xaa Tyr Asn Glu Asp
 115 120 125
 Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser
 130 135 140
 Lys Asn Lys Val
 145

<210> 378
 <211> 1719
 <212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 378

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Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys
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Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe
 20      25      30
Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
 35      40      45
His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
 50      55      60
Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 65      70      75      80
Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn
 85      90      95
Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
100      105      110
Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
115      120      125
Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
130      135      140
Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
145      150      155      160
Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
165      170      175
Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
180      185      190
Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
195      200      205
Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
210      215      220
Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn
225      230      235      240
Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys
245      250      255
Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly
260      265      270
Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val
275      280      285
Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr
290      295      300
Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile
305      310      315      320
Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu
325      330      335
Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His Val
340      345      350
Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile
355      360      365
Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Asn Val Ser Arg Thr Arg Asn Lys
370      375      380
Pro Arg Thr His Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser
385      390      395      400
Ser Val Lys Lys Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys
405      410      415
Cys Arg Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly
420      425      430
Thr Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys
435      440      445
Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly
450      455      460
Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Ser Ala Met Lys

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465					470					475					480
Thr	Leu	Arg	Asn	Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Cys	His	Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys
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Cys	Arg	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala	Trp	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Asp
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Asp	Ser	Ala	Phe	Met	Glu	Pro	Arg	Tyr	His	Val	Arg	Gly	Glu	Asp	Leu
		515					520					525			
Asp	Lys	Leu	His	Arg	Ala	Ala	Trp	Trp	Gly	Lys	Val	Pro	Arg	Lys	Asp
	530					535					540				
Leu	Ile	Val	Met	Leu	Arg	Asp	Thr	Asp	Val	Asn	Lys	Lys	Asp	Lys	Gln
545					550					555					560
Lys	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	His	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ala	Asn	Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu	Val
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Val	Lys	Leu	Leu	Leu	Asp	Arg	Arg	Cys	Gln	Leu	Asn	Val	Leu	Asp	Asn
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Lys	Lys	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	Ile	Lys	Ala	Val	Gln	Cys	Gln	Glu	Asp	Glu
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Cys	Ala	Leu	Met	Leu	Leu	Glu	His	Gly	Thr	Asp	Pro	Asn	Ile	Pro	Asp
	610					615				620					
Glu	Tyr	Gly	Asn	Thr	Thr	Leu	His	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Asn	Glu	Asp	Lys
625					630					635					640
Leu	Met	Ala	Lys	Ala	Leu	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ile	Glu	Ser	Lys
				645					650					655	
Asn	Lys	His	Gly	Leu	Thr	Pro	Leu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Val	His	Glu	Gln	Lys
			660					665					670		
Gln	Gln	Val	Val	Lys	Phe	Leu	Ile	Lys	Lys	Lys	Ala	Asn	Leu	Asn	Ala
		675					680					685			
Leu	Asp	Arg	Tyr	Gly	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	Ile	Leu	Ala	Val	Cys	Cys	Gly
	690					695				700					
Ser	Ala	Ser	Ile	Val	Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Glu	Gln	Asn	Ile	Asp	Val	Ser
705				710						715					720
Ser	Gln	Asp	Leu	Ser	Gly	Gln	Thr	Ala	Arg	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Val	Ser	Ser
				725					730					735	
His	His	His	Val	Ile	Cys	Gln	Leu	Leu	Ser	Asp	Tyr	Lys	Glu	Lys	Gln
			740					745					750		
Met	Leu	Lys	Ile	Ser	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Asn	Pro	Glu	Gln	Asp	Leu	Lys
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Leu	Thr	Ser	Glu	Glu	Glu	Ser	Gln	Arg	Phe	Lys	Gly	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser
	770					775					780				
Gln	Pro	Glu	Lys	Met	Ser	Gln	Glu	Pro	Glu	Ile	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gly	Asp
785				790						795					800
Arg	Glu	Val	Glu	Glu	Glu	Met	Lys	Lys	His	Glu	Ser	Asn	Asn	Val	Gly
				805					810					815	
Leu	Leu	Glu	Asn	Leu	Thr	Asn	Gly	Val	Thr	Ala	Gly	Asn	Gly	Asp	Asn
			820					825					830		
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		835					840					845			
Pro	Asp	Asn	Glu	Ser	Glu	Glu	Tyr	His	Arg	Ile	Cys	Glu	Leu	Val	Ser
	850					855					860				
Asp	Tyr	Lys	Glu	Lys	Gln	Met	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Ser	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Asn
865				870						875					880
Pro	Glu	Gln	Asp	Leu	Lys	Leu	Thr	Ser	Glu	Glu	Glu	Ser	Gln	Arg	Leu
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Glu	Gly	Ser	Glu	Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Glu	Leu	Glu	Asn	Phe	Met	Ala	Ile
			900					905					910		
Glu	Glu	Met	Lys	Lys	His	Gly	Ser	Thr	His	Val	Gly	Phe	Pro	Glu	Asn
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	930					935					940				
Pro	Arg	Lys	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Ser	Gln	Gln	Phe	Pro	Asp	Thr	Glu
945				950						955					960
Asn	Glu	Glu	Tyr	His	Ser	Asp	Glu	Gln	Asn	Asp	Thr	Gln	Lys	Gln	Phe

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Cys	Glu	Glu	Gln	Asn	Thr	Gly	Ile	Leu	His	Asp	Glu	Ile	Leu	Ile	His
			980					985					990		
Glu	Glu	Lys	Gln	Ile	Glu	Val	Val	Glu	Lys	Met	Asn	Ser	Glu	Leu	Ser
		995					1000					1005			
Leu	Ser	Cys	Lys	Lys	Glu	Lys	Asp	Ile	Leu	His	Glu	Asn	Ser	Thr	Leu
	1010					1015					1020				
Arg	Glu	Glu	Ile	Ala	Met	Leu	Arg	Leu	Glu	Leu	Asp	Thr	Met	Lys	His
1025				1030						1035					104
Gln	Ser	Gln	Leu	Pro	Arg	Thr	His	Met	Val	Val	Glu	Val	Asp	Ser	Met
			1045						1050					1055	
Pro	Ala	Ala	Ser	Ser	Val	Lys	Lys	Pro	Phe	Gly	Leu	Arg	Ser	Lys	Met
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Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Cys	Arg	Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Glu	Ser	Gly	Lys
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Ser	Asn	Val	Gly	Thr	Ser	Gly	Asp	His	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Met	Lys	Thr
	1090					1095					1100				
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1105				1110						1115					112
Arg	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Asn	Val	Gly	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asp	His	Asp	Asp
			1125					1130						1135	
Ser	Ala	Met	Lys	Thr	Leu	Arg	Asn	Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Cys	His
		1140					1145						1150		
Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala	Trp
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Gly	Asp	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Phe	Met	Glu	Pro	Arg	Tyr	His	Val	Arg
	1170					1175					1180				
Gly	Glu	Asp	Leu	Asp	Lys	Leu	His	Arg	Ala	Ala	Trp	Trp	Gly	Lys	Val
1185				1190					1195						120
Pro	Arg	Lys	Asp	Leu	Ile	Val	Met	Leu	Arg	Asp	Thr	Asp	Val	Asn	Lys
			1205					1210						1215	
Lys	Asp	Lys	Gln	Lys	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	His	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ala	Asn	Gly
		1220					1225						1230		
Asn	Ser	Glu	Val	Val	Lys	Leu	Leu	Leu	Asp	Arg	Arg	Cys	Gln	Leu	Asn
	1235						1240					1245			
Val	Leu	Asp	Asn	Lys	Lys	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	Ile	Lys	Ala	Val	Gln	Cys
	1250					1255					1260				
Gln	Glu	Asp	Glu	Cys	Ala	Leu	Met	Leu	Leu	Glu	His	Gly	Thr	Asp	Pro
1265				1270						1275					128
Asn	Ile	Pro	Asp	Glu	Tyr	Gly	Asn	Thr	Thr	Leu	His	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Tyr
			1285					1290						1295	
Asn	Glu	Asp	Lys	Leu	Met	Ala	Lys	Ala	Leu	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Asp
		1300					1305						1310		
Ile	Glu	Ser	Lys	Asn	Lys	His	Gly	Leu	Thr	Pro	Leu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Val
	1315						1320					1325			
His	Glu	Gln	Lys	Gln	Gln	Val	Val	Lys	Phe	Leu	Ile	Lys	Lys	Lys	Ala
	1330					1335				1340					
Asn	Leu	Asn	Ala	Leu	Asp	Arg	Tyr	Gly	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	Ile	Leu	Ala
1345			1350						1355						136
Val	Cys	Cys	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ile	Val	Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Glu	Gln	Asn
			1365					1370					1375		
Ile	Asp	Val	Ser	Ser	Gln	Asp	Leu	Ser	Gly	Gln	Thr	Ala	Arg	Glu	Tyr
	1380						1385					1390			
Ala	Val	Ser	Ser	His	His	His	Val	Ile	Cys	Gln	Leu	Leu	Ser	Asp	Tyr
	1395						1400					1405			
Lys	Glu	Lys	Gln	Met	Leu	Lys	Ile	Ser	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Asn	Pro	Glu
	1410					1415					1420				
Gln	Asp	Leu	Lys	Leu	Thr	Ser	Glu	Glu	Glu	Ser	Gln	Arg	Phe	Lys	Gly
1425				1430						1435					144
Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Gln	Pro	Glu	Lys	Met	Ser	Gln	Glu	Pro	Glu	Ile	Asn
			1445					1450					1455		
Lys	Asp	Gly	Asp	Arg	Glu	Val	Glu	Glu	Glu	Met	Lys	Lys	His	Glu	Ser

120

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      1460      1465      1470
Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly
      1475      1480      1485
Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu
      1490      1495      1500
Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys
1505      1510      1515      152
Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser
      1525      1530      1535
Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu
      1540      1545      1550
Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Lys Arg Ser
      1555      1560      1565
Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe
1570      1575      1580
Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe
1585      1590      1595      160
Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly
      1605      1610      1615
Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro
      1620      1625      1630
Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln
      1635      1640      1645
Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile
1650      1655      1660
Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser
1665      1670      1675      168
Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn
      1685      1690      1695
Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr
      1700      1705      1710
Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu
      1715

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<210> 379
<211> 656
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

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      <400> 379
Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys
1      5      10      15
Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe
      20      25      30
Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
      35      40      45
His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
50      55      60
Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
65      70      75      80
Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn
      85      90      95
Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
100      105      110
Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
115      120      125
Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
130      135      140
Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
145      150      155      160
Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
      165      170      175

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Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
 180 185 190
 Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
 195 200 205
 Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
 210 215 220
 Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys
 245 250 255
 Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly
 260 265 270
 Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val
 275 280 285
 Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr
 290 295 300
 Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile
 305 310 315 320
 Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu
 325 330 335
 Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His Val
 340 345 350
 Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile
 355 360 365
 Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu
 370 375 380
 Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys
 385 390 395 400
 Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu
 405 410 415
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn
 420 425 430
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro
 435 440 445
 Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu
 450 455 460
 Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu
 465 470 475 480
 Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp
 485 490 495
 Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu
 500 505 510
 Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys
 515 520 525
 Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly
 530 535 540
 Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser
 545 550 555 560
 Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr
 565 570 575
 His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln
 580 585 590
 Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln
 595 600 605
 Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys
 610 615 620
 Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile
 625 630 635 640
 Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu
 645 650 655

<211> 671
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 380
 Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys
 1 5 10 15
 Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe
 20 25 30
 Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
 35 40 45
 His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
 50 55 60
 Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn
 85 90 95
 Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
 100 105 110
 Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
 115 120 125
 Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
 130 135 140
 Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
 145 150 155 160
 Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
 165 170 175
 Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
 180 185 190
 Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
 195 200 205
 Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
 210 215 220
 Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys
 245 250 255
 Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly
 260 265 270
 Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val
 275 280 285
 Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr
 290 295 300
 Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile
 305 310 315 320
 Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu
 325 330 335
 Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val
 340 345 350
 Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile
 355 360 365
 Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu
 370 375 380
 Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys
 385 390 395 400
 Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu
 405 410 415
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn
 420 425 430
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro
 435 440 445
 Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu

450		455		460
Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu				
465		470		475
Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp				
	485		490	495
Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu				
	500		505	510
Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Lys Arg Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp				
	515		520	525
Gly Asp Arg Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys Lys				
	530		535	540
His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala				
	545		550	555
Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg				
	565		570	575
Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr His				
	580		585	590
Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn				
	595		600	605
Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile				
	610		615	620
Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys				
	625		630	635
Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala				
	645		650	655
Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu				
	660		665	670

<210> 381
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 381
 ggagaagcgt ctgctggggc aggaaggggt ttccctgccc tctcacctgt ccctcaccaa 60
 ggtaacatgc ttccctaag ggtatcccaa cccaggggcc tcaccatgac ctctgagggg 120
 ccaatatccc aggagaagca ttggggaggt gggggcaggt gaaggaccca ggactcacac 180
 atctctgggcc tccaaggcag aggagaggggt cctcaagaag gtcaggagga aaatccgtaa 240
 caagcagtca g 251

<210> 382
 <211> 3279
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 382
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 atgctggagg gtgtcaggaa gtgatcgggc tctggggcag ggaggagggg tggggagtgt 120
 cactgggagg ggacatcctg cagaaggtag gagtgcagaa acacccgctg caggggaggg 180
 gagagccctg cggcacctgg gggagcagag ggagcagcac ctgccaggc ctgggaggag 240
 gggcctggag ggcgtgagga ggagcaggg ggctgcatgg ctggagttag ggatcagggg 300
 cagggcgcca gatggcctca cacagggaag agagggcccc tcctgcaggg cctcacctgg 360
 gccacaggag gacactgctt ttctctgag gagtgcaggag ctgtggatgg tgctggacag 420
 aagaaggaca gggcctggct caggtgtcca gaggtgtcg ctggcttccc ttggggatca 480
 gactgcaggg agggagggcg gcagggttgt ggggggagtg acgatgagga tgacctgggg 540
 gtggctccag gccttgcctc tgcctgggcc ctacccagc ctccctcaca gtctctggc 600
 cctcagtcct tcccctccac tccatcctcc atctggcctc agtgggtcat tctgatcact 660
 gaactgacca taccagccc tgcccacggc cctccatggc tccccaatgc cctggagagg 720
 ggacatctag tcagagagta gtcctgaaga ggtggcctct gcgatgtgcc tgtgggggca 780
 gcacctgca gatggtccc ggcctcatcc tgctgacctg tctgcaggga ctgtcctcct 840
 ggaccttgcc ccttgtgcag gagctggacc ctgaagtccc ctcccatag gccaaagactg 900
 gagccttggt cctctgttg gactccctgc ccatattctt gtgggagtgg gttctggaga 960

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catttctgtc tgttctctgag agctgggaat tgctctcagt catctgcctg cgcggttctg 1020
agagatggag ttgcctaggg agttattggg gccaatcttt ctactgtgt ctctctcct 1080
ttacccttag ggtgattctg ggggtccact tgtctgtaat ggtgtgcttc aaggtatcac 1140
atcatggggc cctgagccat gtgccctgcc tgaaaagcct gctgtgtaca ccaaggtgg 1200
gcattaccgg aagtggatca aggacaccat cgcagccaac ccctgagtgc ccctgtccca 1260
cccctaccto tagtaaatTT aagtcacact cagtttctgg catcacttgg cctttctgga 1320
tgctggacac ctgaagcttg gaactcacct ggccgaagct cgagcctcct gagtcctact 1380
gacctgtgct ttctggtgtg gagtccaggg ctgctaggaa aaggaatggg cagacacagg 1440
tgtatgcca tgtttctgaa atgggtataa tttcgtcctc tccttcggaa cactggctgt 1500
ctctgaagac ttctcgctca gtttcagtga ggacacacac aaagacgtgg gtgacctgt 1560
tgtttggtgg gtcagagat gggagggtg gggcccacc tggaagagt gacagtga 1620
caagtgagg actctctaca gatcactgag gataagctgg agccacaatg catgaggcac 1680
acacacagca aggttgacgc tgtaaacata gccacgctg tcctgggggc actgggaagc 1740
ctagataagg ccgtgagcag aaagaagggg aggatcctcc tatgttgttg aaggagggac 1800
tagggggaga aactgaaagc tgattaatta caggaggttt gttcaggctc cccaaaccac 1860
cgtcagattt gatgatttcc tagcaggact tacagaaata aagagctatc atgctgtggt 1920
ttattatggt ttgttacatt gataggatac atactgaaat cagcaaaaca aacagatgta 1980
tagattagag tgtggagaaa acagaggaaa acttgacgtt acgaagactg gcaacttggc 2040
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gcataaccga cagttattct ctccaagtgg agacttacgg acagcatata attctccctg 2220
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gtgtccaggg tttttactgg gggctctgtg gacgagtatg gactacttga ataattgacc 2340
tgaaagtcctc agacctgagg ttccctagag ttcaaacaga tacagcatgg tccagagtcc 2400
cagatgtaca aaaacaggga ttcatcaca atcccatctt tagcatgaag ggtctggcat 2460
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gcagggtgc tgagtcaacc ttttattgta caggggatga gggaaaggga gaggatgagg 2640
aagccccctt ggggatttgg tttggtcttg tgatcaggtg gtctatggg ctatccctac 2700
aaagaagaat ccagaaatag gggcacattg agaatgata ctgagcccaa agagcattca 2760
atcattgttt tatttgcctt cttttcacac cattggtgag ggagggatta ccaccctggg 2820
gttatgaaga tggttgaaca cccacacat agcaccggag atatgagatc aacagtttct 2880
tagccataga gattcacagc ccagagcagg aggacgctgc acaccatgca ggatgacatg 2940
ggggtatgagc tcgggatttg tgtgaagaag caaggactgt tagaggcagg ctttatagta 3000
acaagacggt ggggcaaact ctgatttccg tgggggaatg tcatggctct gctttactaa 3060
gttttgagac tggcaggtag tgaaactcat taggctgaga accttggtga atgcagctga 3120
cccagctgat agaggaaagta gccaggtggg agcctttccc agtgggtgtg ggacatatct 3180
ggcaagattt tgtggcactc ctggttacag atactggggc agcaaataaa actgaatctt 3240
gttttcagac cttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaagtttt 3279

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<210> 383

<211> 155

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 383

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Met Ala Gly Val Arg Asp Glu Gly Gln Gly Ala Arg Trp Pro His Thr
      5                      10                      15

Gly Lys Arg Gly Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Leu Thr Trp Ala Thr Gly Gly
      20                      25                      30

His Cys Phe Ser Ser Glu Glu Ser Gly Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Gly Gln
      35                      40                      45

Lys Lys Asp Arg Ala Trp Leu Arg Cys Pro Glu Ala Val Ala Gly Phe
      50                      55                      60

Pro Leu Gly Ser Asp Cys Arg Glu Gly Gly Arg Gln Gly Cys Gly Gly
      65                      70                      75                      80

Ser Asp Asp Glu Asp Asp Leu Gly Val Ala Pro Gly Leu Ala Pro Ala

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125

	85		90		95										
Trp	Ala	Leu	Thr	Gln	Pro	Pro	Ser	Gln	Ser	Pro	Gly	Pro	Gln	Ser	Leu
	100							105					110		
Pro	Ser	Thr	Pro	Ser	Ser	Ile	Trp	Pro	Gln	Trp	Val	Ile	Leu	Ile	Thr
	115						120					125			
Glu	Leu	Thr	Ile	Pro	Ser	Pro	Ala	His	Gly	Pro	Pro	Trp	Leu	Pro	Asn
	130					135					140				
Ala	Leu	Glu	Arg	Gly	His	Leu	Val	Arg	Glu						
145						150									

<210> 384
 <211> 557
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 384
 ggatcctcta gagcgccgc ctactactac taaattcgcg gccgcgtcga cgaagaagag 60
 aaagatgtgt ttgttttgg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgtggg tttccaacca 120
 ggggaagggt cccttttgca ttgccaagt ccataaccat gagcactact ctaccatggg 180
 tctgcctcct ggccaagcag gctggtttgc aagaatgaaa tgaatgattc tacagctagg 240
 acttaacctt gaaatggaaa gtcttgcaat ccattttgca ggatccgtct gtgcacatgc 300
 ctctgtagag agcagcattc ccagggacct tggaaacagt tggcactgta aggtgcttgc 360
 tccccaagac acatcctaaa aggtgttgta atggtgaaaa cgtcttcctt ctttattgcc 420
 ccttcttatt tatgtgaaca actgtttgtc tttttttgta tcttttttaa actgtaaagt 480
 tcaattgtga aaatgaatat catgcaaata aattatgcga ttttttttcc aaagtataaa 540
 aaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 557

<210> 385
 <211> 337
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 385
 ttcccagggt atgtgcgagg gaagacacat ttactatcct tgatggggct gattccttta 60
 gtttctctag cagcagatgg gttaggagga agtgacccaa gtggttgact cctatgtgca 120
 tctcaaagcc atctgctgtc ttcgagtacg gacacatcat cactcctgca ttgttgatca 180
 aaacgtggag gtgcttttcc tcagctaaga agcccttagc aaaagctcga atagacttag 240
 tatcagacag gtccagtttc cgcaccaaca cctgctggtt ccctgtcgtg gtctggatct 300
 ctttggccac caattcccc ttttccacat ccggca 337

<210> 386
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 386
 gggcccgtcta cgggccaggt cccgcctcgt cgagtctctc tccccgggtg cctgcccgca 60
 gccgcgtcgt cccagagggg gggcgcgggg ctgcctctac cggctggcgg ctgtaactca 120
 gcgaccttgg cccgaaggct ctagcaagga cccaccgacc ccagccgcgg cggcggcggc 180
 gcggaacttt cccggtgtgt ggggcgggac ggactgcgtg tccgcggacg ggcagcgaag 240
 atgttagcct tcgctgccag gaccgtggac cgatcccagg gctgtggtgt aacctcagcc 300

<210> 387
 <211> 537
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

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<400> 387
gggccgagtc gggcaccaag ggactctttg caggcttctt tcctcggatc atcaaggctg 60
ccccctcctg tgccatcatg atcagcacct atgagttcgg caaaagcttc ttccagaggc 120
tgaaccagga cgggcttctg ggcggctgaa aggggcaagg aggcaaggac cccgtctctc 180
ccacggatgg ggagaggggca ggaggagacc cagccaagtg ccttttcctc agcactgagg 240
gagggggctt gtttccttc cctcccggcg acaagctcca gggcagggtt gtccctctgg 300
gcggcccagc acttcctcag acacaacttc ttctgctgc tccagtcgtg gggatcatca 360
cttaccacc ccccaagttc aagaccaa atctccagctg ccccttcgt gtttcctgt 420
gtttgctgta gctgggcatg tctccaggaa ccaagaagcc ctccagcctg tgtagtctcc 480
ctgacccttg ttaattcctt aagtctaaag atgatgaact tcaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 537

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<210> 388
<211> 520
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

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<400> 388
aggataattt ttaaaccaat caaatgaaaa aaacaaacaa acaaaaaagg aaatgtcatg 60
tgagggttaa ccagtttgca ttccccta atgtggaaaa taaggaggact actcagcact 120
gtttgaagat tgcctcttct acagcttctg agaattgtgt tatttcactt gccaaagtga 180
ggaccccctc cccaacatgc cccagcccac ccctaagcat ggtcccttgt caccaggcaa 240
ccaggaaaact gctacttggt gacctcacca gagaccagga gggtttggtt agctcacagg 300
acttcccca cccagaaga ttagcatccc atactagact catactcaac tcaactaggc 360
tcatactcaa ttgatggtta ttagacaatt ccatttcttt ctgggttatta taaacagaaa 420
atctttcctc ttctcattac cagtaaaggc tcttggtatc tttctgttg aatgatttct 480
atgaacttgt cttattttta tgggtgggtt ttttctggt 520

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<210> 389
<211> 365
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

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<400> 389
cgttgcccc gtttgacaga aggaaaggcg gagcttattc aaagtctaga gggagtggag 60
gagttaaggc tggatttcag atctgcctgg ttccagccgc agtggtgccct ctgctcccc 120
aacgactttc caaataatct caccagcgcc ttccagctca ggcgtcctag aagcgtcttg 180
aagcctatgg ccagctgtct ttgtgttccc tctcaccgc ctgtcctcac agctgagact 240
cccaggaaac cttcagacta ccttcctctg ccttcagcaa ggggcgttgc ccacattctc 300
tgagggtcag tggaagaacc tagactcca ttgctagagg tagaaagggg aaggggtgctg 360
gggag 365

```

```

<210> 390
<211> 221
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(221)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 390
tgctctcca tcctggcccc gacttctctg tcaggaaagt ggggatggac cccatctgca 60
tacacgntt ctcattgggtg tggaacatct ctgcttgagg ttccaggaag gcctctggct 120
gctctangag tctgancnga ntcgttgccc cantntgaca naaggaaagg cggagcttat 180
tcaaagtcta gagggagtgg aggagttaa gctggatttc a 221

```

```

<210> 391
<211> 325
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```


127

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(325)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 391
 tggagcaggt cccgaggcct ccctagagcc tggggccgac tctgtgncga tgcangcttt 60
 ctctcgcgcc cagcctggag ctgctcctgg catctaccaa caatcagncg aggcgagcag 120
 tagccagggc actgctgcca acagccagtc cnnataccat catgtnaccc ggtgngctct 180
 naanttingat ntccanagcc ctacccatcn tagttctgct ctcccaccgg ntaccagccc 240
 cactgcccag gaatcctaca gccagtaccc tgtcccgcag tctctaccta ccagtacgat 300
 gagacctccg gctactacta tgacc 325

<210> 392
 <211> 277
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo. sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(277)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 392
 atattgttta actccttcct ttatatcttt taacattttc atggngaaaag gttcacatct 60
 agtctcaatt nggcnagn gn ctctacttg agtctcttcc ccggcctggn ccagtnghaa 120
 antaccanga accgncatgn ctttaanaacn nccctggtttn tgggttnntc aatgactgca 180
 tgcaagtgcac caccctgtcc actacgtgat gctgtaggat taaagtctca cagtgggcgg 240
 ctgaggatac agcgccgcgt cctgtgttgc tggggaa 277

<210> 393
 <211> 566
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 393
 actagtcacag tgtggtggaa ttgcgcggccg cgtcgacgga caggtcagct gtctggctca 60
 gtgatctaca ttctgaagtt gtctgaaaat gtcttcatga tttaaattcag cctaaacggt 120
 ttgccgggaa cactgcagag acaatgctgt gagtttccaa ccttagccca tctgcgggca 180
 gagaaggctct agtttgtcca tcagcattat catgatatac ggactgggta cttgggttaag 240
 gaggggtcta ggagatctgt cccttttaga gacaccttac ttataatgaa gtatttgga 300
 ggggtggtttt caaaagtaga aatgtcctgt attccgatga tcatcctgta aacattttat 360
 catttattaa tcatccctgc ctgtgtctat tattatatc atatctctac gctggaaact 420
 ttctgcctca atgtttactg tgcctttgtt tttgctagtt tgtgttggtg aaaaaaaaaa 480
 cattctctgc ctgagtttta atttttgtcc aaagttattt taatctatac aattaaaagc 540
 ttttgcttat caaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 566

<210> 394
 <211> 384
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(384)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 394
 gaacatacat gtcccggcac ctgagctgca gtctgacatc atcgccatca cgggcctcgc 60
 tgcaaattng gaccgggcca aggcctggact gctggagcgt gtgaaggagc tacaggccna 120
 gcaggaggac cgggctttaa ggagttttaa gctgagtgct actgtagacc ccaaatacca 180
 tcccaagatt atcgggagaa agggggcagt aattacccaa atccgggttg agcatgacgt 240

128

```

gaacatccag tttcctgata aggacgatgg gaaccagccc caggaccaa ttaccatcac 300
aggggtacgaa aagaacacag aagctgccag ggatgctata ctgagaattg tgggtgaact 360
tgagcagatg gtttctgagg acgt                                     .384

```

<210> 395

<211> 399

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 395

```

ggcaaaactg tgtgacctca ataagacctc gcagatccaa ggtcaagtat cagaagtgc 60
tctgaccttg gactccaaga cctacatcaa cagcctggct atattagatg atgagccagt 120
tatcagagggt ttcattcattg cggaaattgt ggagtctaag gaaatcatgg cctctgaagt 180
attcacgtct ttcagtagcc ctgagttctc tatagagttg cctaacacag gcagaattgg 240
ccagctactt gtctgcaatt gtatcttcaa gaataccctg gccatccctt tgactgacgt 300
caagttctct ttggaaagcc tgggcatctc ctactacag acctctgacc atgggacggt 360
gcagcctggg gagaccatcc aatcccaaat aaaatgcac                                     399

```

<210> 396

<211> 403

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(403)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 396

```

tggagttntc agtgcaaaca agccataaag cttcagtagc aaattactgt ctcacagaaa 60
gacattttca acttctgctc cagctgctga taaaacaaat catgtgttta gcttgactcc 120
agacaaggac aacctgttcc ttcataactc tctagagaaa aaaaggagtt gttagtagat 180
actaaaaaaaa gtggatgaat aatctggata tttttcctaa aaagattcct tgaaacacat 240
taggaaaatg gagggcctta tgatcagaat gctagaatta gtccattgtg ctgaagcagg 300
gtttagggga gggagtgagg gataaaaaga ggaaaaaaag aagagtgaga aaacctattt 360
atcaaagcag gtgctatcac tcaatgttag gccctgctct ttt                                     403

```

<210> 397

<211> 100

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(100)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 397

```

actagtncag tgtggtggaa ttgcgggccg cgtcgacctc naanccatct ctatagcaaa 60
tccatccccg ctcttggttg gtnacagaat gactgacaaa                                     100

```

<210> 398

<211> 278

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(278)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 398

129

```

gcggccgcgt cgacagcagt tccgccagcg ctgcgccctg ggtgggggatg tgctgcacgc 60
ccacctggac atctggaagt cagcggcctg gatgaaagag cggacttcac ctggggcgat 120
tcactactgt gcctcgacca gtgaggagag ctggaccgac agcgagggtg actcatcatg 180
ctccgggcag cccatccacc tgtggcagtt cctcaaggag ttgctactca agccccacag 240
ctatggccgc ttcattangt ggctcaacaa ggagaagg 278

```

<210> 399

<211> 298

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(298)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 399

```

acggagggtg aggaagcgnc cctgggatcg anaggatggg tctgncatt gaccncctcn 60
ggggtgccng catggagcgc atgggcgcgg gcctgggcca cggcatggat cgcgtgggct 120
ccgagatcga gcgcattggg ctggtcatgg accgcatggg ctccgtggag cgcattgggct 180
ccggcattga gcgcattggg ccgctgggccc tcgaccacat ggcctccanc attgancgca 240
tgggcccagac catggagcgc attggctctg gcgtggagcn catgggtgcc ggcattggg 298

```

<210> 400

<211> 548

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 400

```

acatcaacta cttctcatt ttaaggtatg gcagttccct tcatcccctt ttcctgcctt 60
gtacatgtac atgtatgaaa tttccttctc ttaccgaact ctctccacac atcacaagggt 120
caaagaacca cacgcttaga agggtaagag ggcaccctat gaaatgaaat ggtgatttct 180
tgagtctctt tttccacgt ttaaggggcc atggcaggac ttagagttgc gagttaagac 240
tgcagagggc tagagaatta tttcatacag gctttgaggc caccatgtc acttatcccg 300
tataccctct caccatcccc ttgtctactc tgatgcccc aagatgcaac tgggcagcta 360
gttgccccca taattctggg cttttgttgt ttgttttaat tacttgggca tcccaggaag 420
ctttccagt atctctacc atgggcccc ctctgggat caagcccctc ccaggccctg 480
tccccagccc ctctgcccc agcccacccg cttgccttgg tgctcagccc tcccattggg 540
agcaggtt 548

```

<210> 401

<211> 355

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(355)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 401

```

actgtttcca tgttatgttt ctacacattg ctacctcagt gtccttgga acttagcttt 60
tgatgtctcc aagtagtcca cttcatтта actctttgaa actgtatcat ctttgccaag 120
taagagtggg ggcattttc agctgctttg acaaaatgac tggctcctga cttaacgttc 180
tataaatgaa tgtgtgaag caaagtgcc atggtggcgg cgaagaagan aaagatgtgt 240
tttgttttgg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgnngg tttccaacca ggggaagggt 300
cccttttgca ttgccaagt ccataacat gagcactact ctaccatggn tctgc 355

```

<210> 402

<211> 407

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

130

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(407)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 402
 atggggcaag ctggataaag aaccaagacc cactggagta tgctgtcttc aagaaaccca 60
 tctcacatgc ggtggcatac ataggctcaa aataaaggaa tggagaaaaa tatttcaagc 120
 aaatggaaaa cagaaaaaag cagggtgttc actcctactt tctgacaaaa cagactatgc 180
 gaataaagat aaaaaagaga aggacattac aaagggtggtc ctgacctttg ataaatctca 240
 ttgcttgata ccaacctggg ctgttttaat tgcccaaacc aaaaggataa tttgctgagg 300
 ttgtggagct tctccctgc agagagtccc tgatctccca aaatttggtt gagatgtaag 360
 gntgattttg ctgacaactc cttttctgaa gttttactca tttccaa 407

<210> 403
 <211> 303
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(303)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 403
 cagtatttat agccnaactg aaaagctagt agcaggcaag tctcaaattcc aggcacccaaa 60
 tcctaagcaa gagccatggc atggtgaaaa tgcaaaagga gagtctggcc aatctacaaa 120
 tagagaacaa gacctactca gtcataaaca aaaaggcaga caccaacatg gatctcatgg 180
 gggattggat attgtaatta tagagcagga agatgacagt gatcgctatt tggcacaaca 240
 tcttaacaac gaccgaaacc cattatttac ataaacctcc attcggtaac catgttgaaa 300
 gga 303

<210> 404
 <211> 225
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 404
 aagtgttaact tttaaaaatt tagtggattt tgaaaattct tagaggaaaag taaaggaaaa 60
 attgttaatg cactcattta cctttacatg gtgaaagttc tctcttgatc ctacaaacag 120
 acattttcca ctctgttttc catagtgtt aagtgtatca gatgtgttg gcatgtgaa 180
 ctccaagtgc ctgtgtaata aataaagtat ctttatttca ttcatt 225

<210> 405
 <211> 334
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(334)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 405
 gagctgttat actgtgagtt ctactaggaa atcatcaaatt ctgagggttg tctggaggac 60
 ttcaatacac ctcccccat agtgaatcag cttccagggt gtccagtccc tctccttact 120
 tcatccccat cccatgccaa aggaagaccc tccctccttg gctcacagcc ttctctagtc 180
 ttcccagtgc ctccaggaca gagtgggtta tgttttcagc tccatccttg ctgtgagtgt 240
 ctggtgcggt tgtgcctcca gcttctgctc agtgcttcat ggacagtgtc cagcccatgt 300
 cactctccac tctctcannng tggatccac ccct 334

<210> 406
 <211> 216
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(216)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 406
 tttcatacct aatgagggag ttganatnac atnnaaccag gaaatgcatg gatctcaang 60
 gaaacaaaca cccaataaac tcggagtggc agactgacaa ctgtgagaca tgcacttgct 120
 acnaaacaca aatttnatgt tgcacccttg tttctacacc tgtgggttat gacaaagaca 180
 actgccaaaag aatnttcaag aaggaggact gccant 216

<210> 407
 <211> 413
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 407
 gctgacttgc tagtâtcatc tgcattcatt gaagcacaag aacttcatgc cttgactcat 60
 gtaaattgcaa taggattaaa aaataaattt gatatcacat ggaaacagac aaaaaatatt 120
 gtacaacatt gcacccagtgc tcagattcta cacctggcca ctcaggaagc aagagttaat 180
 cccagaggtc tatgtcctaa tgtgttatgg caaatggatg tcatgcacgt accttcattt 240
 ggaaaattgt catttgtcca tgtgacagtt gatacttatt cacatttcat atgggcaacc 300
 tgccagacag gagaaagtct tcccatgtta aaagacattt attatcttgt tttcctgtca 360
 tgggagttcc agaaaaagtt aaaacagaca atgggccagg ttctgtagta aag 413

<210> 408
 <211> 183
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(183)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 408
 ggagctngcc ctcaattcct ccatntctat gttancatat ttaatgtctt ttgnnattaa 60
 tnccttaacta gttaatcctt aaagggctan ntaatcctta actagtccct ccattgtgag 120
 cattatcctt ccagtattcn ccttctnttt tatttactcc ttcttggtta cccatgtact 180
 ntt 183

<210> 409
 <211> 250
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(250)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 409
 cccacgcatg ataagctctt tatttctgta agtcctgcta ggaaatcatc aaatctgacg 60
 gtggtttggg ggacctgaac aaacctcctg taattaatca gctttcagtt tctcccccta 120
 gtccctcctt caacaacata ggaggatcct ccccttcttt ctgctcacgg ccttatctag 180
 gcttcccagt gccccaggga cagcgtgggc tatgtttaca gcgntcctt gctggggggg 240
 ggcctatgc 250

<210> 410
<211> 306
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(306)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 410
ggctggtttg caagaatgaa atgaatgatt ctacagctag gacttaacct tgaaatggaa 60
agtcttgcaa tcccatttgc aggatccgtc tgtgcacatg cctctgtaga gagcagcatt 120
cccagggacc ttggaaacag ttggcactgt aagggtgcttg ctccccaaga cacatcctaa 180
aaggtgttgt aatggtgaaa accgcttcct tctttattgc cccttcttat ttatgtgaac 240
nactggttgg ctttttttgn atctttttta aactggaaag ttcaattgng aaaatgaata 300
tcntgc 306

<210> 411
<211> 261
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(261)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 411
agagatattn cttaggtnaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60
ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120
tttaaatgtc tgaaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180
aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttaccat cagttccagc 240
cttctctcaa ggngaggcaa a 261

<210> 412
<211> 241
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(241)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 412
gttcaatggt acctgacatt tctacaacac ccactcacc gatgtattcg ttgcccagtg 60
ggaacatacc agcctgaatt tggaaaaaat aattgtgttt cttgcccagg aaatactacg 120
actgactttg atggctccac aaacataacc cagtgtaaaa acagaagatg tggaggggag 180
ctgggagatt tctactggga cattgaattc ccaaactacc cangcaatta ccagccaac 240
a 241

<210> 413
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(231)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

133

<400> 413
aactcttaca atccaagtga ctcatctgtg tgcttgaatc ctttccactg tctcatctcc 60
ctcatccaag tttctagtac cttctctttg ttgtgaagga taatcaaact gaacaacaaa 120
aagtttactc tcttcatttg gaacctaaaa actctcttct tcttgggtct gagggctcca 180
agaatccttg aatcanttct cagatcattg gggacaccan atcaggaacc t 231

<210> 414
<211> 234
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 414
actgtccatg aagcactgag cagaagctgg aggcacaacg caccagacac tcacagcaag 60
gatggagctg aaaacataac ccactctgtc ctggaggcac tgggaagcct agagaaggct 120
gtgagccaag gagggagggt cttccttttg catgggatgg ggatgaagta aggagaggga 180
ctggaccccc tggaagctga ttcactatgg ggggaggtgt attgaagtcc tcca 234

<210> 415
<211> 217
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(217)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 415
gcataggatt aagactgagt atcttttcta cattctttta acttttctaag gggcacttct 60
caaaacacag accaggtagc aaatctccac tgctctaagg ntctcaccac cactttctca 120
cacctagcaa tagtagaatt cagtcctact tctgaggcca gaagaatggt tcagaaaaat 180
antggattat aaaaaataac aattaagaaa aataatc 217

<210> 416
<211> 213
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(213)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 416
atgcatatnt aaagganact gcctcgcttt tagaagacat ctggngctgct ctctgcatga 60
ggcacagcag taaagctctt tgattcccag aatcaagaac tctccccttc agactattac 120
cgaatgcaag gtgggtaatt gaaggccact aattgatgct caaatagaag gatattgact 180
atattggaac agatggagtc tctactacaa aag 213

<210> 417
<211> 303
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(303)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 417
nagtcttcag gcccatcagg gaagttcaca ctggagagaa gtcatacata tgtactgtat 60

134

```

gtgggaaagg ctttactctg agttcaaadc ttcaagccca tcagagagtc cacactggag 120
agaagccata caaatgcaat gagtgtggga agagcttcag gagggattcc cattatcaag 180
ttcatctagt ggtccacaca ggagagaaac cctataaatg tgagatatgt ggggaagggt 240
tcantcaaag ttcgtatctt caaatccatc ngaaggncca cagtatanan aaacctttta 300
agt 303

```

```

<210> 418
<211> 328
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(328)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 418
tttttggcgg tgggtggggca gggacggggac angagtctca ctctgttgcc caggctggag 60
tgcacaggca tgatctcggc tcactacaac ccctgcctcc catgtccaag cgattcttgt 120
gcctcagcct tccctgtagc tagaattaca ggcacatgcc accacaccca gctagttttt 180
gtatttttag tagagacagg gtttcacat gttggccagg ctggtctcaa actcctnacc 240
tcagnggta ggcctgtctc aaactcctga cctcaagtga tctgccacc tcagcctccc 300
aaagtgtan gattacaggc cgtgagcc 328

```

```

<210> 419
<211> 389
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(389)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 419
cctcctcaag acggcctgtg gtccgcctcc cggcaaccaa gaagcctgca gtgccatatg 60
acccctgagc catggactgg agcctgaaag gcagcgtaca ccctgctcct gatcttgctg 120
cttggttctt ctctgtgggt ccattcatag cacagttgtt gcaactgaggc ttgtgcaggc 180
cgagcaaggc caagctgggt caaagagcaa ccagtcact ctgccacggg gtgccaggca 240
ccggttctcc agccaccaac ctactcgtc cccgcaaatg gcacatcagt tcttctaccc 300
taaaggtagg accaaagggc atctgctttt ctgaagtctc ctgctctatc agccatcacg 360
tggcagccac tcnggctgtg tcgacgctg 389

```

```

<210> 420
<211> 408
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<400> 420
gttctctcta actcctgcca gaaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggtc tcttggttct gcttttttct tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtgtg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaaactcac ccagctggggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtcctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg aagtgtatg acaaacctgg caagcccg 408

```

```

<210> 421
<211> 352
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```


135

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(352)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 421
 gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atnggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt acggaggcca 60
 gaggagaatg aggcctggcc tgggagccct gtgcctacta naagcacatt agattatcca 120
 ttcactgaca gaacaggctc tttttgggtc cttcttctcc accacnatac acttgacgtc 180
 ctccttcttg aagattcttt ggcagttgtc tttgtcataa cccacagggtg tagaaacaag 240
 ggtgcaacat gaaatttctg tttcgtagca agtgcattgc tcacaagttg gcangtctgc 300
 cactccgagt ttattgggtg tttgtttcct ttgagatcca tgcatttcct gg 352

<210> 422
 <211> 337
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 422
 atgccaccat gctggcaatg cagcggggcg tcgaaggcct gcatatccag cccaagctgg 60
 cgatgatcga cggcaaccgt tgcccgaagt tgccgatgcc agccgaagcg gtgggtcaagg 120
 gcgatagcaa ggtgccggcg atcgcggcg cgtcaatcct ggccaaggct agccgtgac 180
 gtgaaatggc agctgtcgaa ttgatctacc cgggttatgg catcggcggg cataagggct 240
 atccgacacc ggtgcacctg gaagccttgc agcggctggg gccgacgccg attcaccgac 300
 gcttcttccg ccggtacggc tggcctatga aaattat 337

<210> 423
 <211> 310
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(310)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 423
 gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atatggcatg gctacacaat cattgactat tagaggccag 60
 aggagaatga ggcctggcct gggagccctg tgcctactan aagcncatta gattatccat 120
 ttcactgacag aacaggctct ttttgggtcc ttcttctcca ccacgatata cttgcagtcc 180
 tccttcttga agattctttg gcagttgtct ttgtcataac ccacaggtgt anaaacaagg 240
 gtgcaacatg aaatttctgt ttcgtagcaa gtgcatgtct cacagttgtc aagtctgccc 300
 tccgagttta 310

<210> 424
 <211> 370
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(370)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 424
 gctcaaaaat ctttttactg ataggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt agaggccaga 60
 ggagaatgag gcctggcctg ggagccctgt gcctactaga agcacattag attatccatt 120
 cactgacaga acaggctctt tttgggtcct tcttctccac cacgatatac ttgcagtcct 180
 ccttcttgaa gattcttttg cagttgtctt tgtcataacc cacaggtgta gaaacatcct 240
 ggttgaatct cctggaactc cctcattagg tatgaaatag catgatgcat tgcataaagt 300
 cacgaagggt gcaaagatca caacgctgcc cagganaaca ttcattgtga taagcaggac 360
 tccgtcgagc 370

136

<210> 425
 <211> 216
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(216)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 425
 aattgctatn ntttattttg ccactcaaaa taattaccaa aaaaaaaaaa tnttaaata 60
 taacaacnca acatcaagg n aaananaaca ggaatggntg actntgcataaatnggccga 120
 anattatcca ttatnttaag ggttgacttc aggnatcagc acacagacaa acatgcccg 180
 gaggnntnca ggaccgctcg atgtntntng agggag 216

<210> 426
 <211> 596
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 426
 cttccagtga ggataaccct gttgccccgg gccgagggtc tccattaggc tctgattgat 60
 tggcagtcag tgatggaagg gtgttctgat cattccgact gcccgaagg tgcgtggcca 120
 gctctctgtt ttgctgagtt ggcaagtaga cctaatttgt taattaagag tagatgggtga 180
 gctgtccttg tattttgatt aacctaatgg ccttcccagc acgactcggg ttcagctgga 240
 gacatcacgg caacttttaa tgaaatgatt tgaaggggcca ttaagaggca cttcccgtta 300
 ttaggcagtt catctgcact gataacttct tggcagctga gctgggtcgg gctgtggccc 360
 aaacgcacac ttggcttttg gttttgagat acaactctta atcttttagt catgcttgag 420
 ggtggatggc cttttcagct ttaacccaat ttgactgccc ttggaagtgt agccaggaga 480
 atacactcat atactcgtgg gcttagaggc cacagcagat gtcattgggtc tactgcctga 540
 gtcccgcgtg tcccacccca ggaccttcca tcggcgagta cctggggagcc cgtgct 596

<210> 427
 <211> 107
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(107)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 427
 gaagaattca agttaggttt attcaaagg cttacngaga atcctanacc caggncaccag 60
 cccgggagca gccttanaga gctcctgttt gactgcccgg ctcagn 107

<210> 428
 <211> 38
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(38)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 428
 gaacttcna anaangactt tattcactat ttacatt 38

<210> 429

<211> 544
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 429
ctttgctgga cggaataaaa gtggacgcaa gcatgacctc ctgatgaggg cgctgcattt 60
attgaagagc ggctgcagcc ctgcggttca gattaaaatc cgagaattgt atagacgccg 120
atatccacga actcttgaag gactttctga tttatccaca atcaaatcat cggttttcag 180
tttgatggt ggctcatcac ctgtagaacc tgacttggcc gtggctggaa tccactcggt 240
gccttccact tcagttacac ctcaactcacc atcctctcct gttggttctg tgctgcttca 300
agataactaag cccacatttg agatgcagca gccatctccc ccaattcctc ctgtccatcc 360
tgatgtgcag ttaaaaaatc tgccctttta tgatgtcctt gatgttctca tcaagcccac 420
gagtttagtt caaagcagta ttcagcgatt tcaagagaag ttttttattt ttgctttgac 480
acctcaacaa gttagagaga tatgcatatc cagggatttt ttgccagggt gtaggagaga 540
ttat 544

<210> 430
<211> 507
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(507)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 430
cttatcncaa tggggctccc aaacttggct gtgcagtgga aactccgggg gaattttgaa 60
gaacactgac acccatcttc caccgccgaca ctctgattta attgggctgc agtgagaaca 120
gagcatcaat ttaaaaagct gcccagaatg ttntcctggg cagcgttgtg atctttgccn 180
ccttcgtgac tttatgcaat gcatcatgct atttcatacc taatgaggga gttccaggag 240
attcaaccag gatgtttcta cncctgtggg ttatgacaaa gacaactgcc aaagaatntt 300
caagaaggag gactgcaagt atatcgtggt ggagaagaag gacccaaaaa agacctgttc 360
tgtcagtga tggataatct aatgtgcttc tagtaggcac agggctccca ggccaggcct 420
cattctctc tggcctctaa tagtcaatga ttgtgtagcc atgcctatca gtaaaaagat 480
ttttgagcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 507

<210> 431
<211> 392
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(392)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 431
gaaaattcag aatggataaa aacaaatgaa gtacaaaata tttcagattt acatagcgat 60
aaacaagaaa gcacttatca ggaggactta caaatggaag tacactctan aaccatcatc 120
tatcatggct aaatgtgaga ttagcacagc tgtattattt gtacattgca aacacctaga 180
aagagatggg aaacaaaatc ccaggagttt tgtgtgtgga gtcctgggtt ttccaacaga 240
catcattcca gcattctgag attagggnga ttggggatca ttctggagtt ggaatgttca 300
acaaaagtga tgttgttagg taaaatgtac aacttctgga tctatgcaga cattgaaggt 360
gcaatgagtc tggcttttac tctgctgttt ct 392

<210> 432
<211> 387
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

138

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(387)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 432
 ggtatccnta cataatcaaa tatagctgta gtacatgttt tcattggngt agattaccac 60
 aaatgcaagg caacatgtgt agatctcttg tcttattctt ttgtctataa tactgtattg 120
 ngtagtccaa gctctcggna gtccagccac tngaaacat gctcccttta gattaacctc 180
 gtggacnctn ttgttgnatt gtctgaactg tagngccctg tattttgctt ctgtctgnga 240
 attctgttgc ttctggggca tttccttgng atgcagagga ccaccacaca gatgacagca 300
 atctgaattg ntccaatcac agctgcgatt aagacatact gaaatcgtac aggaccggga 360
 acaacgtata gaacactgga gtccttt 387

<210> 433
 <211> 281
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(281)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 433
 ttcaactāgc anagaanact gcttcagggn gtgtaaaatg aaaggcttcc acgcagttat 60
 ctgattaaag aacactaaga gagggacaag gctagaagcc gcaggatgtc tacactatag 120
 caggcnctat ttgggttggc tggaggagct gtggaaaaca tggagagatt ggcgctggag 180
 atcgccgtgg ctattcctcn ttgntattac accagnagg ntctctgtnt gccactgggt 240
 tnnaaaaccg ntatacaata atgatagaat aggacacaca t 281

<210> 434
 <211> 484
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 434
 ttttaaaata agcatttagt gctcagtcct tactgagtag tctttctctc cctcctctg 60
 aatttaattc tttcaacttg caatttgcaa ggattacaca tttcactgtg atgtatattg 120
 tgttgcaaaa aaaaaaaagt gtctttgttt aaaattactt ggtttgtgaa tccatcttgc 180
 tttttcccca ttggaactag tcattaaccc atctctgaac tggtagaaaa acatctgaag 240
 agctagtcta tcagcatctg acaggtgaat tggatgggtc tcagaacccat ttcaccaga 300
 cagcctgttt ctatcctgtt taataaatta gtttgggttc tctacatgca taacaaaccc 360
 tgctccaatc tgtcacataa aagtctgtga cttgaagttt agtcagcacc cccaccaaac 420
 tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaataaag taccatgtc 480
 tttā 484

<210> 435
 <211> 424
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 435
 gcgccgtca gagcaggtea ctttctgcct tccacgtcct ccttcaagga agccccatgt 60
 ggttagcttt caatatcgca ggttcttact cctctgcctc tataagctca aaccaccaa 120
 cgatcgggca agtaaacccc ctccctcgcc gacttcggaa ctggcgagag ttcagcgag 180
 atgggcctgt ggggaggggg caagatagat gagggggagc ggcattggtc ggggtgaccc 240
 cttggagaga ggaaaaaggc cacaagaggg gctgccaccg ccactaacgg agatggccct 300
 ggtagagacc tttgggggtc tggaaacctc ggactcccca tgctctaact cccacactct 360
 gctatcagaa acttaaaactt gaggattttc tctgtttttc actcgcaata aattcagagc 420
 aaac 424

<210> 436

<211> 667
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(667)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 436
accttgggaa nactctcaca atataaaggg tcgtagactt tactccaaat tccaaaaagg 60
tcctggccat gtaatcctga aagttttccc aaggtagcta taaaatcctt ataagggtgc 120
agcctcttct ggaattcctc tgatttcaaa gtctcactct caagttcttg aaaacgaggg 180
cagttcctga aaggcaggta tagcaactga tcttcagaaa gaggaactgt gtgcaccggg 240
atgggctgcc agagtaggat aggattccag atgctgacac cttctggggg aaacaggggt 300
gccaggtttg tcatagcact catcaaagtc cggccaacgt ctgtgcttcg aatataaacc 360
tgttcatggt tataggactc attcaagaat tttctatatc tctttcttat atactctcca 420
agttcataat gctgctccat gccagctgg gtgagttggc caaatccttg tggccatgag 480
gattccttta tggggtcagt gggaaagggt tcaatgggac ttcggtctcc atgccgaaac 540
accaaagtca caaacttcaa ctccttggtc agtacacttc ggtctagcca gaaaaaaagc 600
agaaacaaga agccaaggct aaggcttgct gccctgccag gaggagggt gcagctctca 660
tggtgag 667

<210> 437
<211> 693
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 437
ctacgtctca accctcattt ttaggtaagg aatcttaagt ccaaagatat taagtgactc 60
acacagccag gtaaggaaag ctggattggc acactaggac tctaccatac cgggttttgt 120
taaagctcag gttaggaggc tgataagctt ggaaggaaact tcagacagct ttttcagatc 180
ataaaagata attcttagcc catgttcttc tccagagcag acctgaaatg acagcacagc 240
aggtaactct ctattttcac cctcttggt tctactctct ggcagtcaga cctgtgggag 300
gccatgggag aaagcagctc tctggatgtt tgtacagatc atggactatt ctctgtggac 360
catttctcca ggttacccta ggtgtcacta ttggggggac agccagcatc tttagctttc 420
atttgagttt ctgtctgtct tcagtagagg aaacttttgc tcttcacact tcacatctga 480
acacctaact gctgttgctc ctgaggtggt gaaagacaga tatagagctt acagtattta 540
tcctatttct aggcactgag ggctgtgggg taccttgttg tgccaaaaca gatcctgttt 600
taaggacatg ttgcttcaga gatgtctgta actatctggg ggctctgttg gctctttacc 660
ctgcatcatg tgctctcttg gctgaaaatg acc 693

<210> 438
<211> 360
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 438
ctgcttatca caatgaatgt tctcctgggc agcgttgtga tctttgccac cttcgtgact 60
ttatgcaatg catcatgcta tttcatacct aatgaggagg ttccaggaga ttcaaccagg 120
atgtttctac acctgtgggt tatgacaaag acaactgcc aagaatcttc aagaaggagg 180
actgcaagta tatctgggtg agaagaagga cccaaaaaag acctgttctg tcagtgaatg 240
gataatctaa tgtgcttcta gtaggcacag ggctcccagg ccaggcctca ttctcctctg 300
gcctctaata gtcaataatt gtgtagccat gcctatcagt aaaaagattt ttgagcaaac 360

<210> 439
<211> 431
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature

140

<222> (1)...(431)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 439

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gttcctnnta actcctgcca gaaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggtc tcttgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccatgga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcctgaat gagtcctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgtcga cgcggccgcg 420
aatttagtag t                                     431

```

<210> 440

<211> 523

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 440

```

agagataaag cttagggtcaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60
ggatcctttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120
tttaaatgtc tgaaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180
aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttaccat cagttccagc 240
cttctctcaa ggagaggcaa agaaaggaga tacagtggag acatctggaa agttttctcc 300
actggaaaac tgctactatc tgtttttata tttctgttaa aatatatgag gctacagaac 360
taaaaataaa aacctctttg tgtcccttgg tcttggaaaca tttatgttcc ttttaaagaa 420
acaaaaatca aactttacag aaagatttga tgtatgtaat acatatagca gctcttgaag 480
tatatatatc atagcaaata agtcactctga tgagaacaag cta                                     523

```

<210> 441

<211> 430

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 441

```

gttcctccta actcctgcca gaaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggtc tcttgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccatgga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcctgaat gagtcctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgtcga cgcggccgcg 420
aatttagtag                                     430

```

<210> 442

<211> 362

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 442

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ctaaggaatt agtagtgttc ccatcacttg tttggagtgt gctattctaa aagattttga 60
tttcctggaa tgacaattat attttaactt tgggtgggga aagagttata ggaccacagt 120
cttcacttct gatacttgta aattaatctt ttattgcact tgttttgacc attaagctat 180
atgttttagaa atggtcatct tacggaaaaa ttagaaaaat tctgataata gtgcagaata 240
aatgaattaa tgttttactt aatttatatt gaactgtcaa tgacaaataa aaattctttt 300
tgattatttt ttgttttcat ttaccagaat aaaaactaag aattaaaagt ttgattacag 360
tc                                     362

```

<210> 443

<211> 624

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

141

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(624)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 443
 tttttttttt gcaacacaat atacatcaca gtgaaatgtg taatccttgc aaattgcaag 60
 ttgaaagaat taaattcaga ggaggggaga gaaagagtac tcagtaggga ctgagcacta 120
 aatgcttatt ttaaaagaaa tgtaaagagc agaaagcaat tcaggctacc ctgccttttg 180
 tgctggctag tactccggtc ggtgtcagca gcacgtggca ttgaacattg caatgtggag 240
 cccaaaccac agaaaatggg gtgaaattgg ccaactttct attaaacttg ctctctgttt 300
 tataaaatat tgtgaataat atcacctact tcaaagggca gttatgaggc ttaaataaac 360
 taacgcctac aaaacactta aacatagata acataggtgc aagtactatg tatctggtac 420
 atggtaaaca tccttattat taaagtcaac gctaaaatga atgtgtgtgc atatgctaata 480
 agtacagaga gagggcactt aaaccaacta agggcctgga ggggaagggtt cctggaaaaga 540
 ngatgcttgt gctgggtcca aatcttggtc tactatgacc ttggcctaaat tatttaaaact 600
 ttgtccctat ctgctaaaca gatc 624

<210> 444
 <211> 425
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(425)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 444
 gcacatcatt nntcttgcatt tctttgagaa taagaagatc agtaaatagt tcagaagtgg 60
 gaagctttgt ccaggcctgt gtgtgaaccc aatgttttgc ttagaaatag aacaagtaag 120
 ttcattgcta tagcataaca caaaatttgc ataagtgttg gtcagcaaat ccttgaatgc 180
 tgcttaaatgt gagaggttgg taaaatcctt tgtgcaacac tctaactccc tgaatgtttt 240
 gctgtgctgg gacctgtgca tgccagacaa ggccaagctg gctgaaagag caaccagcca 300
 cctctgcaat ctgccacctc ctgctggcag gatttgtttt tgcactctgt gaagagccaa 360
 ggaggcacca gggcataagt gagtagactt atggtcgacg cggccgcgaa tttagtagta 420
 gtaga 425

<210> 445
 <211> 414
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(414)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 445
 catgtttatg nttttggatt actttgggca cctagtgttt ctaaactcgtc tatcattctt 60
 ttctgttttt caaaagcaga gatggccaga gtctcaacaa actgtatctt caagtctttg 120
 tgaaattctt tgcattgtggc agattatttg atgtagtctt ctttaactag catataaatc 180
 tgggtgtgtt cagataaatg aacagcaaaa tgtggtggaa ttaccatttg gaacattgtg 240
 aatgaaaaat tgtgtctcta gattatgtaa caaataacta tttcctaacc attgatcttt 300
 ggatttttat aatcctactc acaaatgact aggttctctc tcttgtattt tgaagcagtg 360
 tgggtgctgg attgataaaa aaaaaaaaaa tgcagcgcg cgcgaattta gtag 414

<210> 446
 <211> 631
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

142

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(631)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 446
acaaattaga anaaagtgcc agagaacacc acataccttg tccggaacat tacaatggct 60
tctgcatgca tgggaagtgt gagcattcta tcaatatgca ggagccatct tgcagggtgtg 120
atgctgggta tactggacaa cactgtgaaa aaaaggacta cagtgttcta tacgttggtc 180
ccggtcctgt acgatttcag tatgtcttaa tcgcagctgt gattggaaca attcagattg 240
ctgtcatctg tgtgggtggc ctctgcatca caagggccaa actttaggta atagcattgg 300
actgagattt gtaaactttc caaccttcca ggaaatgccc cagaagcaac agaattcaca 360
gacagaaqca aaatacaggg cactacagtt cagacaatac aacaagagcg tccacgagggt 420
taatctaaag ggagcatggt tcacagtggc tggactaccg agagcttgga ctacacaata 480
cagtattata gacaaaagaa taagacaaga gatctacaca tgttgccctg catttggtgt 540
aatctacacc aatgaaaaca tgtactacag ctatatattga ttatgtatgg atatatttga 600
aatagtatac attgtcttga tgttttttct g 631

<210> 447
<211> 585
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(585)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 447
ccttgaggaa antntcacaa tataaagggt cgtagacttt actccaaatt ccaaaaagggt 60
cctggccatg taatcctgaa agttttccca aggtagctat aaaatcctta taagggtgca 120
gcctcttctg gaattcctct gatttcaaag tctcactctc aagttcttga aaacgagggc 180
agttcctgaa aggcaggtat agcaactgat cttcagaaaag aggaactgtg tgcaccggga 240
tgggctgcca gagtaggata ggattccaga tgctgacacc ttctggggga aacaggggtg 300
ccaggtttgt catagcactc atcaaagtcc ggtcaacgtc tgtgcttcga atataaacct 360
gttcattgtt ataggactca ttcaagaatt ttctatatct ctttcttata tactctccaa 420
gttcataatg ctgctccatg cccagctggg tgagttggcc aaatccttgt ggccatgagg 480
attcctttat ggggtcagtg ggaaagggtg caatgggact tcgggtctcca tgccgaaaca 540
ccaaagtcac aaacttcaac tccttggtca gtacacttcg gtcta 585

<210> 448
<211> 93
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(93)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 448
tgctcgtggg tcattctgan nnccgaactg accntgccag ccctgccgan gggccnccat 60
ggctccctag tgccctggag agganggggc tag 93

<210> 449
<211> 706
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(706)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 449

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aacaggttga acctgggagg tggagggttg aatgagctga gatcaggccn ctgcncccca 660
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<210> 450

<211> 493

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 450

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aaatgagcgt gagaacttta caaagggatc ttacagacat gtcgccaata tcaactgcatg 180
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tcaagtcaac acatctgtga actcacagac caagttctta aaccactgtt caaactctgc 420
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gcgaatttag tag 493

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<210> 451

<211> 501

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(501)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 451

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tggagagtga catgtgtgag acnctgtcca tgaagcactg agcagaagct ggaggcacia 360
cgcncacagc actcacagct actcaggagg ctgagaacag gttgaacctg ggagggtggag 420
gttgcaatga gctgagatca ggcnctgcn ccccagcatg gatgacagag tgaaactcca 480
tcttaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a 501

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<210> 452

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(51)

144

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 452

agacggtttc accnttacaa cnccttttag gatgggnntt ggggagcaag c 51

<210> 453

<211> 317

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(317)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 453

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taacaaaccc	tgctccaatc	tgtcacataa	aagtctgtga	cttgaagttt	antcagcacc	240
cccaccaaac	tttatttttc	tatgtgtttt	ttgcaacata	tgagtgtttt	gaaaataaag	300
taccatgtc	tttatta					317

<210> 454

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 454

ttcgaggtag	aatcaactct	cagagtgtag	tttccttcta	tagatgagtc	agcattaata	60
taagccacgc	cagctcttg	aaggagtctt	gaattctcct	ctgctcactc	agtagaacca	120
agaagaccaa	attcttctgc	atcccagctt	gcaaacaata	ttgttcttct	aggtctccac	180
ccttcctttt	tcagtgttcc	aaagctcctc	acaatttcat	gaacaacagc	t	231

<210> 455

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 455

taccaagag	ggcataataa	tcagtctcac	agtaggggtc	accatcctcc	aagtgaaaaa	60
cattgttccg	aatgggcttt	ccacaggcta	cacacacaaa	acaggaaaca	tgccaagttt	120
gtttcaacgc	attgatgact	tctccaagga	tcttcctttg	gcacgacca	cattcagggg	180
caaagaattt	ctcatagcac	agctcacaat	acaggggtcc	tttctcctct	a	231

<210> 456

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 456

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tgactcaaaa	ttcctttatc	aggaataact	acatagccac	tatttacaaa	gccattggaa	180
cctttttatt	tggtgcagct	gctagtcagt	ccctgactga	cattgccaag	t	231

<210> 457

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

145

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(231)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

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 tatttgattt tattagcaat ctctttcaga agacccttga gatcattaag ctttgtatcc 180
 agttgtctaa atcgatgcct catttcctct gaggtgtcgc tggcctttgt g 231

<210> 458
 <211> 231
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 458
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 acaccctaac cttgggtaac agcatttgga attatcattt gggatgagta gaatttccaa 180
 ggtcctgggt taggcatttt ggggggccag accccaggag aagaagattc t 231

<210> 459
 <211> 231
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 459
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 gccctgcact gttttccctc caccacagcc atcctgtccc tcattggctc tgtgctttcc 180
 actatacaca gtcaccgtcc caatgagaaa caagaaggag caccctccac a 231

<210> 460
 <211> 231
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 460
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 gtggagcttg gtcacgcctc cagtcacccc ctaccaggct taaggataga a 231

<210> 461
 <211> 231
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 461
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 gtggggttca gtgaggagtg ggaaattggt tcagcagaac caagccgttg ggtgaataag 180
 agggggattc catggcactg atagagccct atagtttcag agctgggaat t 231

<210> 462
 <211> 231
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 462
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146

gaagaactgt tagagagacc aacagggtag tgggttagag atttccagag tcttacattt 180
tctagaggag gtatttaatt tcttctcact catccagtgt tgtatttagg a 231

<210> 463

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 463

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catttgacag gtgtcttttc ctctggacct cgggtgtcccc atctgagtga gaaaaggcag 180
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<210> 464

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 464

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aaggacatca catatgaaga atgtttaagt tggagggtggc aacgtgaatt gcaaacaggg 120
cctgtctcag tgactgtgtg cctgtagtcc cagctactcg ggagtctgtg tgaggccagg 180
ggtgccagcg caccagctag atgctctgta acttctaggc cccattttcc c 231

<210> 465

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 465

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aggatggcac aatttttgct tgtgttcata atatactcag attagttcag ctccatcaga 180
taaactggag acatgcagga cattagggtg gtgtttagc tctggtaatg a 231

<210> 466

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 466

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cctgtgcaat caaatattgt ggagaattcc ctactgtgag aagtcacaaa gactataggc 180
aataatggag accagtccca caagatgaca accagtcggt gtgtgctggt g 231

<210> 467

<211> 311

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 467

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<210> 468

<211> 3112

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 468

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<210> 469

<211> 2229

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 469

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2229

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<210> 470

<211> 2426

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 470

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150

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152

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<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

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153

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155

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156

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Asp Leu Ala Lys Tyr Ser Ala
1075

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization
International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date
12 April 2001 (12.04.2001)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number
WO 01/25272 A3

(51) International Patent Classification⁷: **C12N 15/12**,
15/62, C07K 14/47, 16/30, C12Q 1/68, G01N 33/68,
33/547, A61K 39/00, 39/395, A61P 35/00

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(21) International Application Number: **PCT/US00/27464**

(81) Designated States (*national*): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU,
AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ,
DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ,
NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM,
TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.

(22) International Filing Date: **4 October 2000 (04.10.2000)**

(25) Filing Language: **English**

(26) Publication Language: **English**

(30) Priority Data:
60/157,455 4 October 1999 (04.10.1999) US

(84) Designated States (*regional*): ARIPO patent (GH, GM,
KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian
patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European
patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE,
IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG,
CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

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Published:

— with international search report

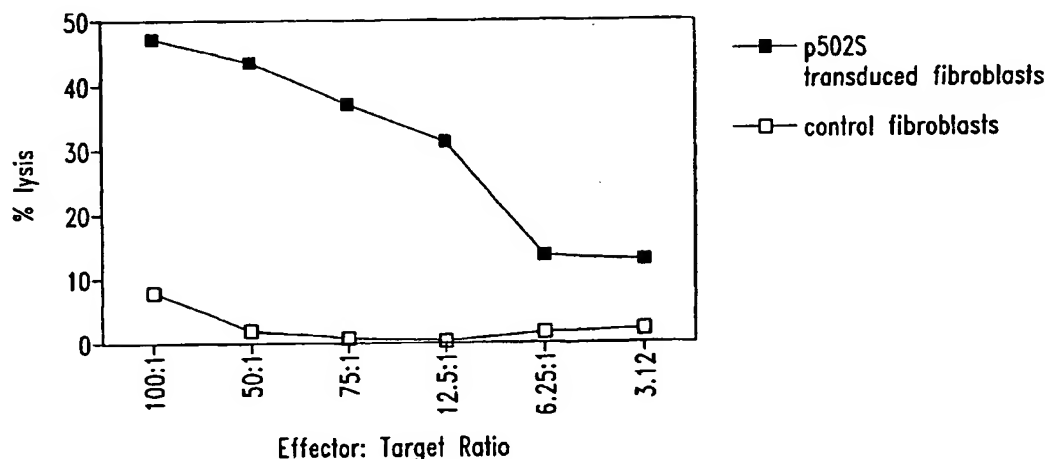
(72) Inventors; and

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(88) Date of publication of the international search report:
20 September 2001

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: **COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER**



(57) Abstract: Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer, are disclosed. Compositions may comprise one or more prostate tumor proteins, immunogenic portions thereof, or polynucleotides that encode such portions. Alternatively, a therapeutic composition may comprise an antigen presenting cell that expresses a prostate tumor protein, or a T cell that is specific for cells expressing such a protein. Such compositions may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of diseases such as prostate cancer. Diagnostic methods based on detecting a prostate tumor protein, or mRNA encoding such a protein, in a sample are also provided.

WO 01/25272 A3

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No
PCT/US 00/27464

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 C12N15/12 C12N15/62 C07K14/47 C07K16/30 C12Q1/68
G01N33/68 G01N33/547 A61K39/00 A61K39/395 A61P35/00

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 C12N C07K C12Q G01N A61K A61P

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	<p>WO 98 37093 A (CORIXA CORPORATION) 27 August 1998 (1998-08-27)</p> <p>see especially SEQ ID NOS: 2, 3, 107 and 108 the whole document</p> <p style="text-align: center;">--- -/--</p>	<p>1-15, 17-19, 21,22, 29-31, 34,35, 39-42, 44-46, 48,49, 53-55, 58-79</p>

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

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"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

19 January 2001

Date of mailing of the international search report

24 APR. 2001

Name and mailing address of the ISA

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/US 00/27464

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	<p>WO 98 37418 A (CORIXA CORPORATION) 27 August 1998 (1998-08-27)</p> <p>see especially SEQ ID NOS: 2, 3, 107 and 108 the whole document</p>	<p>1-15, 17-19, 21,22, 29-31, 34,35, 39-42, 44-46, 48,49, 53-55, 58-79</p>
X	<p>EMBL database, Heidelberg, FRG Emhum1 accession number AF047020 20 February 1998 ALBERS, C. ET AL.: "Homo sapiens alpha-methylacyl-CoA racemase mRNA, complete cds." XP002157763 the whole document -& EMBL database, Heidelberg, FRG Trembl accession number 043673 01 June 1998 ALBERS, C. ET AL.: "ALPHA-METHYLACYL-COA RACEMASE (EC 5.1.99.4)" XP002157764 the whole document</p>	<p>1,4,5, 7-12</p>
P,X	<p>WO 00 04149 A (CORIXA CORPORATION) 27 January 2000 (2000-01-27) see especially SEQ ID NOS: 2, 3, 107 and 108 the whole document</p>	<p>1-79</p>
A	<p>US 5 925 362 A (SPITLER, L.E. ET AL.) 20 July 1999 (1999-07-20) the whole document</p>	<p>35, 39-49, 53-57</p>
A	<p>SJÖGREN, H.O.: "Therapeutic immunization against cancer antigens using genetically engineered cells" IMMUNOTECHNOLOGY, vol. 3, no. 3, October 1997 (1997-10), pages 161-172, XP004097000 the whole document</p>	<p>23-28, 32-34, 53-57</p>

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PLT/US 00/27464

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	<p>CHU, R.S. ET AL.: "CpG Oligodeoxynucleotides Act as Adjuvants that Switch on T Helper 1 (Th1) Immunity" JOURNAL OF EXPERIMENTAL MEDICINE, vol. 186, no. 10, 17 November 1997 (1997-11-17), pages 1623-1631, XP002910130 the whole document</p> <p>---</p>	<p>14-16, 18-20, 25-27, 41-43, 45-47</p>
A	<p>EP 0 317 141 A (BECTON DICKINSON AND COMPANY) 24 May 1989 (1989-05-24) the whole document</p> <p>-----</p>	<p>50-52</p>

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US 00/27464

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☒ Claims Nos.:
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:

Although claims 29-34, 48, 49, 52 and 55-57 are directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/composition.
2. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☒ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

1-79 PARTIALLY

Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
- ☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

1. Claims: 1-79 partially

Invention 1

An isolated polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein as defined by the SEQ ID NO: 108 (corresponding to clone F1-12), wherein said polypeptide being encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 2, 3 and 107 (each corresponding to clone F1-12), fragments or variants of said polypeptide, fusion proteins comprising said polypeptide, polynucleotides or oligonucleotides derived from said polynucleotides, antibodies or fragments thereof binding to said polypeptide, pharmaceutical compositions or vaccines comprising said products and their use in methods for inhibiting, monitoring or diagnosing the development of a prostate cancer, for removing tumor cells from a sample or for expanding and / or stimulating T-cells;

2. Claims: 1-79 partially

Invention 2

Idem as subject 1 but limited to the clone J1-17 (SEQ ID NOS: 8, 9, 109 and 112);

3.-445. Claims: 1-79 partially (as far as applicable)

Inventions 3-445

Idem as subject 1 but limited to SEQ ID NOS: 1, 4-7, 10-106, 110, 111, 113-305, 307-315, 326-335, 339-375 and 381-472.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

information on patent family members

Intr. International Application No

PCT/US 00/27464

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
WO 9837093 A	27-08-1998	AU 6181898 A CN 1252837 T EP 1005546 A HU 0002095 A NO 994069 A PL 335348 A ZA 9801585 A	09-09-1998 10-05-2000 07-06-2000 28-10-2000 22-10-1999 25-04-2000 04-09-1998
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